

416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Meeting Agenda City Council

THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL MEETS CONCURRENTLY AS THE FORT BRAGG MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1 AND THE FORT BRAGG REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY

Monday, February 8, 2021 6:00 PM Via Video Conference

AMENDED

CALL TO ORDER

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE

DUE TO THE PROVISIONS OF THE GOVERNOR'S EXECUTIVE ORDERS N-25-20 AND N-29-20 WHICH SUSPEND CERTAIN REQUIREMENTS OF THE BROWN ACT, AND THE ORDER OF THE HEALTH OFFICER OF THE COUNTY OF MENDOCINO TO SHELTER IN PLACE TO MINIMIZE THE SPREAD OF COVID-19, CITY COUNCIL MEMBERS AND STAFF WILL BE PARTICIPATING BY VIDEO CONFERENCE IN THE CITY COUNCIL MEETING OF MONDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 2021.

In compliance with the Shelter-in-Place Orders of the County and State, the Town Hall Council Chamber will be closed to the public. The meeting will be live-streamed on the City's website at https://city.fortbragg.com/ and on Channel 3. Public Comment regarding matters on the agenda may be made in any of the following ways: (1) By joining the Zoom video conference and using the Raise Hand feature during Public Comment, (2) Through the City's online eComment agenda feature, (3) By emailing comments to City Clerk June Lemos, jlemos@fortbragg.com, (4) By delivering written comments through the drop-box for utility payments to the right of the front door at City Hall, 416 N. Franklin Street, or (5) By leaving a voice mail comment at (707) 961-1694 by 5:00 PM on the day of the meeting.

Comments can be made at any time prior to the meeting, in real-time while the item is being considered by the Council and up to 12:00 PM on Tuesday, February 9, 2021. The Clerk will read aloud all eComments or emails received before or during the meeting that have not been published with the agenda packet. Public comments are restricted to three minutes. Written comments on agendized matters and those exceeding three minutes will be included in the public record as part of the agenda packet the next business day after the meeting.

We appreciate your patience and willingness to protect the health and wellness of our community and staff. If you have any questions regarding this meeting, please contact the City Clerk at (707) 961-1694 or jlemos@fortbragg.com.

ZOOM WEBINAR INVITATION

You are invited to a Zoom webinar.

When: Feb 8, 2021 06:00 PM Pacific Time (US and Canada)

Topic: City Council Meeting

Please click the link below to join the webinar:

https://zoom.us/j/98428276335

Or iPhone one-tap:

US: +16699009128,,98428276335# or +13462487799,,98428276335#

Or Telephone:

Dial(for higher quality, dial a number based on your current location):

US: +1 669 900 9128 or +1 346 248 7799 or +1 253 215 8782 or +1 301 715 8592 or +1 312 626 6799

or +1 646 558 8656

Webinar ID: 984 2827 6335

International numbers available: https://zoom.us/u/adIEUJhwyf

TO SPEAK DURING PUBLIC COMMENT PORTIONS OF THE AGENDA VIA ZOOM, PLEASE JOIN THE MEETING AND USE THE RAISE HAND FEATURE WHEN THE MAYOR OR ACTING MAYOR CALLS FOR PUBLIC COMMENT ON THE ITEM YOU WISH TO ADDRESS.

ROLL CALL

AGENDA REVIEW

1. MAYOR'S RECOGNITIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

2. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON: (1) NON-AGENDA, (2) CONSENT CALENDAR & (3) CLOSED SESSION ITEMS

MANNER OF ADDRESSING THE CITY COUNCIL: All remarks and questions shall be addressed to the City Council; no discussion or action will be taken pursuant to the Brown Act. No person shall speak without being recognized by the Mayor or Acting Mayor.

TIME ALLOTMENT FOR PUBLIC COMMENT ON NON-AGENDA ITEMS: Thirty (30) minutes shall be allotted to receiving public comments. If necessary, the Mayor or Acting Mayor may allot an additional 30 minutes to public comments after Conduct of Business to allow those who have not yet spoken to do so. Any citizen, after being recognized by the Mayor or Acting Mayor, may speak on any topic that may be a proper subject for discussion before the City Council for such period of time as the Mayor or Acting Mayor may determine is appropriate under the circumstances of the particular meeting, including number of persons wishing to speak or the complexity of a particular topic. Time limitations shall be set without regard to a speaker's point of view or the content of the speech, as long as the speaker's comments are not disruptive of the meeting.

3. STAFF COMMENTS

4. MATTERS FROM COUNCILMEMBERS

5. CONSENT CALENDAR

All items under the Consent Calendar will be acted upon in one motion unless a Councilmember requests that an individual item be taken up under Conduct of Business.

5A. 21-028 Adopt City Council Resolution Confirming the Continued Existence of a

Local Emergency in the City of Fort Bragg

Attachments: RESO Declaring Continuing Local Emergency

5B. 21-042 Adopt City Council Resolution Expressing Support for Redwood Quality

Management Company and Redwood Community Services to Coordinate

Residential Services for The Plateau, Located at 441 South Street

Attachments: RESO RQMC/RCS Support

Exhibit A - Request for Support

Public Comment 5B

5C. <u>21-026</u> Approve Minutes of January 25, 2021

Attachments: CCM2021-01-25

5D. 21-027 Approve Minutes of Special Meeting of January 27, 2021

Attachments: CCM2021-01-27 Special

5E. 21-045 Adopt City Council Resolution Approving Expenditures from the Joint

City/County Caspar Transfer Station Rent Account to Fund a Project

Manager

Attachments: RESO Varga Project Manager Coast Transfer Station

5F. 21-048 Adopt City Council Resolution Establishing a Compensation Plan and

Terms and Conditions of Employment For Exempt Mid-Management

Classifications

Attachments: RESO Mid Management Comp

6. DISCLOSURE OF EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS ON AGENDA ITEMS

7. PUBLIC HEARING

When a Public Hearing has been underway for a period of 60 minutes, the Council must vote on whether to continue with the hearing or to continue the hearing to another meeting.

8. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

8A. 21-038 Receive Report from Redwood Coast Tsunami Work Group, California

Geological Survey and California Governor's Office of Emergency

Services California Tsunami Program Representatives on Tsunami Hazard

Updates and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Adopting

Updated Tsunami Hazard Maps

<u>Attachments:</u> 02082021 Tsunami Hazard Updates

Att. 1 - RESO Tsunami Hazard Maps

Att. 2 - FAQs on 2020-2021 California Tsunami Hazard Area Map Updates

Public Comment 8A

8B. 21-043 Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution

Approving Amendment 7 Extending the Term of the Franchise Agreement with Waste Management and Authorizing City Manager to Execute Same

Attachments: 02082021 WM Franchise Extension

Att. 1 RESO WM Amendment No. 7
Att. 2 WM seventh amendment
Att. 3 Mendo Franchise Area 2 Map

Public Comment 8B

8C. 21-041 Receive Presentation on the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

(CAFR) for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 for the City of Fort Bragg and

Consider Accepting the CAFR as Presented

Attachments: 20210208 CAFR Staff Report

Att 1 - CAFR 2020

Att 2 - CAFR Presentation 02-08

Att 3 - Communications Letter 2020

Att 4 - Representation Letter 2020

8D. 20-984 Receive Report and Consider Forming a Public Benefit Corporation,

Recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) Under Non-Profit Status, in Order to Meet Fannie-Mae Requirements for Community Land Trust

Lending

Attachments: 02082021 Staff Report

Public Comment 8D

8E. 21-037 Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution

Accepting the 2021 Fort Bragg Police Department Salary Survey Results as Required by Ordinance 672 and Adopting Changes to the City of Fort

Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan

<u>Attachments:</u> 02082021 Ordinance 672 Salary Increases

Resolution

Resolution Exhibit A Comp Schedule

Exhibit B Salary Survey

Ordinance 672

9. CLOSED SESSION

9A. 21-040 CONFERENCE WITH REAL PROPERTY NEGOTIATORS FOR

POSSIBLE ACQUISITION OF REAL PROPERTY, Pursuant to

Government Code Section §54956.8: Real Property: APN 018-430-22-00, 90 W. Redwood Ave., Fort Bragg, CA 95437; City Negotiator: Tabatha Miller, City Manager; Negotiating Party: Dave Massengill, Environmental

Affairs, Georgia Pacific Corporation; Under Negotiation: Terms of

Acquisition, Price

ADJOURNMENT

The adjournment time for all Council meetings is no later than 10:00 p.m. If the Council is still in session at

10:00 p.m., the Council may continue the meeting upon majority vote.

NEXT REGULAR CITY COUNCIL MEETING: 6:00 P.M., MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 2021

STATE OF CALIFORNIA))ss.
COUNTY OF MENDOCINO)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	rjury, that I am employed by the City of Fort Bragg and that I caused e City Hall notice case on February 3, 2021.
June Lemos, CMC	

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC:

DISTRIBUTION OF ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOLLOWING AGENDA PACKET DISTRIBUTION:

- Materials related to an item on this Agenda submitted to the Council/District/Agency after distribution of the agenda packet are available for public inspection upon making reasonable arrangements with the City Clerk for viewing same during normal business hours.
- Such documents are also available on the City of Fort Bragg's website at https://city.fortbragg.com subject to staff's ability to post the documents before the meeting.

ADA NOTICE AND HEARING IMPAIRED PROVISIONS:

It is the policy of the City of Fort Bragg to offer its public programs, services and meetings in a manner that is readily accessible to everyone, including those with disabilities. Upon request, this agenda will be made available in appropriate alternative formats to persons with disabilities.

If you need assistance to ensure your full participation, please contact the City Clerk at (707) 961-2823. Notification 48 hours in advance of any need for assistance will enable the City to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility.

This notice is in compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act (28 CFR, 35.102-35.104 ADA Title II).



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Text File

File Number: 21-028

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Consent Agenda

In Control: City Council File Type: Resolution

Agenda Number: 5A.

Adopt City Council Resolution Confirming the Continued Existence of a Local Emergency in the City of Fort Bragg

At a special meeting on March 24, 2020, the Fort Bragg City Council ratified the City Manager's Proclamation declaring a local emergency due to COVID-19 in its Resolution No. 4242-2020. Since that date, the Council has adopted the following resolutions reconfirming the existence of a local emergency:

Date Resolution No.

April 6, 2020 4245-2020 April 20, 2020 4247-2020 May 11, 2020 4250-2020 May 26, 2020 4253-2020 June 8, 2020 4266-2020 June 22, 2020 4270-2020 July 13, 2020 4284-2020 July 27, 2020 4289-2020 August 10, 2020 4294-2020 August 31, 2020 4300-2020 September 21, 2020 4304-2020 October 13, 2020 4317-2020 4319-2020 October 26, 2020 November 9, 2020 4323-2020 November 23, 2020 4329-2020 December 14, 2020 4333-2020 December 22, 2020 4340-2020 January 11, 2021 4343-2021 January 25, 2021 4347-2021

The City is required to reconfirm the existence of a local emergency every 21 days pursuant to Fort Bragg Municipal Code Section 2.24.040.

RESOLUTION NO. ____-2021

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL CONFIRMING THE CONTINUED EXISTENCE OF A LOCAL EMERGENCY IN THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG

WHEREAS, California Government Code section 8630 empowers the Fort Bragg City Council to proclaim the existence of a local emergency when the City is threatened or likely to be threatened by the conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property that are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of this City; and

WHEREAS, California Government Code section 8558(c) states that a "local emergency" means the duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the territorial limits of a city; and

WHEREAS, COVID-19, a novel coronavirus causing infectious disease, was first detected in China in December 2019 and has spread across the world and to the United States. Symptoms of COVID-19 include fever, cough, and shortness of breath; outcomes have ranged from mild to severe illness, and, in some cases, death. The Center for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) has indicated the virus is a tremendous public health threat; and

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States issued a proclamation declaring the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States as a national emergency, beginning March 1, 2020; and

WHEREAS, the Governor of the State of California and the Public Health Officer of the County of Mendocino have both issued Shelter-in-Place orders to combat the spread of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, on March 17, 2020 the City Manager, as the City's Director of Emergency Services, issued Proclamation No. CM-2020-01 declaring a local emergency as authorized by Government Code section 8630 and Fort Bragg Municipal Code section 2.24.040(B); and

WHEREAS, at a special meeting on March 24, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4242-2020, ratifying the City Manager's Proclamation declaring the existence of a local emergency; and

WHEREAS, at a special meeting on April 6, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4245-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and

WHEREAS, at a special meeting on April 20, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4247-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and

- **WHEREAS,** at a regular meeting on May 11, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4250-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS,** at a regular meeting on May 26, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4253-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS,** at a regular meeting on June 8, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4266-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS,** at a regular meeting on June 22, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4270-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS,** at a regular meeting on July 13, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4284-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS,** at a regular meeting on July 27, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4289-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS,** at a regular meeting on August 10, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4294-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS,** at a special meeting on August 31, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution No. 4300-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS**, at a special meeting on September 21, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4304-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS**, at a regular meeting on October 13, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4317-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS**, at a regular meeting on October 26, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4319-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS**, at a regular meeting on November 9, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4323-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and
- **WHEREAS**, at a regular meeting on November 23, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4329-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and

WHEREAS, at a regular meeting on December 14, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4333-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and

WHEREAS, at a special meeting on December 22, 2020, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4340-2020 by which it continued the local emergency; and

WHEREAS, at a regular meeting on January 11, 2021, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4343-2021 by which it continued the local emergency; and

WHEREAS, at a regular meeting on January 25, 2021, the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg adopted Resolution 4347-2021 by which it continued the local emergency;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED AND PROCLAIMED by the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg that for reasons set forth herein, said local emergency shall be deemed to continue to exist until the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg, State of California, proclaims its termination; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg will review the need for continuing the local emergency at least once every 21 days until the City Council terminates the local emergency; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution confirming the continued existence of a local emergency shall be forwarded to the Director of the Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the Governor of the State of California, as well as the Mendocino County Office of Emergency Services.

The above and foregoing Resolution was introduced by Councilmember

June Lemos, CMC	
ATTEST:	BERNIE NORVELL Mayor
AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN: RECUSED:	
, seconded by Councilmember, a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of F of February, 2021 by the following vote:	



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Text File

File Number: 21-042

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Consent Agenda

In Control: City Council File Type: Resolution

Agenda Number: 5B.

Adopt City Council Resolution Expressing Support for Redwood Quality Management Company and Redwood Community Services to Coordinate Residential Services for The Plateau, Located

at 441 South Street

RESOLUTION NO. ____-2021

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL EXPRESSING SUPPORT FOR REDWOOD QUALITY MANAGEMENT CENTER AND REDWOOD COMMUNITY SERVICES TO COORDINATE SERVICES FOR RESIDENTS RESIDING AT THE PLATEAU, LOCATED AT 441 SOUTH STREET

WHEREAS, the City of Fort Bragg is pleased to partner with the developer, Danco, to bring affordable housing opportunities to our community; and

WHEREAS, over four years, the City processed necessary planning entitlements, provided a \$250,000 loan from the City's housing funds, secured a \$3 million grant through Mendocino County Continuum of Care, and partnered to receive nearly \$3.1 million from HCD's In-fill Infrastructure grant program to assist Danco to develop twenty (20) Permanent Supportive Housing units, twenty-three (23) senior cottages, and twenty-five (25) workforce units; collectively referred to as "The Plateau;" and

WHEREAS, construction is underway and attention is now turning toward the future residents that will call The Plateau home; and

WHEREAS, with a diverse community that includes working families, seniors and formerly homeless, this is a unique opportunity to support individuals in the pursuit of well-being, within the context of a diverse neighborhood; and

WHEREAS, Fort Bragg is fortunate to have many qualified community service providers to assist this effort, such as Parents & Friends, Project Sanctuary, Safe Passage, Mendocino Children's Fund, Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center, and Mendocino Veterans Services to name a few; and

WHEREAS, the success of this project will depend on the coordination of service providers in the area; and

WHEREAS, Redwood Quality Management Services (RQMC) is the Administrative Service Organization for Mendocino County, providing management and oversight of specialty mental health, community service support, prevention and early intervention services to youth, young adults, adults, and seniors throughout our region; and

WHEREAS, a subsidiary of RQMC, Redwood Community Services (RCS) has extensive experience with youth resource centers and program development, along with the ability to connect and develop the community resources, as well as manage the overall programing for the 69 units, including the specialty support services needed for Mental Health clients; and

WHEREAS, this extensive experience makes RQMC a natural fit for this position; and

WHEREAS, RQMC maintains a strong working relationship with Adventist Health, which is located in close proximity to the project and would be a valuable asset for The Plateau; and

WHEREAS, the Homeless Ad-Hoc Committee requested support from the entire Council to recommend RQMC and RSC to Danco for the service coordinator position, as stated in a letter from the Mayor of Fort Bragg attached hereto as Exhibit A;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg does hereby support RQMC and RSC to coordinate services for residents of The Plateau.

The above and foregoing Resolution was introduced by _____, seconded by _____, and passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg held on the 8th day of February, 2021, by the following vote:

AYES:

NOES:

ABSENT:

ABSTAIN:

RECUSED:

BERNIE NORVELL

Mayor

ATTEST:

City Clerk

June Lemos, CMC

- 2 -

EXHIBIT A



CITY OF FORT BRAGG

Incorporated August 5, 1889 416 N. Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

February 8, 2021

Re: Support for Redwood Quality Management Company and Redwood Community Services to Coordinate Residential Services for The Plateau, Located at 441 South Street

The City of Fort Bragg is pleased to partner with the developer, Danco to bring affordable housing opportunities to our community. Danco is the developer that brought us the senior housing project known as the Cottages at Cypress, and immediately following this success, staff helped Danco identify another site in Fort Bragg - 441 South Street.

Over four years, the City processed necessary planning entitlements, provided a \$250,000 loan from the City's housing funds, secured a \$3 million grant through Mendocino County Continuum of Care, and partnered to receive nearly \$3.1 million from HCD's In-fill Infrastructure grant program to develop twenty (20) Permanent Supportive Housing units, twenty-three (23) senior cottages, and twenty-five (25) workforce units; collectively referred to as "The Plateau." Construction is underway and attention is now turning toward the future residents that will call it home.

With a diverse community that includes working families, seniors and formerly homeless, this is a unique opportunity to support individuals in the pursuit of well-being, within the context of a diverse neighborhood. Fort Bragg is fortunate to have many qualified community service providers to assist this effort, such as Parents & Friends, Project Sanctuary, Safe Passage, Mendocino Children's Fund, Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center, and Mendocino Veterans Services to name a few. The success of our effort will depend on the coordination of these service providers.

It is with this in mind that I reached out to Camille Schraeder, Chief Program Officer of Redwood Quality Management Company (RQMC) to ask for Redwood Community Services (RCS) to take the lead in coordinating services for The Plateau. RQMC is the Administrative Service Organization for Mendocino County, providing management and oversight of specialty mental health, community service support, prevention and early intervention services to youth, young adults, adults, and seniors throughout our region. RCS has extensive experience with youth resource centers and program development. RCS has the ability to connect with and develop the community resources, as well as manage the overall programing for the 69 units, including the specialty support services needed for Mental Health clients.

Their extensive experience, as well as their vast network and resources makes RQMC a natural fit for this position; the strong working relationship with Adventist Health in particular would be a valuable asset.

EXHIBIT A

Vote of Confidence for RQMC/RCS February 8, 2021 Page 2

Adventist Health's Mendocino Coast location is situated directly across from The Plateau and Adventist could help support, train and encourage community members to lead a long and meaningful life by practicing wellness. Preliminary discussions have taken place with RQMC, leadership of Adventist Health and Danco to determine interest and potential strategies to support a wellness community in all dimensions – social, physical, emotional, occupational, intellectual, etc.

Although Danco initially reached out to Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center to act as the coordinator of services, I, Mayor Bernie Norvell, on behalf of the Homeless Ad Hoc Committee and the Fort Bragg City Council, recommend RQMC for this position. Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center can continue to play an active role supporting clients residing in the Permanent Supportive Housing units; however, RQMC is better qualified to serve the project as a whole, which will include residents of all ages and diverse experiences.

Thank you for your consideration of this matter.

Sincerely,

Bernie Norvell Mayor From: Miller, Tabatha
To: Lemos, June

Subject: FW: Tonight"s City Council Agenda

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 2:34:53 PM

June,

Please add the attached email to 5B as public comment.

Tabatha Miller
City Manager
City of Fort Bragg
(707) 961-2829
TMiller@FortBragg.com



From: Paul Davis <paul@mendocinochc.org> **Sent:** Monday, February 08, 2021 12:46 PM **To:** Miller, Tabatha <TMiller@fortbragg.com>

Cc: Norvell, Bernie <Bnorvell2@fortbragg.com>; Carole White <cuw108@gmail.com>

Subject: RE: Tonight's City Council Agenda

Thank you, Tabatha,

I became aware late last week of this resolution to support Redwood Quality Management Company and Redwood Community Services to provide and fill the Services Coordinator position at the Plateau Project.

I wanted to make sure that if there is a background report in conjunction with the agenda item, that the Council members who will be called upon to vote on this resolution are aware of some key points so that they can make an informed decision:

- 1. MCHC formalized an MOU with DANCO in August 2019 indicating MCHC's willingness and desire to provide these services.
- 2. After discussions with DANCO in September 2020, DANCO requested that MCHC formalize a contract which was signed by MCHC and DANCO on September 18, 2020.
- 3. Neither this resolution, nor the possibility of this resolution, has been communicated to MCHC by the City of Fort Bragg, RQMC/RCS, the Ad-Hoc Committee, or DANCO. Notification of the agenda item was sent to MCHC by the City of Fort Bragg on February 8, 2021 at 11:44 AM.
- 4. A yes vote on the resolution supports not only to have RQMC/RCS provide the indicated services, but it is a vote to encourage DANCO to dissolve an existing contract with MCHC without any prior communication.
- 5. Since 2019, MCHC has provided necessary input in the form of meeting time, service

planning, MOU's, and a contract – all of which were necessary to move the project along through it's various phases until now.

Again, I do hope that this information is included in your report.

Sincerely

Paul Davis CFO/Interim ED

Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center

Office: (707) 961-0172 x1100

Fax: (707) 961-0217

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From: Miller, Tabatha < TMiller@fortbragg.com>
Sent: Monday, February 8, 2021 11:44 AM
To: Paul Davis < paul@mendocinochc.org>
Cc: Norvell, Bernie < Bnorvell2@fortbragg.com>

Subject: Tonight's City Council Agenda

Good morning Paul,

I wanted to ensure that you are aware of that the City Council may take action this evening supporting Redwood Quality Management and Redwood Community Services as the coordinator for Residential Services at The Plateau project at 441 South Street.

Here is a link to that agenda item.

https://cityfortbragg.legistar.com/LegislationDetail.aspx?ID=4773988&GUID=8E9E0D58-

251D-4593-86BF-D579BBFB5BB4&Options=&Search=

Take care,

Tabatha Míller
City Manager
City of Fort Bragg
(707) 961-2829
TMiller@FortBragg.com



Email correspondence with the City of Fort Bragg (and attachments, if any) may be subject to the California Public Records Act, and as such may therefore be subject to public disclosure unless otherwise exempt under the Act.



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Text File

File Number: 21-026

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Consent Agenda

In Control: City Council File Type: Minutes

Agenda Number: 5C.

Approve Minutes of January 25, 2021



416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Meeting Minutes City Council

THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL MEETS CONCURRENTLY AS THE FORT BRAGG MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1 AND THE FORT BRAGG REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY

Monday, January 25, 2021

6:00 PM

Via Video Conference

CALL TO ORDER

Mayor Norvell called the meeting to order at 6:00 PM, all Councilmembers appearing by video conference.

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL

Present: 4 - Mayor Bernie Norvell, Vice Mayor Jessica Morsell-Haye, Councilmember Tess Albin-Smith and Councilmember Lindy Peters

AGENDA REVIEW

Mayor Norvell moved Item 8C to the top of the Conduct of Business agenda, stating he will recuse himself from hearing Items 8A and 8B due to a conflict of interest.

1. MAYOR'S RECOGNITIONS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS

Mayor Norvell announced that three ad hoc committees are expiring next month. He extended the Broadband committee by one year, and will replace former Councilmember Lee with a new committee member once the vacant Council seat has been filled. He extended the Revenue committee by six months. The Mayor also extended Council Goal #2 ad hoc committee by six months and will appoint someone to replace former Councilmember Lee after the new Councilmember is seated.

The Mayor reported on a recent meeting regarding the winter shelter. Trinity Lutheran Church has agreed to house the Winter Shelter until March 15. The Mendocino Coast Jewish Community shul in Caspar has offered to house the shelter for the last two weeks in March. Mayor Norvell continues to work with the Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center to confirm these arrangements.

1A. <u>21-005</u>

Introduction of New Employees: Heather Gurewitz, Associate Planner, George Leinen, Police Services Transporter, Maxwell (Max) Sallas, Maintenance Worker II, and John Smelser, Part-Time Laborer

Chief Naulty and Public Works Director Smith introduced their new employees to the City Council. Mayor Norvell extended a warm welcome to all the new City of Fort Bragg employees.

1B. 21-004 Presentation of Proclamation Declaring February 2021 as Black History Month

Mayor Norvell read a Proclamation declaring the month of February 2021 as Black History Month.

1C. 21-019 Presentation by Diann Simmons of the Economic Development &

Financing Corporation (EDFC) Regarding EDFC's Fiscal Year 2019-2020

Report

Diann Simmons, Phoenix Trent, and Robert Gernert of the Economic Development and Financing Corporation (EDFC) made a presentation to Council about the vital services provided by EDFC.

2. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON: (1) NON-AGENDA, (2) CONSENT CALENDAR & (3) CLOSED SESSION ITEMS

(1) Comments from Judith Valadao and Jay Rosenquist were read into the record by the City Clerk. (2) Jenny Shattuck and Jacob Patterson commented on Item 5D via Zoom. (3) N/A.

3. STAFF COMMENTS

City Manager Miller noted that Covid surveillance testing is available at Veteran's Hall tomorrow. Applications for the open City Council seat are due by 4:00 PM on January 29. Wiggly Giggly Park was opened this week on a limited basis with volunteer monitors. Governor Newsom has lifted regional stay at home orders and extended the eviction moratorium to June 30, 2021. Public Works Director Smith reported that a weather front is coming with flooding expected over the next 18-hour period. A free sandbag station has been set up at the Fire Department. Smith exhibited photos of the new vactor truck recently purchased by the City.

4. MATTERS FROM COUNCILMEMBERS

Councilmember Albin-Smith thanked the Mayor and Vice Mayor for the press release denouncing violence, stating that she also denounces all violence, racism and prejudice. She also spoke about mask wearing and mentioned a Mendocino High School program in honor of Martin Luther King Day. Councilmember Peters also spoke in support of the Mayor and Vice Mayor's press release. Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye recommended people visit a new website called hubsandroutes.net for tools that help people find alternative routes off the coast if the roads are out.

5. CONSENT CALENDAR

Approval of the Consent Calendar

A motion was made by Councilmember Peters, seconded by Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye, to approve the Consent Calendar. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 4 - Mayor Norvell, Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye, Councilmember Albin-Smith and Councilmember Peters

5A . <u>21-011</u>	Adopt City Council Resolution Adopting an Electronic Records and Signature Use Policy and Authorizing the Use of Electronic Records and Signatures
	This Resolution was adopted on the Consent Calendar.
	Enactment No: RES 4346-2021
5B . <u>21-012</u>	Adopt City Council Resolution Confirming the Continued Existence of a Local Emergency in the City of Fort Bragg
	This Resolution was adopted on the Consent Calendar.
	Enactment No: RES 4347-2021
5C . <u>21-013</u>	Adopt City Council Resolution Appointing Representatives to Represent and Vote on Behalf of the City at the League of California Cities Redwood Empire Division Business Meeting and Legislative Committee Meetings
	This Resolution was adopted on the Consent Calendar.
	Enactment No: RES 4348-2021
5D . <u>21-015</u>	Receive and File Minutes of the February 19, 2020 Public Safety Committee Meeting
	These Committee Minutes were received and filed on the Consent Calendar.
5E . <u>21-016</u>	Receive and File Minutes of the March 25, 2020 Public Safety Committee Special Meeting
	These Committee Minutes were received and filed on the Consent Calendar.
5F . <u>21-014</u>	Approve Minutes of January 11, 2021
	These Minutes were approved on the Consent Calendar.

6. DISCLOSURE OF EX PARTE COMMUNICATIONS ON AGENDA ITEMS

Mayor Norvell disclosed that he had conversations via text and email with a member of the public regarding Item 7A and also reached out to someone in the cannabis industry to get clarity on the issue. He noted that he received a phone call from Simeon Evans who inquired about the process before the permit application was filed.

7. PUBLIC HEARING

7A. Receive Report, Conduct Public Hearing on Appeal of Brandy Moulton of the Fort Bragg Planning Commission Denial of Minor Use Permit 4-20 (MUP 4-20) for the Proposed Sunshine Holistic Microbusiness at 144 N. Franklin Street (APN 008-164-39), and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Upholding or Overturning the Planning Commission Decision

Councilmember Morsell-Haye disclosed that she had a business conflict of interest and recused herself from hearing this matter. She left the video conference at 6:59 PM.

Mayor Norvell opened the public hearing at 6:59 PM.

Associate Planner Gurewitz presented the staff report on this agenda item and responded to questions from Councilmembers regarding accessory uses, security, and odors.

Applicant/appellant Brandy Moulton spoke to the Council regarding her application for a minor use permit and responded to their questions.

Public Comment was received via Zoom from:

- Michelle Roberts, Planning Commissioner, stated that she made the motion to deny the use permit. She wanted to clarify that the staff report doesn't adequately represent the discussion of the Planning Commission. She referred the Council back to Article 10 of the Municipal Code, which defines accessory use. The applicant noted that plants would be started in the nursery, some would be sold in retail, but some taken off site to another location. She stated that these uses are not permitted in the Central Business District.
- Jacob Patterson said the plants won't just be for a retail component; they are going off site and serving other sites. He stated that the ex parte disclosures did not disclose who the Councilmember spoke to, and claimed that there was a failure to recuse from Councilmember Peters and Mayor Norvell.
- Jen Brown spoke in support of the use permit, stating that applicant Brandy Moulton knows what she is talking about and is very well versed in codes and regulations. She has a successful business already and having a business in the city would be more accessible to people.
- Public Comments from Jacob Patterson, John Smith and Jay Rosenquist regarding the minor use permit were read into the record by the City Clerk.

The applicant briefly responded to questions raised by members of the public and stated that if using clones at her farm is the issue, she would gladly give up that part of the application. Councilmember Albin-Smith disclosed that she had a phone conversation with Planning Commissioner Roberts the morning of the hearing.

Mayor Norvell closed the public hearing at 8:05 PM.

Mayor Norvell recessed the meeting at 8:07 PM; the meeting reconvened at 8:14 PM.

After lengthy deliberations, mostly about accessory uses, the following motions were made:

A motion was made by Councilmember Peters, seconded by Mayor Norvell, that the Applicant's appeal be upheld with the following special conditions: (1) Any clones or starter plants grown in the nursery warehouse be retailed on site; and 2) Any odor discernable at the property line will require the business to mitigate the problem or the permit will be revoked. The motion failed by the following vote:

Aye: 2 - Mayor Norvell and Councilmember Peters

No: 1 - Councilmember Albin-Smith

Recuse: 1 - Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye

A motion was made by Councilmember Albin-Smith, seconded by Councilmember Peters, that the Applicant's appeal be denied and the Planning

Commission's decision be upheld. The motion failed by the following vote:

Aye: 2 - Councilmember Albin-Smith and Councilmember Peters

No: 1 - Mayor Norvell

Recuse: 1 - Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye

8. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

8C. 21-021 Receive Report and Consider Adoption of the FY 20/21 Water and Wastewater Rate Increase

Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye rejoined the video conference at 8:30 PM.

Senior Government Accountant Whippy presented the staff report on this agenda item. <u>Public Comment</u> via Zoom was received from Jacob Patterson; the City Clerk read a comment from Jay Rosenquist into the record.

A motion was made by Councilmember Peters, seconded by Councilmember Albin-Smith, that the utility rate increases be deferred until after a Utility Rate Study has been completed and the matter brought back before Council for further discussion. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 4 - Mayor Norvell, Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye, Councilmember Albin-Smith and Councilmember Peters

8A. 20-980

Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Approving Contract Amendment with Metropolitan Planning Group, DBA M-Group for Adjunct Planning Services for Multiple Planning Projects and Authorizing City Manager to Execute Contract (Amount Not to Exceed \$46,146.00; Multiple Account Numbers)

Mayor Norvell disclosed a conflict of interest for both Items 8A and 8B and recused himself from hearing these matters. He appointed Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye as Acting Mayor for the remainder of the meeting and left the video conference at 9:00 PM.

Assistant Director - Engineering Division O'Neal presented the staff report on this agenda item.

Public Comment: None.

A motion was made by Councilmember Peters, seconded by Councilmember Albin-Smith, that this Resolution be adopted. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 3 - Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye, Councilmember Albin-Smith and Councilmember Peters

Recuse: 1 - Mayor Norvell

Enactment No: RES 4349-2021

8B. 20-981 Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Approving Professional Services Agreement with Fehr & Peers for the Preparation of a Transportation Impact Assessment (TIA) for the Dollar

General Project and Authorizing City Manager to Execute Contract (Amount Not to Exceed \$ 49,935; Account No. 119-0000-2691)

Assistant Director - Engineering Division O'Neal presented the staff report on this agenda item.

Public Comment was received via Zoom from Jacob Patterson and Andrew Jordan.

A motion was made by Councilmember Albin-Smith, seconded by Councilmember Peters, that this Resolution be adopted. The motion carried by the following vote:

Aye: 3 - Vice Mayor Morsell-Haye, Councilmember Albin-Smith and Councilmember Peters

Recuse: 1 - Mayor Norvell

Enactment No: RES 4350-2021

9. CLOSED SESSION

ADJOURNMENT

Acting Mayor Morsell-Haye adjourned the meeting at 9:24 PM.

BERNIE NORVELL, MAYOR		
June Lemos, CMC, City Clerk		
IMAGED ()		



416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 21-027

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Consent Agenda

In Control: City Council File Type: Minutes

Agenda Number: 5D.

Approve Minutes of Special Meeting of January 27, 2021



416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Meeting Minutes Special City Council

THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL MEETS CONCURRENTLY AS THE FORT BRAGG MUNICIPAL IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT NO. 1 AND THE FORT BRAGG REDEVELOPMENT SUCCESSOR AGENCY

Wednesday, January 27, 2021

5:00 PM

Town Hall, 363 N Main Street

Special Meeting

CALL TO ORDER

Mayor Norvell called the meeting to order at 5:02 PM.

ROLL CALL

Present: 4 - Mayor Bernie Norvell, Vice Mayor Jessica Morsell-Haye, Councilmember Tess Albin-Smith and Councilmember Lindy Peters

1. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON SPECIAL AGENDA ITEMS

Mayor Norvell announced that this meeting would be continued due to a personal emergency of the staff member who was to give the report on the agenda item. The Mayor allowed members of the public to comment, and after polling the Councilmembers, reset the meeting for 5:30 PM on Monday, February 1, 2021.

<u>Public Comment</u> was received via Zoom from: Brad Cea, Eric Gutnick, Steve Shamblin, Rik Davis and Jacob Patterson. The City Clerk read comments into the record from Basil Casabona, Paul Clark, Jenny Shattuck, and Brandi Cooper.

2. CONDUCT OF BUSINESS

2A. 21-023

Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Providing for Assumption and Amendment of the Fort Bragg Solid Waste Franchise Agreement

This matter was continued to Monday, February 1, 2021 at 5:30 PM.

ADJOURNMENT

Mayor Norvell adjourned the meeting at 5:23 PM.

IMAGED (_____)



416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 21-045

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Consent Agenda

In Control: City Council File Type: Resolution

Agenda Number: 5E.

Adopt City Council Resolution Approving Expenditures from the Joint City/County Caspar Transfer Station Rent Account to Fund a Project Manager

City of Fort Bragg (City) and County of Mendocino (County) jointly own 60 acres in the Caspar area at the end of Prairie Way that was operated as a landfill from 1968 to 1992 and since then has operated as a Solid Waste Transfer Station. The County operated the Solid Waste Transfer Station until it executed the Operating Agreement and Lease with Solid Waste of Willits, Inc. on January 25, 2011. In January 2011, the City and County executed a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) to provide for changes in how the Caspar Solid Waste Transfer Station would operate and to consider the replacement or expansion of the Transfer Station in order to accommodate commercial collection trucks and allow for long-haul direct transfer to a destination land fill.

The JPA was amended on October 25, 2016 in order to outline specific terms and obligations for moving forward with a replacement of the Caspar Transfer Station and the County Board of Supervisors and the City Council certified the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) on the new Transfer Station project for 30075 Highway 20 on September 19, 2016. On November 18, 2020 the Casper Transfer Station Joint Coordinating Committee directed County staff to hire Tom Varga, retired City of Fort Bragg Public Works Director, to act as Project Manager and focus on moving the Central Coast Transfer Station project forward. The County Board of Supervisors on December 8, 2020, provided affirmative direction to hire Tom Varga, retired City of Fort Bragg Public Works Director, to act as Project Manager and focus on moving the Central Coast Transfer Station project forward. The County, under the County Department of Transportation, hired Mr. Varga as an extra help employee at a full cost of employment of \$97.61 per hour. Funds exceeding \$200,000, resulting from a \$3 per ton fee collected at the Caspar Transfer Station have accumulated for the purpose of funding costs associated with developing a Central Coast Transfer Station are available for to reimburse the County the costs associated with Mr. Varga's employment.

RESOLUTION NO. ____-2021

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL APPROVING EXPENDITURES FROM THE JOINT CITY/COUNTY CASPAR TRANSFER STATION RENT ACCOUNT TO FUND A PROJECT MANAGER

WHEREAS, the City of Fort Bragg (City) and County of Mendocino (County) jointly own 60 acres in the Caspar area at the end of Prairie Way that was operated as a landfill from 1968 to 1992 and since then has operated as a Solid Waste Transfer Station; and

WHEREAS, the County operated the Solid Waste Transfer Station until it executed the Operating Agreement and Lease with Solid Waste of Willits, Inc. on January 25, 2011; and

WHEREAS, in January 2011, the City and County executed a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) to provide for changes in how the Caspar Solid Waste Transfer Station would operate and to consider the replacement or expansion of the Transfer Station in order to accommodate commercial collection trucks and allow for long-haul direct transfer to a destination land fill; and

WHEREAS, the JPA was amended on October 25, 2016 in order to outline specific terms and obligations for moving forward with a replacement of the Caspar Transfer Station and the County Board of Supervisors and the City Council certified the Environmental Impact Report (EIR) on the new Transfer Station project for 30075 Highway 20 on September 19, 2016; and

WHEREAS, acquisition of the property at 30075 Highway 20 involved a multi-party land swap that was not completed; and

WHEREAS, after several years of little or no progress, the Casper Transfer Station Joint Coordinating Committee, which is comprised of two Mendocino County Board of Supervisors (Williams and Gjerde) and two City Councilmembers (Norvell and Morsell-Haye), recommended hiring Diversion Strategies to evaluate and provide guidance on the future of the Transfer Station Project; and

WHEREAS, Diversion Strategies issued a report that was presented to the Joint Casper Transfer Station Joint Coordinating Committee on September 17, 2020, and while the report summarized the current status of the project and the pros and cons of various options, it did not provide a strong plan to address next steps for establishing a Coastal Transfer Station; and

WHEREAS, on November 18, 2020, the Casper Transfer Station Joint Coordinating Committee directed County staff to hire Tom Varga, retired City of Fort Bragg Public Works Director, to act as Project Manager and to focus on moving the Central Coast Transfer Station project forward; and

WHEREAS, the County Board of Supervisors on December 8, 2020, provided affirmative direction to hire Tom Varga; and

WHEREAS, the County, under the County Department of Transportation, hired Mr. Varga as an extra help employee at a full cost of employment of \$97.61 per hour; and

WHEREAS, funds exceeding \$200,000, resulting from a \$3 per ton fee collected at the Caspar Transfer Station, have accumulated for the purpose of funding costs associated with

developing a Central Coast	Fransfer Station are	e available to	reimburse t	the County	the costs
associated with Mr. Varga's	employment; and				

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Fo does hereby approve expenditures of the Caspar Transfer Station Rents for a Project to focus on the Central Coast Transfer Station project.	
The above and foregoing Resolution was introduced by Councilmed, seconded by Councilmember, and passed and adopted a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg held on the 8 th day February, 2020, by the following vote:	at a
AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN: RECUSED:	
BERNIE NORVELL Mayor	
ATTEST:	
June Lemos, CMC City Clerk	



416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 21-048

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Consent Agenda

In Control: City Council File Type: Resolution

Agenda Number: 5F.

Adopt City Council Resolution Establishing a Compensation Plan and Terms and Conditions of Employment For Exempt Mid-Management Classifications

The City Council adopted Resolution 4179-2019 on June 24, 2019 which established the compensation and terms of employment for exempt mid-management classifications. Since the resolution was adopted, several of the positions included in the mid-management category have been added and deleted. The position of Assistant Director Public Works, Associate Engineer and Public Works Manager have been removed from the Compensation schedule and/or not included in the FY 2020-21 budget. The Police Captain, Assistant Director - Engineering Division, Assistant to the City Manager and Construction Project Manager positions have been added to the mid-management category and approved in the Compensation Schedule. The Assistant to the City Manager and Construction Project Manager positions are not currently included in the FY 20-21 budget. A provision for a uniform allowance for the Police Captain and an accommodation of the Ordinance 672 (Police Department Salary Survey) have been added to the benefits provided to Mid-Managers in that specific position.

RESOLUTION NO. -2021

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL ESTABLISHING A COMPENSATION PLAN AND TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT FOR EXEMPT MID-MANAGEMENT CLASSIFICATIONS

WHEREAS, it is the desire of the Fort Bragg City Council to provide an adequate level of compensation and to enumerate benefits and conditions of employment for exempt Mid-Management classifications; and

WHEREAS, exempt Mid-Management classifications currently covered by this resolution are as follows: City Clerk and Senior Government Accountant; and

WHEREAS, the exempt Mid-Management classifications for Assistant Director – Engineering Division, Assistant to the City Manager, Construction Project Manager and Police Captain have been approved in the current Salary Rate Compensation Plan; and

WHEREAS, all classifications covered by this resolution are exempt from overtime under Fair Labor Standards Act section 13(a)(1) and are part of the Personnel Merit System; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg does hereby establish a compensation plan and terms and conditions of employment for exempt Mid-Management classifications as follows:

SECTION 1.0 SALARY COMPENSATION

1.1 SALARY SCHEDULE FOR EXEMPT MID-MANAGEMENT CLASSIFICATIONS

	Position	Annual Salary Range	Annual Salary Range
		Effective 1st full pay period in July 2020	Effective 1st full pay period in January 2021
1.	City Clerk	\$70,741 to \$86,010	\$70,741 to \$86,010
2.	Senior Government Accountant	\$70,741 to \$86,010	\$70,741 to \$86,010
3.	Assistant to the City Manager	\$70,741 to \$86,010	\$70,741 to \$86,010
4.	Construction Project Manager	\$82,285 to \$100,027	\$82,285 to \$100,027
5.	Assistant Director – Engineering Division	\$70,741 to \$86,010	\$70,741 to \$86,010
6.	Police Captain	-	\$106,037 to \$128,898

1.2 LONGEVITY PAY

A. Employees covered under this resolution shall receive a new longevity benefit consisting of a \$750 one-time payment after 10 years of employment; a \$1,500 one-time payment after 15 years of employment; and a \$2,000 one-time payment after 20 years of employment.

1.3 INITIATIVE MEASURE D, ORDINANCE 672

- A. The salary provisions of Initiative Measure D, Ordinance 672 as adopted by the voters on November 4, 1986, are hereby recognized as the basic policy document governing the salary of the Police Captain covered in this resolution.
- B. The salary adjustments as provided for in Ordinance 672 shall be implemented as soon as possible after January 1 of each year.

1.4 TEMPORARY ASSIGNMENT PAY FOR WORKING IN A HIGHER CLASSIFICATION

When a Mid-Management employee is assigned to perform all of the duties of a Department head for a period in excess of three (3) working days, said employee shall receive compensation equal to step 1 of the so assigned Department head compensation schedule for the period of such assignment.

Such assignments must be made by the employee's supervisor or the City Manager, and must be documented in writing <u>prior</u> to the actual absence of the Department head and shall be approved by the City Manager prior to the absence of the Department head, unless the absence is due to an unanticipated or unexpected absence.

Temporary assignment pay shall not apply to any paid leave time (e.g. sick leave, vacation, holiday, management leave) taken during the temporary assignment.

SECTION 2.0 <u>LEAVES OF ABSENCE (PAID AND UNPAID)</u>

2.1 MANAGEMENT LEAVE

Each exempt Mid-Management employee shall receive 10 days (80 hours) of Management Leave annually accrued in total as of January 1. Management Leave for exempt Mid-Management employees hired after January 1 will be prorated. An additional 5 days (40 hours) of supplemental leave may be awarded at the discretion of the City Manager based on extended hours of work time and job performance as determined by the City Manager.

If the leave is not used by December 31 of each year, the unused balance will not carry forward unless approval by the City Manager is requested and received before December 31. The City Manager may authorize a carry-over of unused balance for up to 90 days past December 31. Any unused leave not taken within the 90-day extension period will be lost. Management Leave must be taken as time off and is not compensable upon termination.

2.2 VACATION LEAVE

- A. Accrual: All full-time exempt Mid-Management employees covered by this resolution shall accrue vacation as follows:
 - 88 hours annually for 1 to 3 years of service (i.e. 0-36 months).
 - 120 hours annually for 4 to 9 years of service (i.e. 37-120 months).
 - 160 hours annually for 10 to 14 years of service (i.e. 121-180 months).
 - 200 hours annually for 15 or more years of service (i.e. 180+ months).
- B. Accumulation: Employees may accumulate vacation as follows:

- A maximum of 240 hours for 1 to 9 years of service (i.e. 0-120 months).
- A maximum of 320 hours for 10 to 14 years of service (i.e. 121-180 months).
- A maximum of 360 hours for 15 or more years of service (i.e. 180+ months).

The City Manager may authorize additional accumulation of vacation hours in situations where vacation time cannot be authorized due to work demands.

- C. Use: Vacation leave may be taken as it accrues. Accrued vacation time may be used, at a minimum, in blocks of one (1) hour or more. The date of vacation may be selected by the employee, but shall be approved by the Department Head, who shall consider the wishes of the employee and the needs of the Department.
- D. Vacation Buy-Back: Once during each fiscal year, and subject to the approval of the City Manager, employees may cash in a maximum of 40 hours of vacation leave. At the time the cash-in option is exercised, the employee must retain a minimum of 40 hours of vacation leave. Cash-in requests must be made in writing to the City Manager.

2.3 HOLIDAYS

A. All exempt Mid-management employees shall receive 12 designated paid holidays per year and one floating holiday per year to be observed during each fiscal year (July 1-June 30). Specified holidays are as follows:

January 1 (New Year's Day)

3rd Monday in January (Martin Luther King Jr. Day)

3rd Monday in February (Presidents Day)

Last Monday in May (Memorial Day)

July 4 (Independence Day)

1st Monday in September (Labor Day)

2nd Monday in October (Indigenous Peoples' Day)

November 11 (Veteran's Day)

4th Thursday in November (Thanksgiving)

Friday after Thanksgiving

December 24 (Christmas Eve)

December 25 (Christmas Day)

In addition, any day proclaimed by the Governor and recognized by the City Council as a public holiday, day of mourning or day of thanksgiving shall be provided as a holiday.

B. One "floating holiday" may be taken as time off only, with advanced approval by the Department Head or City Manager and scheduled with due regard to the wishes of the employee and convenience of the City. Floating holidays, defined as eight hours, may not be carried forward from one fiscal year to the next and must be used no later than the last regularly scheduled pay date prior to June 30th of each fiscal year. Unused floating holidays are deemed to be lost, if not used, at the end of each fiscal year or upon termination of employment. A new employee hired after January 1st in any fiscal year shall be entitled to not more than half of the applicable floating holiday entitlement for the balance of the fiscal year. Floating holiday time may not be exchanged for actual compensation under any circumstances.

C. Holiday Leave shall be administered as provided for in Section 15.2.10 of the City of Fort Bragg Personnel Rules and Regulations.

2.4 SICK LEAVE AND FAMILY AND MEDICAL LEAVE

- A. Accrual: All exempt at-will executive employees shall accrue sick leave at a rate of eight (8) hours per month beginning at the commencement of employment and sick leave may be accrued with no maximum limit.
- B. Personal Use: Sick leave may be used as it is accrued. It is to be used for illness or injury and may not be used to supplement days off.
- C. Family Care Use: Accrued sick leave may be used for care of children, siblings and parents (be they natural, adoptive, step or foster of the employee or their current spouse or domestic partner), or spouse or domestic partner, to a maximum of eighty (80) hours in the calendar year of January 1 through December 31. It is further provided that an additional forty (40) hours of accrued sick leave per calendar year may be used for such care in unusual or emergency cases with the approval of the City Manager.
- D. Documentation: Employees must follow departmental policies for requesting/documenting use of sick leave and a physician's certification may be required at the discretion of the City Manager for absences of three consecutive work days or more.

E. Conversion:

- 1. Sick leave accrued in excess of eight hundred (800) hours may be converted to vacation on the basis of three (3) hours of vacation time for each ten (10) hours of sick leave accrued and converted.
- 2. Up to 25% of sick leave accrued in excess of one thousand (1,000) hours may be converted to vacation on the basis of one (1) hour of vacation time for each one (1) hour of sick leave accrued and converted.
- 3. Conversions may be made once in each calendar year, and must be approved by the City Manager before December 31.
- 4. Eligibility: To be eligible an employee must be a regular full time employee at the time of the request.
- 5. No conversion of sick leave shall be allowed for any employee who is discharged for cause.
- F. Transfer: An employee may transfer accrued sick leave to another employee in cases of emergency, subject to review and approval by the City Manager pursuant to Section 18 of the Personnel Rules and Regulations.
- G. Compensation on Separation: Upon separation after two or more years of service, an employee shall be paid for 30% of unused accrued sick leave. Such compensation is not applicable if an employee is discharged for cause.
- H. Family and Medical Leave: Executive employees shall be entitled to leave as provided for in the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) of 1993 and the California Family Rights Act (CFRA) as per Section 16 of the Personnel Rules and Regulations.
- I. Fitness for Duty Examinations: City will pay mileage for personal car use to and from the out-of-town location of the City-requested examination based on the same criteria as for other travel reimbursements.

2.5 BEREAVEMENT LEAVE

When a death occurs in an employee's immediate family (see Section 15.2.8 of the Personnel Rules and Regulations for definition of "immediate family"), the employee shall be granted necessary time off of up to three consecutive work days, with compensation, for the purpose of attending the funeral and/or to personal affairs. In the event of unusual travel time requirements, the City Manager may approve up to a total of five workdays. Proof of relationship and/or death may be required.

2.6 JURY DUTY

Any employee summoned to serve on jury duty during an on-duty day shall be entitled to leave of absence with full pay for such period of time as they may be required to attend the court in response to such summons. The employee may retain such payment as may be allowed for travel, lodging and meal expenses. The employee shall not be required to submit to the City compensation received from the court for jury duty in order to receive full pay and expenses referenced above.

2.7 **LEAVE OF ABSENCE WITHOUT PAY**

The City Manager may grant leaves of absence for a maximum of ninety (90) working days, without pay to any employee if the circumstances of the particular case warrant.

SECTION 3.0 HEALTH, DENTAL, VISION, LONG TERM DISABILITY, LIFE INSURANCE, DEFERRED COMPENSATION, RETIREMENT AND CAFETERIA PLAN

3.1 HEALTH, DENTAL AND VISION INSURANCE

- A. For purposes of this Section, the following definitions shall apply:
 - Legally Separated A court action separating an employee from their spouse. This
 definition shall be used for the sole purpose of City covered health insurance
 purposes. The Insurance Provider shall determine if the separated spouse is eligible
 for coverage under the City Health Plan(s).
 - 2. Domestic Partner A domestic partner as defined under California Family Code section 297.

B. Health and Dental Insurance

- 1. City shall provide health and dental insurance plans for employees and shall make such plan available for any dependents. The Insurance Provider shall determine if a legally separated spouse is eligible for coverage under the City's group health and dental plans.
- 2. Effective July 1, 2012, the City shall pay 80% and the employee shall pay 20% of the premiums required for the health and dental plans.
- 3. Employees enrolled in the High Deductible Health Plan will receive a total benefit allowance equal to 80% of the premium for the "traditional" health plan for payment of the High Deductible Health Plan premium with the balance, if any, to be paid into a Health Savings Account. Employees may choose to contribute additional funds

- to a Health Savings Account on a pre-tax basis via payroll deductions in accordance with IRS guidelines.
- C. Eligible employees may elect to opt-out of the City-sponsored medical and/or dental plans, in which case the employee will receive a payment of \$200 per pay period if opting out of both medical and dental coverages and a pro-rated amount if opting out of only one type of coverage. Opt-out payments will be paid to the employee as taxable income. To be eligible, employees must provide proof of other comparable coverage, and the opt-out shall be effective for the employee and any eligible dependents.

D. Vision Plan

- 1. The City shall provide a vision care program for both employee and dependents. The premium cost of said plan is paid entirely by the City.
- 2. Where and when the wearing of safety glasses is mandatory, the City shall provide reimbursement of the actual cost of required prescription safety glasses up to a maximum of \$225 per fiscal year per employee, or \$450 every other fiscal year.
- E. Health and Dental Insurance on Retirement

For purposes of this section, the term "retiree" is defined as:

An employee who has a minimum of ten (10) years of continuous employment with the City, whose last day of employment preceding retirement through the California Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS) was with the City, who immediately begins receiving CalPERS benefits upon retirement from the City, and who continuously maintains retiree status with CalPERS.

- 1. For employees hired on or before December 31, 1991:
 - The City agrees to pay, for an eligible employee/retiree only, the costs of health and dental insurance in the City-approved plan(s) after retirement.
 - ii) The City will make available health and dental insurance in the Cityapproved plan(s) for the spouse or domestic partner only of a retiree if retiree was married or in a domestic partnership at the time of retirement.
 - The City will pay the cost of spousal/partner health coverage based on the following schedule. Retirees must be at least sixty (60) years of age at retirement in order to receive this benefit. If an employee retires earlier than age 60 as allowed under the CalPERS retirement plan, the employee/retiree is responsible for 100% of the cost of spousal/partner health insurance coverage until the retiree reaches the age of sixty (60).

Retiree Completed Years of Service	City-Paid Portion of Dependent Health Premiums
10 Years	10%
11 Years	20%
12 Years	30%
13 Years	40%
14 Years	50%
15 Years	60%
16 Years	70%
17 Years	80%

18 Years	90%
19 Years	100%

- iv) Part-time employees/retirees eligible for this benefit shall receive the prorated cost of health and dental insurance in accordance with the City's Personnel Rules.
- v) The retiree is responsible for 100% of the cost of spousal/partner coverage in the City's dental plan.
- 2. For employees hired on or after January 1, 1992 but before July 1, 2003:
 - i) The City agrees to pay, for an eligible employee/retiree only, the costs of health and dental insurance in the City-approved plan(s) after retirement.
 - ii) Part-time employees/retirees eligible for this benefit shall receive the prorated cost of health and dental insurance in accordance with the City's Personnel Rules.
- 3. For employees hired on or after July 1, 2003 but before July 1, 2007:
 - The City agrees to pay, for an eligible employee/retiree only, the costs of health and dental insurance in the City-approved plan(s) after retirement until the retiree reaches the minimum required age for Medicare eligibility, at which time the City will only provide a supplemental prescription drug plan for the retiree.
 - ii) Part-time employees/retirees eligible for this benefit shall receive the prorated cost of health and dental insurance in accordance with the City's Personnel Rules.
- 4. For employees hired on or after July 1, 2007 but before July 1, 2011:
 - The City agrees that employees/retirees only may remain on the City's health and dental insurance plans until retiree reaches minimum Medicare eligibility age. The retiree is responsible for the full cost of insurance premiums for retiree only coverage which shall be paid to the City in a timely manner.
- 5. For employees hired on or after July 1, 2011:
 - Retirees are not eligible to participate in the City's post-employment health and dental insurance benefit plans.

3.2 LONG TERM DISABILITY INSURANCE

- A. Mid-Management employees covered under this resolution may participate in the group long-term disability insurance program. For an overview of the plan see the certificate of insurance on file in the City's Human Resources Office.
- B. The City shall pay half the cost of the program with the balance to be paid by employees through payroll deductions.

3.3 LIFE INSURANCE

The City agrees to provide a life insurance policy in the amount of \$100,000 for each Mid-Management employee covered under this resolution. The City agrees to pay the full costs of such policies.

3.4 <u>DEFERRED COMPENSATION</u>

The City agrees to continue in effect the deferred compensation plans approved by resolution of the City Council. Participation is voluntary and no contribution is made by the City on the employee's behalf.

3.5 RETIREMENT

- A. For employees hired prior to December 31, 2012, and employees hired on or after January 1, 2013, who are "Classic Employees" as defined by CalPERS, the City offers the 2% @ 55 CalPERS Retirement Plan for all Miscellaneous employees covered by this resolution and the 2% @ 50 CalPERS Retirement Plan for all Safety employees covered by this resolution. Effective July 1, 2018, each Classic Employee covered by this Resolution shall contribute an additional 1% towards the City's share of CalPERS premiums.
- B. Employees hired on January 1, 2013 or after, who are not "Classic Employees" as defined by CaIPERS, the City offers the 2% @ 62 CaIPERS Retirement Plan for all Miscellaneous Employees covered by this resolution and the 2.7% @ 57 CaIPERS Retirement Plan for all Safety Employees covered by this resolution.

3.6 CAFETERIA PLAN ADMINISTRATIVE FEES

The City shall pay the administrative costs for employees enrolled in the plan.

SECTION 4.0 PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS

Mid-Management employees covered by this resolution, may undergo annual physical examinations. The City will reimburse any costs associated with deductible and co-pays. The employee must submit a copy of the health insurance explanation of benefits to the Human Resources Office for reimbursement of co-pays and deductibles.

SECTION 5.0 <u>AUTOMOBILE USE AND TRAVEL REIMBURSEMENT</u>

- A. In those instances where a City vehicle is not available for use and the employee is required to use their private vehicle on City business, travel expense reimbursement shall be at the rate allowed by the Internal Revenue Service for mileage driven on City business.
- B. Prior to the use of a private vehicle for City business, employees must provide the City with a certificate of insurance, on the form provided by the City, which evidences that employee has comprehensive automobile liability insurance in an amount at least equal to the minimum requirements established by the City's liability insurance provider.
- C. Employees shall be reimbursed for expenses incurred while on assignment outside the Fort Bragg area as follows:
 - 1. Lodging: Maximum of \$140.00 per night, which shall include local taxes, but exclude tips, porter's fees, room service, movies, valet, etc.
 - When traveling to a high cost area, the City Manager may approve a higher maximum than shown above.
 - ii. When an employee lodges at a hotel/motel at which the training program/ meeting/seminar is being conducted, the employee shall be reimbursed for actual lodging costs if higher than the amount above. Approval of the Department Head or City Manager is required.
 - iii. Receipts are required for all lodging costs.

- iv. When shared by others, only a pro rata share of the cost will be reimbursed. When furnished by a government agency or other source, or otherwise obtained without cost (i.e. lodging with friends or relatives), there shall be no reimbursement.
- 2. Meals: Per diem allowances for meals shall be provided and employees shall be eligible to claim for breakfast per diem (\$10.00) if they are in travel status as of 6:00 a.m.; employees shall be eligible to claim for lunch per diem (\$15.00) if they are in travel status between the hours of 11:00 a.m. and 2:00 p.m.; employees shall be eligible to claim for dinner per diem (\$25.00) if they are in travel status as of 6:00 p.m.
 - i. If some meals are furnished when traveling on a per diem, they may not be claimed and/or they will be deducted at the basic rate as provided above.
- 3. Rental Cars: Size of rental cars must be justified if larger than compact. When using a rental vehicle, employee must keep log of daily mileage and pay for any mileage charge when car is used for personal business.
- 4. First Class Travel: First class travel cannot be used, unless the additional cost is paid by the employee.
- 5. Tickets: Copy of tickets used for travel must always be furnished with claim.
- 6. Fitness for Duty Examinations: City will pay mileage for personal car use to and from the out-of-town location of a City-requested examination based on the same criteria as for other travel reimbursements.

SECTION 6.0 EDUCATION INCENTIVE

- A. No exempt Mid-Management employee covered by this resolution shall receive any additional pay as an educational bonus or "certificate pay."
- B. The City shall make available \$950 annually for each exempt Mid-Management employee covered by this resolution for purpose of continuing education and/or professional training. The annual training allowance may be accumulated to a maximum of \$1,900 and should be included in the departmental budget during the budget process when planning for training and professional development. The training allowance may be used for training and expenses incurred in obtaining training. Requests must be approved by the City Manager prior to incurring expenses. Reimbursement will be made upon evidence of successful completion of the training or class.

SECTION 7.0 HOURS OF WORK

- A. Salaries approved for exempt Mid-Management employees recognize the advanced level of skills possessed by these employees, the high level of responsibility delegated to these employees and the potential for longer working hours necessitated by meeting attendance, response to emergency situations, and attendance at court and/or the necessity for meeting project deadlines.
- B. There is no specific compensation for hours worked beyond the minimum workweek of forty (40) hours. The following shall serve as basic guidelines to be used in the management of exempt Mid-Management employee work hours:
 - 1. Exempt Mid-Management employees shall be expected to attend City Council and other evening or weekend meetings and activities as may be required by their job duties. Mid-

- Management employees shall not receive compensatory time off or additional compensation in any other form for attendance at such meetings/activities.
- 2. All employees covered under this resolution are exempt Mid-Management employees and are, therefore, exempt from overtime payment under the Fair Labor Standards Act.
- 3. All employees covered under this resolution shall be eligible to use Management Leave during the calendar year as provided in Section 2.1 of this resolution or to adjust work days and hours in recognition of extended hours worked.
- 4. In recognition that exempt Mid-Management employees are often required to attend early morning, lunch, and evening meetings, a system of flexible time is available for their use. Exempt Mid-Management employees may work prior to the regular starting time or beyond the regular ending time, or may occasionally take an extended lunch or may work a weekend in lieu of a workday. However, it is expected that exempt Mid-Management employees shall work a minimum of eighty (80) hours per pay period, plus any additional work time reasonably required to discharge the duties and responsibilities of the position.

SECTION 8.0 <u>UNIFORM AND BOOT ALLOWANCE</u>

The Assistant Director – Engineering Division are eligible for a boot allowance of \$250.00 per year for boots that are OSHA/ASTM approved. The allowance may be used for either the purchase or repair of said boots.

The Police Captain will receive the uniform allowance as provided to police officers.

SECTION 9.0 <u>CERTIFICATION AND DUES</u>

The City agrees to pay for any certifications required in the performance of job duties for all midmanagement positions.

To support each employee covered by this resolution in performing the necessary functions of their job duties, the City will pay for dues and subscriptions for professional/technical licensing and association membership as recommended by the Department Head and approved by the City Manager.

SECTION 10.0 <u>EQUIPMENT PURCHASE LOAN PLAN</u>

All exempt Mid-Management employees covered by this resolution shall have the option of entering into an equipment purchasing loan plan with the City, which may be utilized to assist the employee to purchase equipment that may be used, both on or off duty, to improve the employee's job performance. This plan has the following limitations:

- A. The loan total shall not exceed \$3,000.00.
- B. Employee cannot add to an existing loan without the recommendation and express permission of the City Manager.
- C. Employee agrees to pay an interest rate equal to the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) rate paid to the City, as of the date of the loan, plus .25 percent.
- D. Loans shall be repaid via payroll deductions. Loans of less than \$1,000.00 shall be repaid in twenty-six equal installments. Loans of \$1,000.00 or more but less than \$2,000.00 shall

be repaid in fifty-two equal installments. Loans of \$2,000.00 or more shall be repaid in seventy-eight equal installments. In no case shall deductions be more than \$50.00 per paycheck, except in the event of separation when the balance of the loan will be deducted from the final paycheck.

- E. The employee shall provide documentation, such as an invoice or receipt, prior to issuance of the loan, to serve as proof of purchase.
- F. Employee shall sign a payroll deduction authorization form for the amount calculated by the Finance Department.
- G. Employee shall receive approval prior to the purchase of any equipment for which this program is anticipated.
- H. Once all necessary documentation has been supplied and the employee signs all equipment loan documents, issuance of the loan will be processed within fourteen (14) days of final approval of all approved paperwork.

SECTION 11.0 RELATIONSHIP TO PERSONNEL REGULATIONS

The terms and conditions of employment as delineated above are in addition to the provisions of the City's "Personnel Rules and Regulations of the City of Fort Bragg" as adopted by Resolution 3805-2015 and as amended from time to time. Should a conflict exist between this Resolution and Resolution 3805-2015, the provisions in this Resolution, or its successor, shall prevail.

ine above and foregoing Re	esolution was introduced by Councilmember,
seconded by Councilmember	, and passed and adopted at a regular meeting
	ort Bragg held on the 8 th day of February, 2021, by the
	of bragg field of the o day of rebruary, 2021, by the
following vote:	
AYES:	
NOES:	
ABSENT:	
ABSTAIN:	
RECUSED:	
NECOSED.	Damaia Namasii
	Bernie Norvell,
	Mayor
ATTEST:	
luna Lamas CMC	<u></u>
June Lemos, CMC	
City Clerk	



City of Fort Bragg

416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 21-038

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Business

In Control: City Council File Type: Resolution

Agenda Number: 8A.

City of Fort Bragg

Receive Report from Redwood Coast Tsunami Work Group, California Geological Survey and California Governor's Office of Emergency Services California Tsunami Program Representatives on Tsunami Hazard Updates and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Adopting Updated Tsunami Hazard Maps

Page 1

Printed on 2/9/2021





AGENCY: City Council
MEETING DATE: February 8, 2021
DEPARTMENT: City Manager
PRESENTED BY: Tabatha Miller

EMAIL ADDRESS: tmiller@fortbragg.com

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

TITLE:

Receive Report from Redwood Coast Tsunami Work Group, California Geological Survey and California Governor's Office of Emergency Services California Tsunami Program Representatives on Tsunami Hazard Updates and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Adopting Updated Tsunami Hazard Maps

ISSUE:

The California Tsunami Program, led by the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the California Geological Survey, is responsible for updating the state's tsunami inundation maps for evacuation planning and public safety. Communities use the State inundation maps to develop and update their evacuation maps and local response plans. The State is constantly evaluating tsunami events, sources, and analysis techniques to ensure that coastal communities are safe from tsunami hazards.

The State completed the current statewide tsunami inundation maps in 2009. Based on more recent information from tsunamis that have occurred since 2009, the State has determined that an update of the 2009 maps is warranted to protect the public from tsunami hazards.

The Tsunami Hazard Evacuation Maps for Emergency Planning are a new product from the State of California and are based on the Redwood Coast Tsunami Work Group (RCTWG) tsunami hazard map brochures first published in 2010. These new maps were produced via a process led by the RCTWG mapping subcommittee and have been vetted by emergency managers, first responders, and other important local stakeholders.

ANALYSIS:

The State completed the previous set of statewide tsunami inundation maps in 2009. Lessons learned from the 2011 Japan tsunami and new tsunami hazard data and mapping tools developed over the past 10 years indicate that some areas of the California coastline may have a higher tsunami hazard than is represented in the 2009 maps. Based on this more recent information, the State has determined that an update of the 2009 maps is warranted to protect the public from tsunami hazards. The following steps summarize the plan for updating the tsunami hazard maps, and provide guidance and a timeline for communities to update their emergency response plans, tsunami sign locations, etc.

Process for the State to update tsunami hazard maps:

- The updated tsunami hazard maps encompass the tsunami model flood areas (inundation areas) for maximum considered events and include a logical inland buffer which typically extends to the nearest streets and landmarks and/or to a set elevation.
- These maps could be used directly for evacuation purposes if a community so chooses.

- The State will meet with communities to discuss the new tsunami hazard maps and, if needed, help identify where community response plans may require updating.
- To allow time for communities to digest and accommodate changes in the State tsunami hazard maps, the maps will be made available to community planners at least one month prior to the State updating them in the "California Tsunami Preparedness Guide" on the www.tsunami.ca.gov website.
- The State will update the tsunami response decision-support tools/products (Playbooks) to include the new tsunami hazard area map (or an associated community tsunami evacuation map) as the updated maximum phase evacuation maps.

Over the past 10 years, tsunami science has significantly improved, with a better understanding of tsunami sources and enhancements to computer modeling. Tsunami events such as 2010 Chile, 2011 Japan, and 2018 Indonesia have taught scientists and planners a number of lessons about how to better plan for and respond to tsunamis. A new type of tsunami hazard map, the probabilistic tsunami hazard analysis (PTHA) map, represents all potential tsunami events with a 1000-year average return period, which translates to a 5 percent change of flood exceedance over a 50-year period. Overall, the new State tsunami inundation maps best characterize the state of tsunami science in California, and conservatively represent safe evacuation from all realistic tsunami events.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Adopt a resolution recognizing the necessity of updated tsunami inundation maps and adopting them for local use.

ALTERNATIVE ACTION(S):

Do not adopt the updated tsunami inundation maps.

FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no fiscal impact for Council to adopt the tsunami inundation maps.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACT:

Adopting the tsunami inundation maps will not impact GHG emissions.

CONSISTENCY:

Using the most up to date and complete information on the impact of a tsunami to the City of Fort Bragg and greater Mendocino Coast, allows the City to better plan for and respond more responsibly in the event of a tsunami. Adopting the updated tsunami maps is consistent with the following Coastal General Plan Chapter 7 – Safety Element policies and programs.

Policy SF-2.4 Tsunami: Minimize development in areas subject to tsunami.

Program SF-2.4.1: Request FEMA conduct the necessary studies to accurately map areas within the City that are subject to tsunamis.

Policy SF-2.5: Review development proposals to ensure that new development is not in an area subject to tsunami damage and if such development is otherwise allowable that it is designed to withstand tsunami damage.

Program SF-2.5.1: Review local- and distant-source tsunami inundation maps for Fort Bragg and adjacent coastal communities as they are developed to identify susceptible areas, plan evacuation routes or locations suitable for vertical evacuation and make evacuation plans available to all emergency responders and other appropriate parties.

Program SF-2.5.2: Identify and map potential tsunami inundation zones for land use planning. Maps should identify generalized tsunami inundation zones on a probabilistic basis (e.g., 100-year event).

Program SF-2.5.3: Review and update tsunami preparation response policies/practices to reflect current inundation maps and design standards, and submit these updated policies to the Coastal Commission for certification.

Policy SF-2.6: Avoid siting new critical facilities, including fire and police stations and hospitals in tsunami inundation zones to the maximum extent feasible. If it is necessary to site such facilities in tsunami inundation zones to provide adequate population protection, facilities shall be located and configured to be functional immediately after a 100-year tsunami event.

Program SF-2.6.1: Develop a local response plan and/or participate in any regional effort to develop and implement workable response plans for distribution of information on tsunami alerts, watches, and warnings, to appropriate emergency responders and City personnel.

Program SF-2.6.2: Include tsunami evacuation route information as part of any overall evacuation route sign program implemented in the City. Evacuation routes shall be clearly posted. An evacuation route traffic monitoring system that provides real-time information on the traffic flow at critical roadways should be considered.

Program SF-2.6.3: Develop and implement a tsunami educational program for residents, visitors, and people who work in the susceptible areas.

Policy SF-2.7: Require that overnight visitor-serving facilities in susceptible areas provide tsunami information and evacuation plans.

IMPLEMENTATION/TIMEFRAMES:

Staff will use the updated maps once completed by the State of California.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Resolution
- 2. FAQs on 2020-2021 California Tsunami Hazard Area Map Updates

NOTIFICATION:1. Brent Blaser, Mendocino County Office of Emergency Services (OES)

RESOLUTION NO. ____-2020

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL ADOPTING THE UPDATED TSUNAMI INUNDATION MAPS FOR LOCAL USE

WHEREAS, the California Tsunami Program, led by the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services and the California Geological Survey, is responsible for updating the state's tsunami inundation maps for evacuation planning and public safety; and

WHEREAS, communities use the State inundation maps to develop and update their evacuation maps and local response plans; and

WHEREAS, the State completed the current statewide tsunami inundation maps in 2009. Based on more recent information from tsunamis that have occurred since 2009, the State has determined that an update of the 2009 maps is warranted to protect the public from tsunami hazards; and

WHEREAS, the new State tsunami inundation maps best characterize the state of tsunami science in California, and conservatively represent safe evacuation from all realistic tsunami events; and

WHEREAS, the Project is exempt pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") and Title 14, the California Code of Regulations ("CEQA Guidelines"), Section 15269(c) as adoption of the updated tsunami inundation maps are necessary to plan for and to mitigate the impacts of a possible emergency in the event of a tsunami; and

WHEREAS, based on all the evidence presented, the City Council finds as follows:

- 1. Updated tsunami inundation maps provide a better understanding of tsunami sources around the Pacific Ocean and local earthquake and landslide sources off the California Coasts.
- 2. The updated tsunami hazard maps include an additional buffer that typically extends to the nearest streets and landmarks or a specific elevation, which will improve Fort Bragg's plans for evacuation needs.
- 3. Overall, the new State tsunami hazard area maps best characterize current tsunami science in California.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg
does hereby recognize the necessity of the updated tsunami inundation maps and adopts
them for use by the City of Fort Bragg.

The above and foregoing Resolution	was introduced by Councilmember
, seconded by Councilmember	, and passed and adopted at a regular
meeting of the City Council of the City of Fo	rt Bragg held on the 8th day of February,
2020, by the following vote:	

AYES: NOES:

ABSENT: ABSTAIN: RECUSED:		
	BERNIE NORVELL Mayor	
ATTEST:	·	
June Lemos, CMC City Clerk		



2020-2021 California Tsunami Hazard Area Map Updates



FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS:

What are the three different parts of tsunami modeling and mapping process?

- SOURCE The tsunami source is defined by the region, magnitude, and earthquake rupture area. We are only including large, realistic sources (earthquakes and landslides).
- PROPAGATION The part of tsunami modeling which shows movement of the tsunami from the source across the deep ocean towards the nearshore area of coastline.
- INUNDATION As the tsunami approaches the coast, a more precise model is used to simulate the tsunami moving within the shallow-water/nearshore region and onto land to show all areas of flooding. These products are reviewed in the office using GIS and in the field before the tsunami hazard area maps are created.

Why is the State updating the existing tsunami hazard area maps?

- The California Tsunami Program is constantly evaluating tsunami events and potential sources to ensure that coastal communities have plans in-place to reduce impacts from the tsunami hazard.
- The 2009 tsunami maps are 10-years old. New tsunami hazard information and mapping tools developed over the past 10 years indicate that some areas of coastline may have a higher tsunami hazard than represented in the existing maps.
- Guidelines established by the National Tsunami Hazard Mitigation Program recommend that tsunami hazard maps be re-evaluated and possibly updated every 5 to 10 years.

Are the existing 2009 tsunami inundation maps and related evacuation maps inaccurate or inadequate?

- The existing maps accurately capture the tsunami hazard for most major tsunamis from local and distant source threats.
- There are multiple reasons for the update: 1) to develop more precise tsunami hazard maps incorporating new information; 2) to follow national guidance on updating maps every 5 to 10 years; and 3) to provide more conservative, more consistent tsunami hazard maps statewide.
- Significant changes to the 2009 tsunami maps are not expected in most places.
- If significant changes occur to the defined tsunami hazard area, the State will assist local emergency managers and decision-makers who want to update their local tsunami response/evacuation plans.

What new tsunami hazard information is available, and why is it appropriate for updating the 2009 maps?

• Over the past 10 years, tsunami science has significantly improved, with a better understanding of tsunami sources and enhancements to computer modeling.

- New information is available about tsunami sources around the Pacific Ocean and local earthquake and landslide sources off the California coast. These sources are included in the tsunami hazard map updates in many areas.
- Improvements have also been made in the tsunami computer models used to simulate tsunami inundation. These improvements include verification against existing tsunami flood data and the availability of bathymetric and topographic information with higher map resolution, which improves accuracy. This enhances the ability of the tsunami model to capture subtle land surface changes and refine the extent of water flow onto land.
- Tsunami events such as 2010 Chile, 2011 Japan, and 2018 Indonesia taught scientists and planners a number of lessons about how to better plan for and respond to tsunamis.
 - In the 2011 Japan tsunami, hazard maps underestimated the tsunami threat in some locations in Japan because they were based on inundation from historical events over the past 100 to 500 years. However, there was geologic evidence of larger tsunami events that occurred on a 1000-year basis; the 2011 Japan tsunami was one of those 1000-year events.
 - California does not have historical tsunami records going back more than 200 years, though there is geologic evidence of a number of tsunamis over the past 3,500 years along the north coast where the Cascadia subduction zone is located.
 - Evacuation planning should not rely on the historical or geologic record alone; it should be more conservative. The State is using new scientific information to make tsunami planning more conservative and capture potential, lesser-known events.
- The new tsunami hazard maps incorporate most potential tsunami events with a 1000-year average return period; this return period translates to a 5 percent chance of flood exceedance over the next 50 years.
 - The tsunami hazard maps incorporate a statistical representation of the unknown, called "uncertainties." The upper statistical limit of uncertainty is added to the modeled inundation area, making the results more conservative and safeguarding communities against unknown tsunami hazards. This information helps provide a conservative buffer against potential tsunami events that have not happened in historic time or in the geologic record.
- The tsunami hazard maps include an additional buffer that typically extends to the nearest streets and landmarks or a specific elevation, which will more directly help communities with their evacuation planning needs.
- Overall, the new State tsunami hazard area maps best characterize current tsunami science in California.

When are the tsunami hazard area maps expected to be completed statewide?

- The State plans to complete all maps by the end of 2021.
- The existing maps and Playbooks are still valid and should be used during a tsunami event.

From: ajregister@yahoo.com

To: <u>Lemos, June</u>
Cc: <u>Peters, Lindy; Norvell, Bernie</u>

Subject: Tsunami Work Group Agenda Item 21-038 for City Council Meeting of 2/8/21

Date: Thursday, February 4, 2021 8:40:54 PM

Dear June:

Regarding the received report, I would like to make of record the following:

I. In preparing for tsunamis, the ability of the fleet at Noyo Harbor to evacuate may save many ships/boats even though the harbor's infrastructure may suffer loss.

Tsunamis travel at about 500 mph. Our sister city Otsuchi is about 4700 miles away (https://www.google.com/search?

<u>q=distance+from+fort+bragg%2C+ca+to+otsuchi%2C+japan</u>), which is about 9 hours. The tsunami warning network (<u>https://tsunami.gov/</u>) may give our coast several hours of warning, but such warning can come at any time and can be seen as completely unexpected.

Similar calculations can be done for Alaska/the Aleutians and Chile.

I propose that evacuation drills for the Noyo fleet be considered so that bottlenecks and other obstacle can be discovered and addressed as there is no substitute for real world exercises. When a tsunami hits, there will be limited time to safely evacuate. The Coast Guard may have some resources to help with such an exercise and when a tsunami actually occurs.

It may be that evacuating the fleet 3 miles offshore would ensure their safe and complete survival. Or, it may be another distance, but I don't think it would be too far out.

In any case, such drills would seem to better prepare the fleet for recovery after the tsunami and damage to the harbor would have less impact as evacuated craft would not be shackled to the harbor by debris waiting for excavation/dredging/removal.

In conducting such drills, I recommend one that is scheduled in advance under good conditions and one that is not under the worst conditions. For the unscheduled one, a certain week could be set aside during which such a drill could occur and notice given.

Success would require a high degree of participation and I don't know how to make that happen. Maybe some financial motivation via insurance companies could occur with lower premiums for those who lower the risk of loss for such companies.

II. Updating the inundation maps will probably not result in significant changes due to the geologic nature of the events involved. However, some important revisions may occur for at risk areas/structures.

Below is a list of links I made in July 2019 regarding such online maps. Please note that Table 1 at the bottom of these maps indicate the source by which the tsunami effects are gauged.

https://www.google.com/search?

q=map+tsunami+mendocino&oq=map+tsunami+mendocino

https://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/tsunami/maps/mendocino

https://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/Documents/Tsunami/Maps/Tsunami_Inundation _Mendocino_Quad_Mendocino.pdf

https://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/Documents/Tsunami/Maps/Tsunami_Inundation FortBragg Quad Mendocino.pdf

https://www.conservation.ca.gov/cgs/Documents/Tsunami/Maps/Tsunami_Inundation _Inglenook_Quad_Mendocino.pdf

My thanks to the staff and council of the city for seeking to make Fort Bragg safer, more survivable, and more sustainable.

Best Regards,

Andrew Jordan Fort Bragg, CA From: George
To: Lemos, June

Subject: Tsunamis bring it all together. A comment on Agenda item 8A.

Date: Sunday, February 7, 2021 4:56:06 PM

Attachments: Tsunami Inundation FortBragg Quad Mendocino.pdf

Hello June,

Once again, please forward this to all the FB Council members. And thanks, June, for all the ways you are keeping our community connected.

Honorable council members,

For years now, many of us in the Fort Bragg community have been making the connections between Earthquake, Tsunami and sea level rise—SLR. I'm sure you all have read or heard that SLR is happening far faster that was previously thought. It is good that our tsunami maps are being up-dated, yet it appears the the info for our coast may be way out of date. I followed the links to the website and found this tsunami inundation map:

Any discussion of tsunami must include proactive planning, such as the suggestions made by Andrew Jorden in public comment. Tsunamis will come and they will be far larger than the one we experienced a few years back. The sea level will be higher than any assumptions this map is based upon. The crappy old beach berm will be overwhelmed. Toxic ponds 6 &7 will be inundated. The north wall of the mill pond will be undermined and perhaps taken out. All the dioxins, heavy metals and toxic petroleum products will swirl around, polluting the ocean and even our own drinking water supply.

This agenda item begs the question: How well are we preparing for the environmental challenges we know are coming?

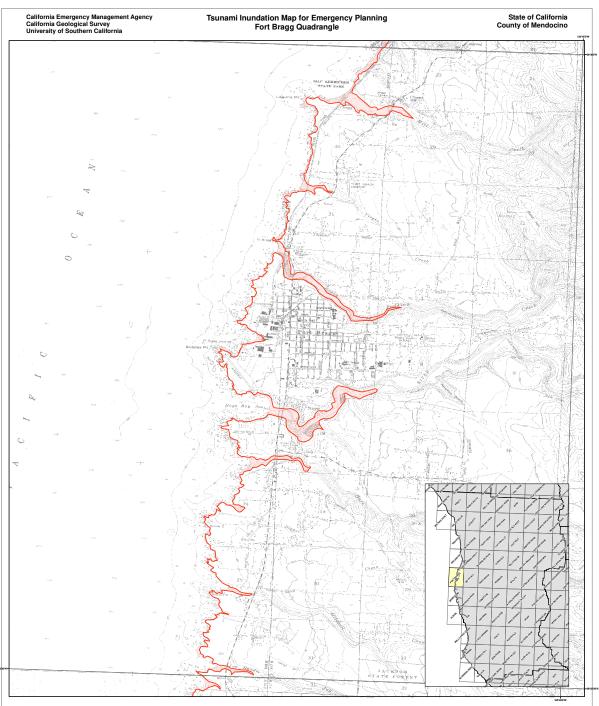
Do we have a regional response planned even though the Harbor is in the county, but not in the city?

The RAP for the rest of OU-E remains a chance for the CC to insist that we cannot leave in place the toxic legacy of G-P.

Thanks for this opportunity to comment, rather more broadly, on this tsunami update. As in all things environmental it is all connected.

And thanks for all you do to keep our community moving forward,

George Reinhardt



METHOD OF PREPARATION

Titov, V.V., and Synolakis, C.E., 1998, Numerical modeling of tidal wave runup: Journal of Waterways, Port, Coastal and Ocean Engineering, ASCE, 124 (4), pp 157-171. U.S. Geological Survey, 1993, Digital Elevation Models: National Mapping Program Technical Instructions, Data Users Guide 5, 48 p.

TSUNAMI INUNDATION MAP FOR EMERGENCY PLANNING

State of California ~ County of Mendocino FORT BRAGG QUADRANGLE

June 1, 2009

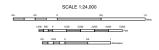


	Table 1: Tsunami sources modeled for the Mendocino County co	astline.		
Sources (M = moment magnitude used in modeled event)		Areas of Inundation Map Coverage and Sources Used		
		Shelter Cove	Mendocin o	Point Arena
	Cascadia Subduction Zone-south segment, narrow rupture (M8.4)	Х	х	
Local Sources	Cascadia Subduction Zone-south segment, wide rupture (M8.5)	Х	х	х
	Cascadia Subduction Zone-south segment and Little Salmon Fault #2 (M8.5)	Х	х	
	Central Aleutians Subduction Zone #1 (M8.9)	X	X	Х
	Central Aleutians Subduction Zone #2 (M8.9)	X	X	
	Central Aleutians Subduction Zone #3 (M9.2)	X	X	X
Distant Sources	1964 Alaska Earthquake (M9.2)	X	X	X
	Japan Subduction Zone #2 (M8.8)	X	X	
	Kuril Islands Subduction Zone #2 (M8.8)	X	X	
	Kuril Islands Subduction Zone #3 (M8.8)	X	X	
1	Kuril Islands Subduction Zone #4 (M8.8)	X	X	







MAP EXPLANATION



PURPOSE OF THIS MAP

and Almospheric Agency Center for Tsunami Research (MOST model): naa.gov/time/background/models.html

MAP BASE

DISCLAIMER

From: noreply@granicusideas.com

To: <u>Lemos, June</u>

Subject: New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 5:01:18 AM

SpeakUp

New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Gabriel Maroney submitted a new eComment.

Meeting: City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Item: 8A. 21-038 Receive Report from Redwood Coast Tsunami Work Group, California Geological Survey and California Governor's Office of Emergency Services California Tsunami Program Representatives on Tsunami Hazard Updates and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Adopting Updated Tsunami Hazard Maps

eComment: Ideally local efforts would act as a beacon and paragon to be emulated in discovering the next generation of scientific breakthroughs to set trends in modeling. Working directly with foundations like the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, State Universities, local colleges, and marine science groups to develop local programs, research centers, and observation outposts.

View and Analyze eComments

This email was sent from https://granicusideas.com.

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From: Gabriel Maroney
To: Lemos, June

Cc: Norvell, Bernie; Morsell-Haye, Jessica; Peters, Lindy; Albin-Smith, Tess; Miller, Tabatha; Lee, Will (Personal)

Subject: Regarding Conduct of Business 8A. 21-038

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 4:31:50 AM

Attachments: <u>SLR.pages</u>

Good Morning June!

I am submitting comments (attached) for 8A.

Thank you, Gabriel

Regarding Conduct of Business 8A. 21-038:

To consider a resolution recognizing the necessity of updated tsunami inundation maps and adopting them for local use.

Dear Honorable Fort Bragg Council Members,

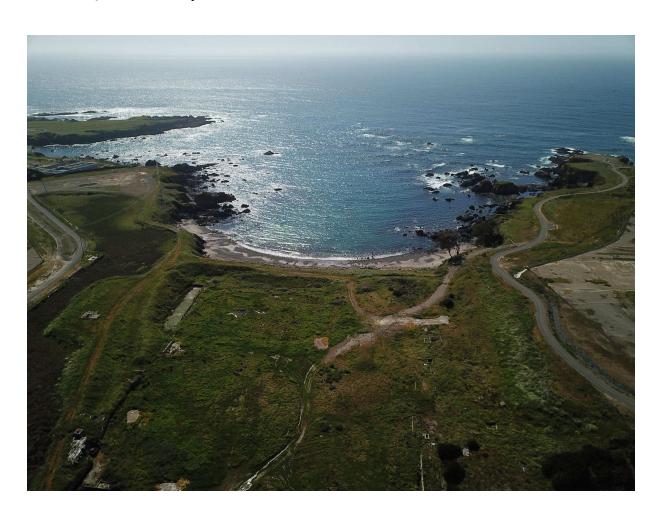
I greatly appreciate attention given to this venue as it has direct influence on our community's safety and future viability. Although updating tsunami inundation maps is a sound and important action, it is frankly a small element in comparison to the totality of actionable opportunities in preparation for disaster and adaptive coastal response systems. In short, it can be an invaluable step, yet this step is insufficient alone...as we know; The council might also extend effort further to make sure what is updated be the best and most up to date mapping and available state of sciences related; such as the map George Reinhardt forwarded to the council in due diligence. Further, it may be imperative to solicit collaboration and feedback from the Noyo Harbor Commission and other effected property owners within expanded tsunami zones, including how to implement the updated information; also because it has the potential to limit development further and also has the inherent ability to ensure enhanced future safety.

I recall the Council's affirmation to be self reliant and visionary, being that this region can be similar to an island and therefore anticipate, plan, and engender local enduring sustainability across critically essential community needs. Because of this I encourage the Council to prioritize developing multi-institutional committees that support and seek a robust build up in Natural Science and Ecosystem Analysis. A simple example of this is the potential Noyo Harbor, City, and County Ad Hoc committee that could also include education institutions and citizen research/science advisory positions to review intel and correspond with intelligence agencies. An investment in attempts to extend communication and develop the Nexus between these governmental bodies and other associated institutions will aid to traverse opportunities in addressing sea level rise, emergency preparedness, tsunamis, and the evolution of response. Directly put, **WE** (our coastal region) should be at the

vanguard of researching and providing analysis and data to the community at large (and globally) when it comes to this critical infrastructure. Ideally local efforts would act as a beacon and paragon to be emulated in discovering the next generation of scientific breakthroughs to set trends in modeling. Working directly with foundations like the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, State Universities, local colleges, and marine science groups to develop local programs, research centers, and observation outposts to undertake a long term commitment to prepare and instill proper safety protocols to sufficiently armor the public against disasters such as tsunamis that could strike at any moment. Current systems are far behind and not only need to catch up to a modern understanding, but also lead and act as the tip of the spear of oceanic modeling.

Thank you for your contemplation, time, and consideration.

Essentially, Gabriel Quinn Maroney



From: Jenny Shattuck
To: Lemos, June
Subject: Tsunami

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 7:17:02 PM

This report was great and I truly hope it brings to light the very real need to restore our airstrip on the millsite. OES has said we will be on our own for months should a major emergency happen, as highly populated areas will need and be focus of reaources. Having somewhere between bridges to land in an emergency, given that it isnt destroyed, will be essential. Be it for supplies, staging area etc. Thank you,

Jenny Shattuck



City of Fort Bragg

416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 21-043

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Business

In Control: City Council File Type: Resolution

Agenda Number: 8B.

Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Approving Amendment 7 Extending the Term of the Franchise Agreement with Waste Management and Authorizing City

Manager to Execute Same





AGENCY: City Council
MEETING DATE: February 8, 2021
DEPARTMENT: City Manager
PRESENTED BY: Tabatha Miller

EMAIL ADDRESS: tmiller@fortbragg.com

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

TITLE:

Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Approving Amendment 7 Extending the Term of the Franchise Agreement with Waste Management and Authorizing City Manager to Execute Same

ISSUE:

The City of Fort Bragg's Franchise Agreement with USA Waste of California, Inc., dba Empire Waste Management (WM) expires on June 30, 2021. City and County staff jointly met with WM for initial discussions on negotiating new agreements on September 23, 2020, both jurisdictions thought that working together would be beneficial. Both the City and County wanted a short term (12 to 18 months) extension of the current Franchise Agreement so that the longer term goal of building a coastal transfer station could be incorporated into a Request for Proposals (RFP) for solid waste collections by both jurisdictions. At that time, WM indicated that they would not enter into a short-term extension of the Franchise Agreements and the minimum term they would consider was five years. One of the challenges since September has been engaging WM staff in discussions regarding terms of a new Agreement.

Part of the challenge is that it has been in WM's best interest to delay negotiations as long as possible in order to prevent another provider from having sufficient time to establish a local facility, purchase the trucks and other equipment necessary to establish an operation on the coast, and hire staff. Six months is considered the time typically needed to make such a transition. On January 31st, five months remained before the WM Agreement expires.

As the Council knows, the County Board of Supervisors made the decision to bid their franchise on December 8, 2020. The County's Request for Proposals was issued on January 26, 2021. The submission deadline is March 12, 2021 and presentation of solid waste vendors to the Board of Supervisors is projected to be March 23, 2021, with award of the new Agreement on April 20, 2021.

No action was considered at the special meeting scheduled on January 27, 2021, for the City Council to consider transitioning the solid waste franchise to C&S Waste Solutions, Inc. (C&S) as of July 1, 2021. However, the City Council heard from members of the public on the agenda item. A representative from WM, Brad Cea, offered the City Council a one-year franchise agreement extension without any rate increases during that time period. WM provided the City with a signed Amendment No. 7 (Attachment 2), which extends the City's current Franchise Agreement with WM until June 30, 2022 and waives a June 1, 2021 cost of living adjustment. Please note that the proposed Amendment does not waive the pass-through rate adjustments that are typically applied as of January 1, 2022 for changes in disposal costs.

ANALYSIS:

Franchise Agreements

The current Solid Waste Franchise Agreement, was executed on January 8, 2007 and originally contained a termination date of June 30, 2014. In August of 2011, the Agreement was extended to June 30, 2021.

<u>California Public Resources Code Section 40059</u> provides the City with the authority to determine all aspects of solid waste handling as it is of local concern, including the frequency of and means of collection, transportation, level of services, charges and fees and extent of providing such services. Section 40059 also allows cities to determine how services are procured, it allows cities to obtain services by using partially exclusive or wholly exclusive franchises, contracts, licenses or permits with or without competitive bidding. This code section also provides the City with the authority to establish its own terms for procuring solid waste services by resolution or ordinance.

Fort Bragg Municipal Code Chapter 6.08 – Refuse and Recyclable Collections, Section 6.08.020 provides that no one can engage in refuse and recycling collection in the City except under contract with the City. That contract can be exclusive or nonexclusive and the City may regulate all aspects of collection. The chapter also provides regulation on how solid waste is prepared, contained, stored and collected within City limits.

WM Extension

Extending the current Solid Waste Franchise Agreement with WM will provide the City sufficient time to issue a Request for Proposal then evaluate potential solid waste providers, award a Franchise Agreement and, if applicable, transition services to a new provider. An additional consideration is whether to include an option for potential providers to propose solutions to the larger regional issue of upgrading and transferring operations of a transfer station to a central coastal location.

The additional 12 months will also provide an opportunity for the City to monitor the Mendocino County's RFP for residential and commercial garbage, recyclable material and organic waste collection for Franchise Area No. 2. Franchise Area 2 includes the Coastal Rate Zone, which is the unincorporated area from south of Westport to just south of Albion, excluding the City of Fort Bragg and inland approximately 15 miles; and the Inland Rate Zone which includes unincorporated areas in the Ukiah Valley from Potter Valley to the south Mendocino county line (see Attachment 3). The Area 2 Franchise with WM also expires on June 30, 2021. Approximate customer accounts currently served by WM in Mendocino County are provided in the table below:

Customer Type	Mendocino County Coastal Zone	Mendocino County Inland Zone	City of Fort Bragg	Total
Residential	3,760	4,444	1,845	10,049
Commercial	138	761	394	1,293

C&S, Solid Waste of Willits, Inc. and WM have all indicated that they are interested in providing solid waste services to the City of Fort Bragg and Mendocino Franchise Area 2. There may also be other providers, who are unknown to the City at this time, but potentially would submit a response to a City RFP.

An issue that has already raised concern and interest in the greater coastal community is the location of a solid waste transfer station operated by a provider other than WM. WM operates a direct-haul transfer facility and California Redemption Value (CRV) Center at 219 Pudding Creek Road within Fort Bragg City limits. This facility currently serves both City and County Coastal customers. Extending the City's Franchise with WM provides additional time for the City to work through alternative siting locations of a direct-haul transfer facility.

If the Council provides direction tonight or at a future meeting for the City to follow the path of issuing an RFP for solid waste services, an ideal time table would allow the City to take into account the outcome of the County's Franchise Area 2 RFP process, including any changes in current service providers. Issuing an RFP in May would allow the City Council to possibly award a new franchise agreement in July or August 2021 that would be effective July 1, 2022. This provides more than the 6-month time frame typically considered the minimum amount of time to transition providers.

Environmental Analysis

Approving the 12-month extension of the WM Franchise Agreement meets the definition of a "Project" under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as it is reasonably foreseeable that the action could result in an indirect physical change in the environment and is an activity supported in whole or in part by a public agency contract. However, it can be seen with certainty that the extending the current terms of the solid waste franchise for another 12 months would not have a significant impact on the environment and is therefore exempt from CEQA pursuant to the "common sense" exemption [14 CCR 15061(b)(3)].

The project involves approving a contract with WM that would extend an exclusive solid waste franchise for service within the City limits for an additional 12 months under the same terms that are currently in place. Solid waste would continue to be collected from existing source locations throughout the City and in the same manner. There are no new services offered or proposed changes to operations under the extension.

CEQA defines "Significant effect on the environment" as a substantial, or potentially substantial, adverse change in any of the physical conditions within the area affected by the project including land, air, water, minerals, flora fauna, ambient noise, and objects of history or aesthetic significance. It can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activities in question would result in any significant environmental impacts, therefore executing Amendment No. 7 to the Franchise Agreement between the City of Fort Bragg and USA Waste of California, Inc., DBA Empire Waste Management is exempt from CEQA under the "sense" exemption Section 15061(b)(3).

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Staff recommends that the City Council adopt the Resolution to approve Amendment No. 7 to the Franchise Agreement with USA Waste of California, Inc., DBA Empire Waste

Management and authorizing the City Manager to sign. Further, staff recommends that the City Council provide direction to staff to draft a Request for Proposal (RFP) for Solid Waste Collection within the City of Fort Bragg, for future City Council consideration.

ALTERNATIVE ACTION(S):

- 1. Do not approve the resolution and direct staff to continue negotiations with C&S Group Holdings, Inc. for an Assumption and Amendment of Franchise Agreement of the Fort Bragg Solid Waste Franchise Agreement.
- 2. Do not approve the resolution and direct staff to continue negotiations with USA Waste of California Inc. for a longer term extension of the Franchise Agreement.
- 3. Do not approve the resolution and direct staff to seek negotiations with Solid Waste of Willits, Inc. for an Assumption and Amendment of Franchise Agreement of the Fort Bragg Solid Waste Franchise Agreement.
- 4. Provide alternative direction.

FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no fiscal impact to the City or solid waste customers, the contract terms are identical to the current agreement, except that the cost of living adjustment effective June 1, 2021 would be waived by WM.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACT:

As there are no new services to be provided or change in operations under the extension of the current Franchise Agreement, thus no additional GHG should be generated.

CONSISTENCY:

Securing a contract with a provider is consistent with Chapter 6.08: Refuse and Recyclable Collection – of the Fort Bragg Municipal Code.

IMPLEMENTATION/TIMEFRAMES:

If approved, Amendment #7 would be effective upon signature by both the City of Fort Bragg and USA Waste of California.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Resolution
- 2. Amendment No. 7 to Franchise Agreement
- 3. Mendocino County Franchise Area 2 Map

NOTIFICATION:

- 1. Kayla Rodriguez, Public Sector Manager, Waste Management
- 2. Steve Shamblin, District Manager 1, Empire Waste Management
- 3. Notify Me, Solid Waste Franchise

RESOLUTION NO. -2021

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL APPROVING AMENDMENT NO. 7 TO THE FRANCHISE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG AND USA WASTE OF CALIFORNIA, INC., DBA EMPIRE WASTE MANAGEMENT AND AUTHORIZING CITY MANAGER TO EXECUTE SAME

WHEREAS, the Legislature of the State of California, by enactment of the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989, has declared that it is within the public interest to authorize and require local agencies to make adequate provisions for Solid Waste handling within their jurisdictions; and

WHEREAS, pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 40059 (a) (2), the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg (City) determined that the public health, safety and well-being require that an exclusive franchise be awarded to a qualified Solid Waste enterprise for the collection and recovery of solid waste from certain residential, industrial and commercial areas in the City; and

WHEREAS, the Fort Bragg Municipal Code Section 6.08.020 provides that no one can engage in refuse and recycling collection services in the City except under contract with the City; and

WHEREAS, the City's intention in executing the Agreement was to maintain reasonable rates for collection and transportation of solid waste, discarded recyclable materials and green waste within the area covered by the Agreement; and

WHEREAS, The City and USA Waste of California, Inc., DBA Empire Waste Management (Waste Management) executed a Franchise Agreement (Agreement) dated January 8, 2007; and

WHEREAS, The City and USA Waste of California, Inc., DBA Empire Waste Management (Waste Management) executed a Franchise Agreement (Agreement) dated January 8, 2007 which expires on June 30, 2021; and

WHEREAS, based on all the evidence presented, the City Council finds as follows:

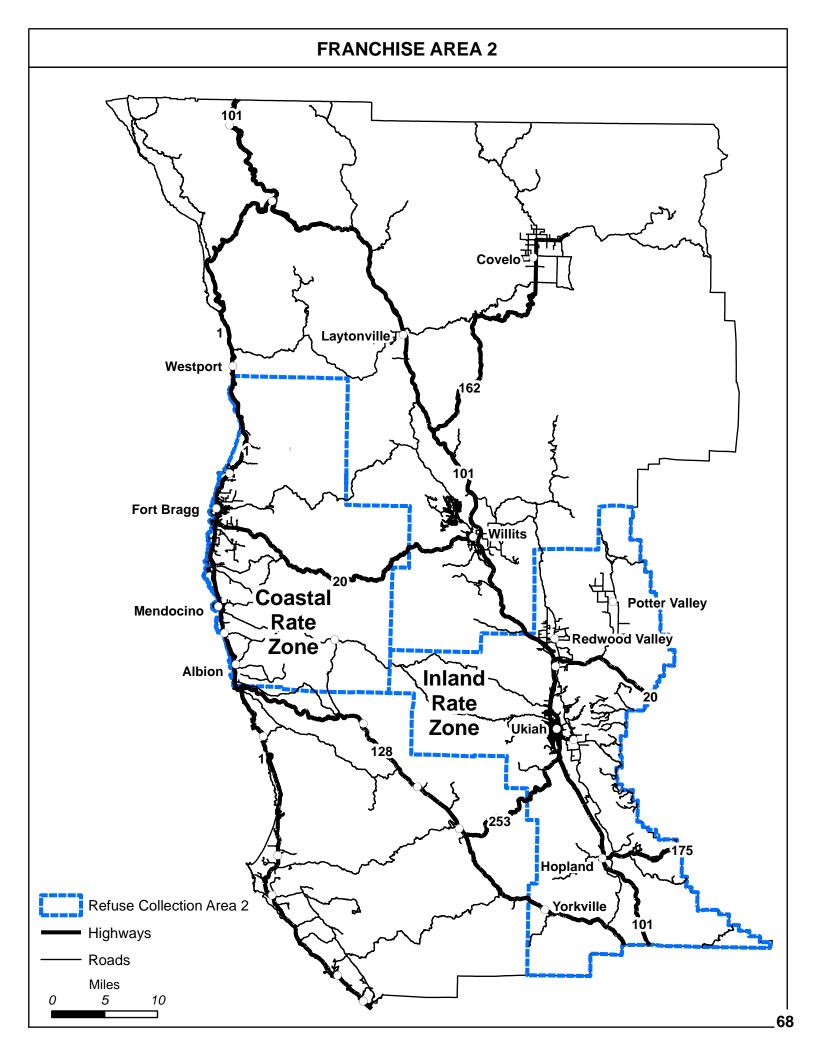
- 1. It is in the best interest of the City and all Fort Bragg solid waste customers to extend the term of the Franchise Agreement between the City of Fort Bragg and USA Waste of California, Inc., DBA Empire Waste Management for an additional twelve months to June 30, 2022.
- 2. Pursuant to California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Guidelines Section 15061(b)(3), extending the Franchise Agreement between the City of Fort Bragg and USA Waste of California, Inc., DBA Empire Waste Management for an additional twelve months is exempt from CEQA as it can be seen with certainty that there is no possibility that the activity in question may have a significant effect on the environment. The activity does not have a significant impact on the environment because there is no change in the existing operations of solid waste collection services in the City.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED does hereby approve Amendment No. 7 to the Bragg and USA Waste of California, Inc., DBA City Manager to execute same.	
The above and foregoing Resolution seconded by Councilmember, and the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg he following vote:	d passed and adopted at a regular meeting o
AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN: RECUSED:	
	BERNIE NORVELL Mayor
ATTEST:	
June Lemos, CMC City Clerk	

SEVENTH AMENDMENT TO FRANCHISE AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG AND USA WASTE OF CALIFORNIA, INC. DBA EMPIRE WASTE MANAGEMENT

This Seventh Amendment To Franchise Agreement Between the City of Fort Bragg and USA Waste of California, Inc. dba Empire Waste Management (hereinafter, the "Seventh Amendment") is by and between USA Waste of California, Inc., dba Empire Waste Management, hereinafter called "GRANTEE", and the City of Fort Bragg, hereinafter called "CITY," is made this day of, 2021 at Fort Bragg, California.
WHEREAS, CITY and GRANTEE entered into a Franchise Agreement (the "Agreement") for the collection, transportation, and disposal of solid waste in the CITY on January 8, 2007; and
WHEREAS, pursuant to Amendment No. 2 to the Agreement, the term of the Agreement was extended to June 30, 2021; and
WHEREAS, the parties wish to further extend the Agreement to June 30, 2022;
NOW THEREFORE, it is agreed as follows:
1. The term of the Agreement under Section 4(A)(2) is extended to June 30, 2022.
2. The June 1, 2021 annual cost of living rate adjustment set forth in Section 15(B) of the Agreement is waived by Grantee.
3. All other terms and conditions of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.
CITY OF FORT BRAGG USA WASTE OF CALIFORNIA, INC.
By:
ATTEST:
By: Title:
APPROVED AS TO FORM:
By: Title:

for



From: noreply@granicusideas.com

To: <u>Lemos, June</u>

Subject: New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 1:40:35 PM

SpeakUp

New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Ryan Whitaker submitted a new eComment.

Meeting: City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Item: 8B. 21-043 Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Approving Amendment 7 Extending the Term of the Franchise Agreement with Waste Management and Authorizing City Manager to Execute Same

eComment: Hi,my name is Ryan Whitaker and I've been with WM for 16 years. I am currently the Fleet Manager for both the Fort Bragg and Ukiah truck fleets. I hope the city council considers the benefits of having a corporation like Waste Management as a hauler, because beyond picking up and hauling trash, Waste Management has a longstanding record of making environmental protections and public safety a top priority. Waste Management's commitment to values that protect this community go above and beyond.

View and Analyze eComments

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From: noreply@granicusideas.com

To: <u>Lemos, June</u>

Subject: New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 4:56:45 PM

SpeakUp

New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Jacob Patterson submitted a new eComment.

Meeting: City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Item: 8B. 21-043 Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Approving Amendment 7 Extending the Term of the Franchise Agreement with Waste Management and Authorizing City Manager to Execute Same

eComment: I support this short-term contract extension but only to facilitate a more orderly transition process to a new solid waste arrangement. The City likely would not even have the opportunity for this short-term extension had you followed the staff recommendation in December to enter into an exclusive negotiation with Waste Management. Luckily, you considered my public comment opposing that action and followed my recommendation for non-exclusive talks that improved the City's negotiation position.

View and Analyze eComments

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From: Mary Rose Kaczorowski

To: <u>Lemos, June</u> **Subject:** Gibney Lane project

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 6:08:28 PM

Many are asking how and why this project was not given more heightened Environmental Review. Lack of input from neighbors is missing as well. Why change what is already working?

My Best Regards,

Mary Rose Kaczorowski, MTS

m."

From: jay@mcn.org
To: Lemos, June

Subject: Waste Management comment

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 7:50:35 PM

Dear Council Members,

I would like to see the Council ultimately find the best trash hauling service etc. for the residents of Fort Bragg. Giving WM a 12 month extension could be advantageous. I am disappointed WM waited so long and perhaps assumed the City would just continue along with them. I would also like to know what is in the works for the Bully Waste pickup. My understanding is that it is stated in the current Franchise Agreement and is typically scheduled within the first 2-4 months of each Calendar year.

Kind Regards, Jay Rosenquist



City of Fort Bragg

416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 21-041

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Business

In Control: City Council File Type: Staff Report

Agenda Number: 8C.

Receive Presentation on the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Year Ended

June 30, 2020 for the City of Fort Bragg and Consider Accepting the CAFR as Presented





AGENCY: City Council
MEETING DATE: February 8, 2021

DEPARTMENT: Finance
PRESENTED BY: Isaac Whippy

EMAIL ADDRESS: iwhippy@fortbragg.com

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

TITLE:

Receive Presentation on the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Year Ended June 30, 2020 for the City of Fort Bragg and Consider Accepting the CAFR as Presented

ISSUE:

As required by State and federal law, an independent audit of the City's financial records must be performed on an annual basis. The financial records include those of the City of Fort Bragg ("City") and its component unit, the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1 ("District").

An audit review for the City and District has been performed and completed by JJACPA, Inc., an independent audit firm. Copies of the reports will be forwarded to all federal, State and banking entities as necessary.

Government Accountant Isaac Whippy and Brett Jones, CPA, of JJACPA, Inc. will present the report and respond to any questions that are raised.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Accept, by motion, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as presented.

ALTERNATIVE ACTION(S):

Do not accept the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as presented.

ANALYSIS:

The Independent Auditor's Report (pages 1-2) as well as highlights of Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 3-19) of the CAFR will be presented.

FISCAL IMPACT:

There is no fiscal impact with the presentation of this item.

IMPLEMENTATION/TIMEFRAMES:

Not applicable.

ATTACHMENTS:

- City of Fort Bragg Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, together with Independent Auditors' Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2020
- 2. Auditor's Communication Letter 2020
- 3. Representation Letter 2020
- 4. Municipal Improvement District No. 1 Financial Statements

NOTIFICATION:

- 1. Joseph Arch, Brett Jones JJACPA, Inc.
- 2. Finance & Budgeting Notify Me Subscribers



City of Fort Bragg, California

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020



Prepared by City of Fort Bragg Senior Government Accountant Isaac Whippy

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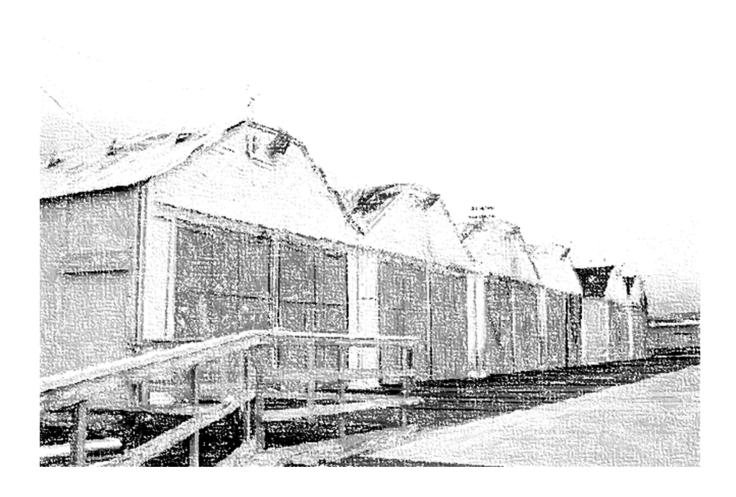
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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- > Letter of Transmittal
- > Organizational Chart, Elected and Appointed Officials

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January 29, 2021

To the Citizens of the City of Fort Bragg, Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council:

As required by State and federal law, the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Fort Bragg (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is hereby published.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report based upon a comprehensive framework of internal controls that are established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The City's basic financial statements have been audited by JJACPA, Inc., an accounting firm fully licensed and qualified to perform audits of local governments within the State of California. The financial statements included in this report were audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and government auditing standards. The independent auditors concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified ("clean") opinion that the City's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the City's basic financial statements is part of a broader, federally-mandated Single Audit designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the City's fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the City's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the report of the independent auditors and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A was designed to complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

This report combines the financial statements of the City, the Successor Agency to the Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency (Successor Agency), and the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1 (MID) in accordance with principles defining the governmental reporting entity adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The financial operations of the Successor Agency and MID, though legally separate from the City, are closely related to the City. The City Council members serve as the governing board for the MID, which is presented as a blended component unit in the financial statements. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. For a more detailed

overview of the City's component units, see the Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements on pages 3-19 and 49-92, respectively.

Profile of the Government

The City of Fort Bragg, incorporated in 1889, is located approximately 165 miles north of San Francisco and 188 miles west of Sacramento on the scenic coast of Mendocino County. The City occupies 2.7 square miles. Census 2010 places the City's population at 7,273. Although it is quite small, Fort Bragg is the largest city on the coast between San Francisco and Eureka. The largest employment categories in the City include health care, public education, local government, wholesale and retail trade, and tourism. The mild climate and picturesque coastline make Fort Bragg a popular tourist and recreational area.

Fort Bragg is a general law city under California state law and its rights, powers, privileges, authority, and functions are established through the State constitution. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The five members of the Fort Bragg City Council are elected by the voters to serve overlapping four-year terms. The Mayor is elected by, and from, the City Council for a two-year term. The City Council appoints the City Manager who serves at their discretion. The City Council is a policy-setting body that is responsible for, among other things, enacting ordinances, adopting the budget, and appointing committees. Several boards, commissions, and committees assist the City Council and Administration in carrying out various aspects and functions of city government. The members of the City Council also serve as the governing board for the Successor Agency to the Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency and the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1.

The City Manager is responsible for directing and supervising the administration of all departments of the City to ensure that laws, ordinances, orders, resolutions, contracts, leases, and franchises are enforced and executed, and for appointing all City employees.

The City provides a wide range of services to its residents including public safety services, construction and maintenance of streets and infrastructure, water service, wastewater service, community development, financial management and administrative services. Special districts, agencies and Joint Power Authorities (JPAs) under the jurisdiction of the City provide services such as wastewater treatment and fire protection throughout the City. Other entities not under the City's jurisdiction that provide services to the City's population include the school district, hospital district, recreation district, harbor district, and other special districts.

The annual budget provides a comprehensive statement of the City's organization, operations and resources and it expresses City Council and Municipal Improvement District Board policies and priorities in all areas of the City's operations. The budget process is the vehicle through which the City establishes goals and objectives and prioritizes desired programs or services which can be financed by the City's projected revenue for the budget year. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). It is the means through which policy decisions are made, effected, controlled and monitored. The City Manager is responsible for submitting and recommending an operating budget and a capital improvements budget for City Council consideration and adoption. Throughout the year, the budget serves as a financial management tool and an operational plan for the delivery of City services and capital projects.

In addition to the budget planning process, the City maintains budgetary controls. The City's objective in maintaining budgetary control is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within funds as deemed necessary in order to meet the City's needs subject to policy defined in the Fiscal Policies of the budget. The City Council may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal year.

The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for expenditure of money are secured in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation. Total expenditures of each fund may not exceed fund appropriations and total expenditures for each department may not exceed departmental appropriations. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as committed fund balance. Unencumbered amounts lapse at year-end and may be appropriated as part of the following year's budget.

Spending Limitation

Article XIIIB of the California Constitution, also known as the Gann spending limit, restricts the amount of "proceeds of taxes" California governments may spend. As of June 30, 2020, the City was \$3.8 million or 36% under the total Article XIHB (Gann) spending limitation. The City was not impacted by the spending limitation in FY 2019/20.

Citywide Achievements in FY 2019/20

- Received the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award from the Government Finance Officers Association, this was the fifth year the City has received this award.
- Promptly responded to the pandemic and economic shutdown by adopting a plan to reduce staffing levels and expenses in order to control deficit spending. Created a system to closely track revenues and expenses and regularly report those results to the City Council and the public.
- Established a recession reserve equal to 5% of the operating expenses for the General, Water, and Wastewater funds at the beginning of the fiscal year. These reserves provided the City a cushion against the pandemic and economic shutdown.
- Completed construction of an \$18.1 million upgrade to the City's Wastewater Treatment Plant. The upgraded facility successfully came on line in late March.
- Applied for and received a \$163k Public Safety Power Shutoff resiliency grant from CalOES in order to harden the City's communication channels in the event of a long-term power outage, like the five day event experienced by the City in late October, 2019.
- Developed the framework for an Economic Incentives Manual to support economic development in Fort Bragg.
- COVID-19 related Efforts:
 - Waived penalties and interest on unpaid water and sewer bills. Policy that no account would be shut off for nonpayment.
 - o Eviction Moratorium for residential and commercial customers.
 - Landlord Assistance Fund for no-interest loans.
 - o TOT filing and payment forbearance March through June.
 - CDBG business loan forbearance.
 - Created <u>Smallbiz@fortbragg.com</u> to keep businesses informed and to promote local businesses.
 - Created FortBragg2Go website to promote takeout and delivery from local restaurants.
 - Tenant-based rental assistance program established with HOME grant funds.
 - Created a Temporary Waiver to provide businesses with the flexibility to adapt operations to comply with stay at home orders.

Local Economy and Outlook

Fort Bragg's economy relies heavily on tourism. Like the overall City's economy, the City of Fort Bragg is also heavily dependent on tourism for its revenues. Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT), also known as bed tax, and sales tax are the two largest sources of revenue for the City's General Fund and in a typical year together make up nearly half of the City's General Fund revenue.

Like most jurisdictions across our nation, the City of Fort Bragg's tourism economy was essentially shut down in the early months of the pandemic. TOT revenue for the last quarter of the fiscal year, from April through June, was down 66% compared to the prior year. Overall, TOT revenue was down 21% for the year. The City's General Fund Sales Tax or Bradley-Burns tax (1% of taxable transactions) fared better and actually increased by \$69,298. However, this was the result of not accruing the twelfth Bradley-Burns tax payment for the FY 2018/19. Thus the City's General Fund sales tax was under reported in FY 2018/19 by \$129,000 and over reported in this fiscal year by the same amount. If you adjust for this misapplication, the General Fund's sales tax was down \$188,702 or by 10% for FY 2019/20.

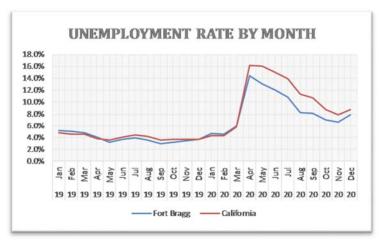
For the first quarter of the FY 2020/21, both the Bradley Burns sales tax and the TOT revenues recovered from the shutdown of the economy. The State and County health orders were eased to allow nonessential travel and Fort Bragg experienced a rebound of tourism. Fort Bragg is within driving distance of San Francisco and Sacramento, so shorter trips by car appear to be a preferred get away during the pandemic. The TOT revenue for first quarter (July to September) was up 8.4% over the prior year same quarter. The City's General Fund sales tax for the first quarter was up 12% over the prior year. These trends have continued into the second quarter revenue receipts, however, the pandemic and the frequently changing stay at home orders will likely have the most consequential influence on the local economy going forward.

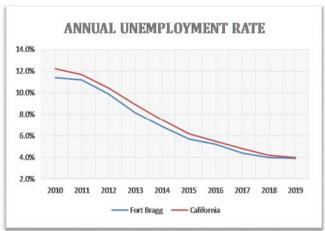


While, the number of homes sold in the Fort Bragg 95437 zip code dipped 6% in FY 2019-20, likely due to the shutdown during the last quarter of the year, home sales in the first half of FY 2020-21 are at 93% of total sales for the prior year. This appears to be part of a national trend. The pandemic forced many workers to work from home and employers have increasingly allowed this to become the new norm. Locally, many of these sales have been made to individuals and families who have moved out of urban areas. The median home price in June of 2020 in 95437 zip code was \$419,000, an increase of 5% over June of 2019, but still substantially lower than home values in the San Francisco Bay area. Under California's Proposition 13, approved by voters in 1978, assessed property values are only increased when there is new ownership or new construction. Proposition 8, approved after Prop 13 in 1978, allows for property values to be adjusted downward if an owner suffers from a decline in value. Retroactive and delayed processing of Prop 8 adjustments reduce the impact of increased real estate values in Mendocino County. The City's property revenue increased by 3% in FY 2019-20 and is expected to continue to grow at similar modest increases 2-3% per year.



Until March, 2020, the City had experienced five years of strong employment trends and low unemployment rates. In April 2020, local unemployment jumped to 14.4%, the highest level it reached in the last calendar year. Fort Bragg's unemployment has fared better than the overall state, trending lower but with almost an identical pattern of increases and decreases since March 2020.





Long-term Financial Planning

A review of the City's Fiscal Policies, including Fund Balance & Reserve Policies was conducted as part of the FY 2020/21 budget process. The City Council continued the commitment to the reserve levels established as part of the FY 2019/20 budget process. The following General Fund reserves comprise committed fund balance and at FY 2019-20 these reserves total \$2,159,716.

Seneral Fund Operating Reserve: The City will maintain an unrestricted fund balance of at least 15% to 20% of the annual operating expenditures in the General Fund, as an "Operating Reserve" to ensure liquidity of the General Fund and to ensure adequate cash flow throughout the year. This reserve is necessary to accommodate fluctuations in the timing of expenditures and the receipt of revenues. The reserve is committed fund balance and may be used, with Council authorization, for unforeseen operating or capital needs. At Fiscal Year-end 2019/20, the reserve is funded at \$1,469,787.

- Litigation Reserve: The City will maintain a \$200,000 Litigation Reserve to cover unforeseen legal expenses, including unbudgeted settlement costs that are not covered by the City's insurance pool. At Fiscal Year-end 2019/20, the reserve balance is \$200,000.
- Recession Reserve: The General Fund will maintain a Recession Reserve for the purpose of stabilizing the delivery of City services during periods of severe operational budget deficits and to mitigate the effects of major unforeseen changes in revenues and/or expenditures as typically experienced during times of recession. The fund is established at an amount equivalent to 5% of the City's annual operating budget. City Council approval is required before expending any portion of this committed fund balance. The reserve was established on July 1, 2019 at \$489,929 and at Fiscal Year-end 2019/20, the reserve balance remains at \$489,929.

For the City, as with governmental jurisdictions throughout the nation, continuing fiscal challenges have required a redoubling of efforts to address current and future budget shortfalls while working to prioritize and maintain the level of services that the residents of Fort Bragg have come to expect. Traditional funding sources for parks, public safety, and community development are shrinking or have disappeared. The immediate challenges continue to be the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency by the State and major cuts in revenues distributed through federal and State grant programs. Pension costs will continue to challenge the City in the coming years as well.

The City has worked hard to address its fiscal challenges and, overall, its efforts have been successful. In FY 2014/15 the City was in position to offer modest salary increases to all of its employee groups for the first time since the financial downturn of 2008. Labor agreements for FY 2019/20 thru FY 2021/22 continued the moderate cost of living adjustments begun earlier. The Fort Bragg City Council has implemented two policies aimed at the organization's financial challenges. Both policies have been described previously and include the newly established "Recession Reserve" and the "Unfunded Liabilities Policy".

With hard work, some difficult decisions and fiscal discipline the City Manager and City Council succeeded in passing a balanced FY 2018/19 budget as well as the FY 2019/20 budget. These were the first balanced budgets in many years. The FY 2019/20 budget was balanced by eliminating the position of Administrative Services Director and Police Lieutenant Positions. The City continued to use a less conservative revenue forecast compared to prior years. Further, the City opted to budget only a minimum payment into its Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) trust fund. The tradeoffs in balancing the budget include, a decrease in services (eliminated and downgraded positions). The OPEB trust fund on the other hand has been diligently pre-funded for several years and even with minimum payments the City appears poised to start drawing from the fund in order to offset increasing costs in the years to come.

Beginning with the FY 2017/18 budget the City's Finance department has prepared a five year budget forecast for the General fund. The five year forecast is updated each year prior to the mid-year budget review meeting. Till now the document has been a stand-alone document that is presented at the mid-year budget review meeting. Beginning with the FY 2019/20 budget the five year forecast has been incorporated into the main budget document. The five year forecast indicates that In the short term, the City will likely be able to fill budgeted or realized deficits with appropriated fund balance. In the long-term, it is likely that revenue enhancements and/or additional cost-cutting measures will be necessary.

The City's General Fund operated at a deficit for FY 2019/20 and fund balance was reduced by \$452k. While establishing the Recession Reserve and adopting balanced budgets for the prior two years reduced the impact of this loss, the City found it necessary to reduce staff and services in response to the pandemic. In May, 2020, the City laid off four full-time employees, froze two positions in the Police Department and furloughed another

twelve employees to 50 to 75% of their regular hours. The furloughed staff was returned to full-time status in August, 2020 but there are no short-term plans to reinstate the laid off employees. In addition, the City did not replace two positions (Finance Director and Assistant City Engineer that became open in late June. Despite those early reductions, the City Council adopted a deficit budget in June. The good news is that through refining expenses and the rebound of revenues in the first quarter of the year staff was able to make amendments to the budget that provided not just a balanced budget but a projected surplus. As of the date of this letter, the projected surplus in the General Fund for FY 2020/21 is over \$400k.

A major project for FY 2020/21 is to develop and adopt a Pension Funding Policy. Like most cities in California, Fort Bragg continues to experience double digit increases in its unfunded liability payments with little or no reduction in the overall unfunded liability. As reported on page 80, the City's net pension liability is at \$9.94 million. This is an increase from the \$9.19 million at the end of FY 2018/19 or an increase of 8%, despite annual amortized payments to reduce the unfunded liability. A primary reason for the growing liability is that the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) has failed to meet the 7% targeted return on investments for the last two years (6.7% in FY 18-19 and 4.7% in FY 19-20). Over a 20-year period, the overall fund performance has averaged just 5.5%. The lower than target returns have renewed discussion about further reductions of the discount rate from 7% to something lower. Lowering the discount rate will increase the City's unfunded pension liability.

Impact of Fiscal Policies on Financial Statements

The City of Fort Bragg's fiscal policies are established to ensure that the finances of the City and the Municipal Improvement District No. 1 (collectively referred to as "the City") are managed in a manner that will:

- Maintain a financially viable local government that provides adequate levels of municipal services to its citizens.
- Provide for financial flexibility in order to adapt to local and regional economic changes.
- Preserve and enhance the sound fiscal condition of the City.

The City's policies are maintained in the annual budget document and are reviewed and approved each year by the City Council. The policies cover: budgeting, budgetary controls, revenues, expenditures, utility rates, capital budgeting, debt management, interfund loans, fund balance and reserves, investments, accounting auditing and financial reporting, asset forfeiture expenditures, employment compensation, cost allocations, and debt service. The City's fiscal policies are extensive and followed diligently so that it can be safely said that all of the policies have had a significant impact on the current period's financial statements. In some years certain fiscal policies may stand out as having a more significant impact on the financial statements while in other years (such as the current reporting period) they may have a relatively equal impact.

Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the eighth year in a row that the City of Fort Bragg has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and it will be submitted to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

Preparation of this comprehensive annual financial report could not have been accomplished on a timely basis without the support and cooperation of many members of the City of Fort Bragg staff. Special recognition is given to the Finance Department staff, especially Senior Accountant, Isaac Whippy, who has stepped up to fill the gaps left when the Finance Director position was frozen. Their efforts made it possible to continue to provide quality financial information for the citizens, the City Council, and other users on a timely basis. Appreciation is also expressed to the Mayor and the City Council for their attentiveness and support in planning and conducting the financial activities of the City in a responsible and responsive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Tobotto Mille

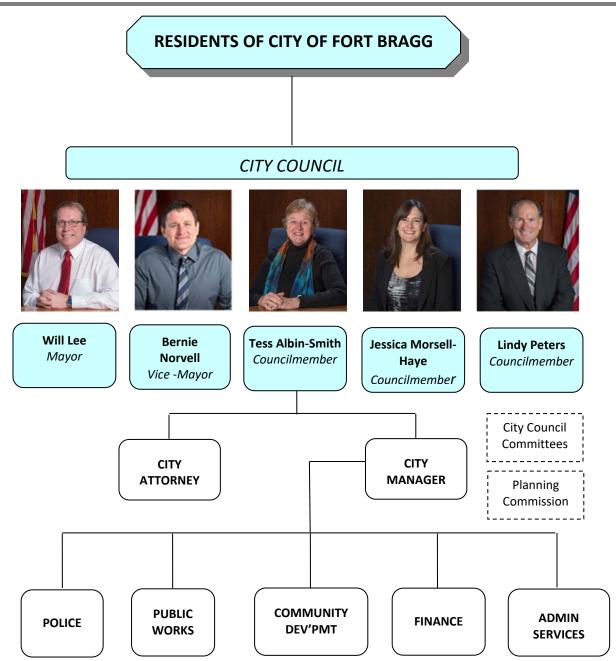
Tabatha Miller, CPA

City Manager

Isaac Whippy

Senior Accountant

Organization Chart



Current City Council members and the dates upon which their respective terms expire are as follows:

Mayor Will Lee	December 2020
Vice Mayor Bernie Norvell	December 2020
Councilmember Tess Albin-Smith	December 2022
Councilmember Jessica Morsell-Haye	December 2022
Councilmember Lindy Peters	December 2022



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

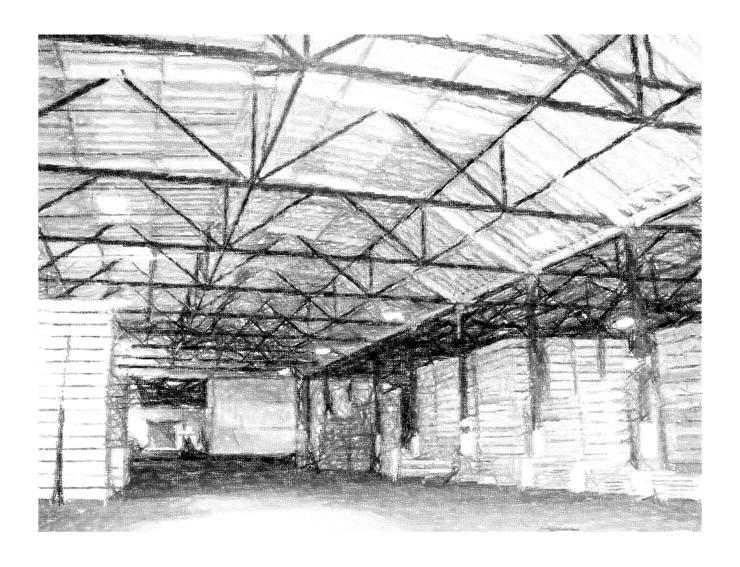
City of Fort Bragg California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



FINANCIAL SECTION

- ➤ Independent Auditor's Report
- ➤ Management's Discussion and Analysis
- ➤ Basic Financial Statements
- ➤ Notes to the Basic Financial Statements
- ➤ Required Supplementary Information
- ➤ Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Fort Bragg Fort Bragg, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison information of the City of Fort Bragg, California (City), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison information of the City, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3–19, the Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios on page 94, the Net OPEB Liability Schedule Contributions on page 95, the Pension Plan Schedule of Contributions on pages 96-97, and the Schedules of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on pages 98–99, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the introductory section and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 29, 2021 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

January 29, 2021

JJACPA, Inc. Dublin, CA

. I. I. HCPH, Inc.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Fort Bragg (City) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter and basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's Net Position increased by \$7.4 million (assets exceeded liabilities) to \$93.6 million as of June 30, 2020.
- The Net Position for governmental activities ended the year at \$38.9 million, while the net position for business activities was \$54.6 million. Of the \$38.9 million in total governmental net position, a negative \$5 million is characterized as unrestricted net position. In FY 2016, GASB 68 required all cities to recognize their pension liability as a deficit in unrestricted net position on their financial statements.
- General Fund revenues fell short of budget by \$997,937. In contrast, General Fund expenditures came
 in under the final amended budget by \$839,090. The balance of the General Fund decreased by
 \$450,384 to \$2.7 million.
- The City's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$5.8 million, a decrease of \$1.6 million compared to the prior fiscal year. Committed balances include an Operating Reserve of \$1.5 million, a Recession Reserve of \$489,929, and a Litigation Reserve of \$200,000.
- The Water enterprise Net Position increased \$1.6 million (16%), the Wastewater enterprise Net Position also increased by \$7.3 million (49%), while the C.V. Starr Center Net Position decreased \$418,908 (2%). The most significant draw on C.V. Starr Center Net Position is the non-cash item depreciation (\$683k).
- Business activities saw revenue for charges of services decrease by \$256,133 (3%), resulting from the onset of the COVID-19 Pandemic in March 2020.
- Total liabilities increased by \$543,503 to \$24.8 million during the FY 2019/20.
- Deferred inflows and outflows related to the City's unfunded accrued pension liabilities (UAL) with CalPERS changed from the prior year due to gains and losses recognized by CalPERS, including contributions made by the City.

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This Comprehensive Annual Financial Report is in three major parts:

- 1) Introductory section, which includes the Transmittal Letter and general information; and,
- 2) **Financial section**, which includes the Management's Discussion and Analysis (this part), the Basic Financial Statements, which include the Government-wide and the Fund Financial Statements along with the notes to these financial statements, and Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules.
- 3) **Statistical section**, which includes detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, and footnotes says about the City's overall financial health

The Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of the Government-wide Financial Statements and the Fund Financial Statements; these two sets of financial statements provide two different views of the City's financial activities and financial position.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements provide a broad overview of the City's activities as a whole and comprise the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Net Position provides information about the financial position of the City as a whole, including all of its capital assets and long-term liabilities on the full accrual basis, similar to that used by corporations. The Statement of Activities provides information about all the City's revenues and all its expenses, also on the full accrual basis, with the emphasis on measuring net revenues or expenses of each the City's programs. The Statement of Activities explains in detail the change in Net Position for the year.

All of the City's activities are grouped into Governmental Activities and Business-type activities, as explained below. All the amounts in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities are separated into Governmental Activities and Business-type Activities in order to provide a summary of these two activities of the City as a whole.

- Governmental activities All of the City's basic services are considered to be governmental activities, including general government, community development, public safety, public works and administration. These services are supported by general City revenues such as taxes and by specific program revenues such as developer fees.
- ♦ Business-type activities All the City's enterprise activities are reported here, including Water, Wastewater (Sewer), and the C.V. Starr Community Center. Unlike governmental services, these services are supported by charges paid by users based on the amount of the service they use.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City may be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. However, unlike the Government-wide Financial Statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Because the focus of the Governmental Fund Financial Statements is narrower than that of the Government-wide Financial Statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the Government-wide Financial Statement. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide detailed information about each of the City's most significant funds, called major funds. The concept of major funds, and the determination of which are major funds, was established by GASB Statement No. 34 and replaces the concept of combining like funds and presenting them as one total. Instead, each major fund is presented individually, with all non-major funds summarized and presented only in a single column. Subordinate schedules present the detail of these non-major funds. Major funds present the major activities of the City for the year, and may change from year to year as a result of changes in the pattern of the City's activities.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's major funds are as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

- ♦ General Fund
- ♦ CDBG Program Income Special Revenue
- ♦ Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue
- ♦ Street Sales Tax Special Revenue
- Street Resurfacing Capital Projects

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City adopted annual appropriated budgets for all funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general fund and major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with this budget and may be found on beginning on page 36.

Proprietary funds. The City maintains enterprise-type and Internal Service proprietary funds. enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for Water, Wastewater, and C.V. Starr Center activities. Internal service funds are an accounting methodology used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its building maintenance, information technology assets, and its fleet of vehicles. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the Government-wide Financial Statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for all of these operations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW OF THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT, Continued

Fund Financial Statements, Continued

ENTERPRISE-TYPE FUNDS:

- ♦ Water enterprise Fund
- ♦ Wastewater enterprise Fund
- ◆ CV Starr Center enterprise Fund

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements may be found on pages 49-92 of this report. Required Supplementary Information follows the notes on page 94.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented on pages 103-123 of this report. Combining statements for internal services funds are presented on pages 125-127.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The following table represents a comparative analysis of governmental and business-type activities' net assets as of June 30, 2020, and June 30, 2019.

Summary of Net Position

		2020		2019					
	Govern- mental	Business- type	Tatal	Govern- mental	Business- type				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total			
Current and other assets	\$ 9,698,369	\$ 12,024,984	\$ 21,723,353	\$ 11,393,803	\$ 10,561,422	\$ 21,955,225			
Noncurrent assets	42,101,657	52,267,148	94,368,805	41,537,368	44,683,323	86,220,691			
Total assets	51,800,026	64,292,132	116,092,158	52,931,171	55,244,745	108,175,916			
Deferred outflows of resources Total assets and deferred outflows of	2,766,120	367,749	3,133,869	2,544,712	398,112	2,942,824			
resources	54,566,146	64,659,881	119,226,027	55,475,883	55,642,857	111,118,740			
Current and other liabilities	903,403	2,527,218	3,430,621	1,037,759	1,695,849	2,733,608			
Long-term liabilities	13,720,717	7,444,451	21,165,168	13,448,975	7,869,703	21,318,678			
Total liabilities	14,624,120	9,971,669	24,595,789	14,486,734	9,565,552	24,052,286			
Deferred inflows of resources Total liabilities and deferred inflows of	944,482	68,411	1,012,893	765,308	69,466	834,774			
resources	15,568,602	10,040,080	25,608,682	15,252,042	9,635,018	24,887,060			
Net position:									
Net investment in									
Capital Assets	42,101,657	45,807,368	87,909,025	41,400,454	37,805,831	79,206,285			
Restricted	1,921,632	108,064	2,029,696	1,278,950	108,064	1,387,014			
Unrestricted (deficit)	(5,025,745)	8,704,369	3,678,624	(2,455,563)	8,093,944	5,638,381			
Total net position	\$ 38,997,544	\$ 54,619,801	\$ 93,617,345	\$ 40,223,841	\$ 46,007,839	\$ 86,231,680			

As of June 30, 2020, the City's net position was \$93.6 million, an increase of \$7.3 million. Year over year, assets increased by \$7.9 million, and liabilities increased by \$722k with no new debt issued. The overall change in net position is largely due to the increase in investment in capital assets for business-type activities, which increased by \$8.6 million. Governmental activities decreased \$1.2M. The revenue and expense factors contributing to the year over year performance increase are discussed in further detail in this report's ensuing sections.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, continued

A large portion (93%) of the City of Fort Bragg's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, easements, buildings, machinery, and infrastructure), less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide various services to its citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. The balance in net investment in capital assets increased in FY 2019/20 by \$8.7M to a total of \$87.9 million. The increase reflects capital outlay in multiple projects, including the Wastewater Treatment Plant Upgrade project (\$9.5M), Sewer Main Rehab (\$284k), CV Starr Pool Basin (\$254k), and completion of the Sewer Lift Station (\$1.4M). Citywide total assets placed in Service equaled \$10.9M, which was offset by \$2.7 million in depreciation and a net increase in related debt of \$543k.

The restricted net position of \$2 million primarily comprises revenues held for expenditure for specified purposes (special revenue) and amounts held for debt service. Examples of special revenues are street sales tax and Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) program income. The overall restricted net position increased year over year by approximately \$644k. It ended the fiscal year with a \$2 million balance primarily due to the accumulation of special sales tax funds of \$1.6 million, a 79% increase from the prior year.

The Unrestricted net position decreased \$1.9 million over the previous year and now stands at \$3.6 million. Governmental activities saw a decrease of \$2.5 million in unrestricted net position, whereas business-type activities saw an increase of \$610k. The negative unrestricted position of \$5 million for governmental activities includes cash and cash equivalents. It may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens, creditors and City imposed designations (reserves, litigations, contingencies, and revenue programs). It is negative primarily due to the City's long-term obligations related to net pension liabilities. The City's working capital to meet current operating and capital concerns are \$18.3 million.

Deferred outflows are defined as a government's net position consumption that applies to a future reporting period. Although not entirely the same, deferred outflows are similar in nature to assets. The City currently has three deferred outflows: deferred losses on debt refunding, a deferred outflow related to reporting or the City's OPEB liability, and a deferred outflow pertaining to reporting of the City's pension plan liability. On a year over year basis, the City's deferred outflows increased by \$191k or 6%.

Deferred inflows are defined as an acquisition of a net position by a government applicable to a future reporting period. Although not entirely the same, deferred inflows are similar in nature to liabilities. The City currently has two deferred inflows: a deferred inflow related to reporting or the City's OPEB liability and a deferred inflow related to reporting of the City's pension plan liability. On a year over year basis, the City's deferred inflows decreased by \$178k or 21%.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

The change in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, follows:

Changes in Net Position

	2020					2019						
		Govern-		Business-				Govern-		Business-		
		mental		type				mental		type		
		Activities		Activities		Total		Activities		Activities	_	Total
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	3,150,327	\$	7,130,393	\$	10,280,720	\$	2,668,102	\$	7,386,526	\$	10,054,628
Grants and contributions:												
Operating		800,090		-		800,090		144,628		-		144,628
Capital		1,344,933		4,512,326		5,857,259		957,245		2,339,229		3,296,474
General revenues:												
Property taxes and assessments		1,156,765		236,185		1,392,950		1,074,931		249,499		1,324,430
Sales and use tax		2,742,568		944,770		3,687,338		2,607,167		878,737		3,485,904
Transient occupancy taxes		2,204,151		-		2,204,151		2,640,275		-		2,640,275
Other taxes		774,924		-		774,924		762,165		-		762,165
Use of money and property		107,090		178,095		285,185		66,216		168,000		234,216
Unrealized gains and losses		228,487		-		228,487		194,814		-		194,814
Other general		23,558		95,356		118,914		7,757		77,243		85,000
Total revenues		12,532,893		13,097,125		25,630,018		11,123,300		11,099,234		22,222,534
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:												
General government		2,622,995		-		2,622,995		2,384,428		-		2,384,428
Public safety		5,374,187		-		5,374,187		4,338,230		-		4,338,230
Public works		3,122,039		-		3,122,039		2,979,152		-		2,979,152
Community development		875,959		-		875,959		1,056,350		-		1,056,350
Marketing and promotion		185,621				185,621						
Interest and fiscal charges		5,106		-		5,106		47,277		-		47,277
Business-type activities:												
Water		-		1,675,501		1,675,501		-		1,920,010		1,920,010
Wastewater		-		2,302,137		2,302,137		-		2,673,768		2,673,768
C.V. Starr Center		-		2,080,808		2,080,808		-		2,722,366		2,722,366
Total expenses		12,185,907		6,058,446		18,244,353		10,805,437		7,316,144		18,121,581
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over												
expenditures before transfers		346,986		7,038,679		7,385,665		317,863		3,783,090		4,100,953
Transfers		(1,573,283)		1,573,283		<u> </u>		(1,029,464)		1,029,464	_	
Change in net position		(1,226,297)		8,611,962		7,385,665		(711,601)		4,812,554		4,100,953
Net position:												
Beginning of year		40,223,841		46,007,839		86,231,680		40,935,442		41,195,285		82,130,727
End of year	\$	38,997,544	\$	54,619,801	\$	93,617,345	\$	40,223,841	\$	46,007,839	\$	86,231,680
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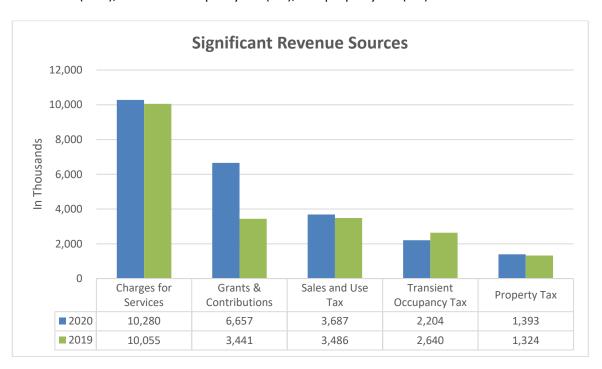
The City's expenses for FY 19/20 totaled \$18.2 million, an increase from FY 18/19 of \$121k. Much of this increase was related to personnel costs, pension costs, and insurance. Governmental expenses totaled nearly \$12.1 million or 67 percent of total expenses. Public safety costs represented most of the governmental expenses, followed by public works and general government. Business-type activities incurred \$6.1 million of expense during the fiscal year, 33 percent of all City expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Revenues

The City's total revenues for Governmental and Business-type Activities were \$25.6 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, representing a 15 percent increase over the previous fiscal year. Governmental Activities increased by \$1.4 million, and Business-type Activities increased \$1.9 million. Significant revenues for the City for the FY 2019/20 were derived from charges for services (33%), grants and contributions (29%), sales and use Tax (14%), transient occupancy tax (8%), and property tax (6%).



Following is a discussion of variances in key revenues for the FY 2019/20:

1. Charges for Service's overall revenue increased by 2 percent compared to the previous fiscal year. Charges for governmental activities were up \$222k or 8 percent. These services are mostly salary, benefit, overhead charges to the Business-type Activities, interfund reimbursements, and charges to various grants for staff time and administrative costs reimbursements, increasing year over year. Conversely, Cost allocation plan revenues decreased year over year, attributed to the new cost allocation plan's recalculation, which reduces the allocation to the general fund. Reimbursement for Community Service Officer (CSO) and Asset Forfeiture expenditures also decreased due to reduced funding available. Other charges for services, including Police Department fingerprinting, code enforcement, building permits, also recorded declines from the prior year partially due to the newly adopted fee rates, furloughed staff, and City Hall's closure in the last quarter of the fiscal year.

Charges for services for Business-type activities are made up almost entirely of user charges. This category decreased \$256k or 3 percent primarily due to the COVID-19 restrictions during the last quarter of the fiscal year. Many businesses were forced to close or reduce operations and, as a result, caused a reduction in water consumption for many top commercial account users. Additionally, the CV Starr center was closed in mid-March in compliance with Shelter-In-Place orders.

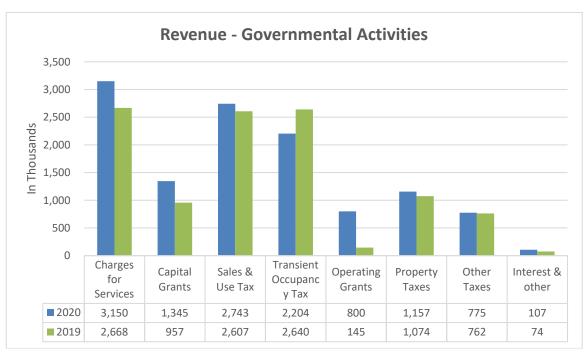
Management's Discussion and Analysis

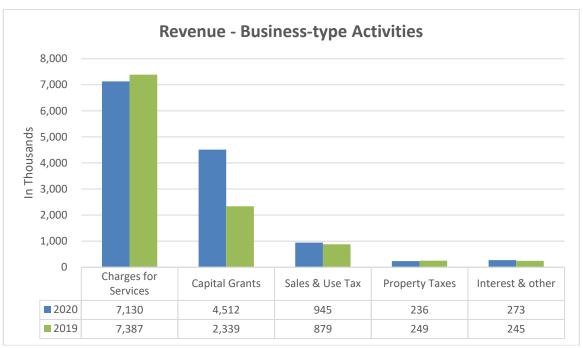
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

- 2. Grants and Contributions annual receipts for Operating Grants increased by \$655k. These Grants include the Public Safety Shut-off (PSP) Resiliency grant, Federal operating grants (CDBG) and is a normal part of the operating grant cycle. Often operating grants fluctuate from year to year depending on when program activities are implemented. Grants for capital improvement increased by \$2.5 million or 78 percent. The most significant capital grants in FY 2019/20 were the California State Water Resources Control Board grant (\$4.5M) and the US Department of Agriculture grant (\$1.3M). Both of these grants provided funding for the City's wastewater treatment facility upgrade.
- 3. Sales and Use Tax Sales tax include the City's general sales tax, a special half-cent sales tax for the C.V Starr Center, and a special half-cent sales tax for street repairs. Sales tax growth over the last five years is showing a modest 3 percent growth trend. Despite the onset of the COVD-19 Pandemic, sales tax revenues were higher than in the prior year due to increases in sales from the local economy pre-COVID. Sales and use taxes increased by \$201k or 6 percent. It is important to note that the real sales tax variance would have been \$72k lower if not for the \$129k (true-up payment) posted to FY 19/20 instead of the previous fiscal year due to the timing of the amount received. Sales and use taxes for Business-type Activities are received for the C.V. Starr Center special sales tax (\$944k), which was up 8 percent or \$66k from the previous fiscal year. The Tax is used to subsidize the operations and capital needs of the Center.
- 4. Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT) is a local tax (12 percent) that is applied to the cost of the hotel or other lodging stays of less than 30 days. In FY 2016/17, with the passage of Measures AA and AB, the City's TOT rate increased from 10 percent to 12 percent. Since its inception, most Measure AA taxes have been invested in activities that promote Fort Bragg as a vacation destination. TOT revenue was performing strongly and on target to grow 6 percent from the previous year pre-COVID. Travel restrictions brought on by the Pandemic at the beginning of fourth quarter affected this revenue source negatively. TOT revenue for the last quarter of the fiscal year was down 66% compared to the prior year. Annual receipts for FY 2019/20 decreased by \$436k or 17 percent compared to last year.
- 5. **Property Tax** increased by 3% in FY 2019/20 and is expected to continue to grow at similar modest increases of 2-3% per year. The median home price in June of 2020 in the 95437 zip code was \$419,000, an increase of 5% over June of 2019. Property taxes received are accounted for in the General Fund \$1.1 million, C.V Starr Center \$236k and the Fire Equipment Fund \$49k. In FY 2019/20, the City contributed \$232k to the Fire Department to purchase a new fire engine.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Revenues by source for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019, are as follows:



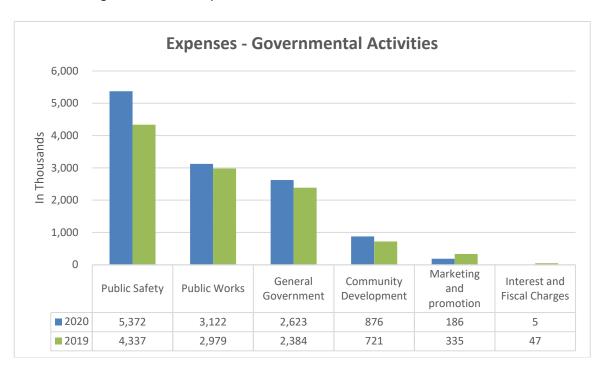


Management's Discussion and Analysis

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Expenses

The City's governmental and Business-type Activity expenses for FY 2019/20 totaled \$18 million, representing a 1 percent increase compared to the previous fiscal year. Governmental Activity expenses were \$12 million or 67 percent of total expenses, while Business-type Activities were \$6 million or 33 percent of total expenses. Public safety costs represented 29 percent of citywide expenses, followed by Public Works at 17 percent and General government at 15 percent.



Following is a discussion of significant variances in key expense categories for the fiscal year 2019/2020:

1. Public Safety costs increased by \$1 million or 24 percent from the previous fiscal year. The increase is mostly attributed to the rise in personnel costs (\$512k or 20%) and the new cost allocation methodology implemented during the adopted budget of FY 2019/20. The department had recorded savings in personnel costs the last few years due primarily to being understaffed in beginning in FY 2016/17, as low as 30% understaffed in the way of sworn officers. In FY 2019/20, the department was able to fill open positions and reached full staffing levels.

Public safety costs are expected to increase noticeably again in the next fiscal year. In addition to cost of living adjustments, rising pension costs, and substantial overtime work, each January, the City (City Ordinance 672) is required to perform a Police Department salary survey and adjust salaries if the City's current salaries are not at least the average of the surveyed jurisdictions. The survey analyzes comparable positions in the City of Willits, Ukiah, and the Mendocino County Sheriff's Office. The City anticipates additional salary increases provided by the County Sheriff's, City of Ukiah and the City of Willits for their law enforcement employees. Law enforcement positions nation wide have become much more competitive and difficult to recruit for in the last several years. Dispatch services, which is one of the department's top operating expense, will also increase 5 percent or \$33k annually.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Expenses, Continued

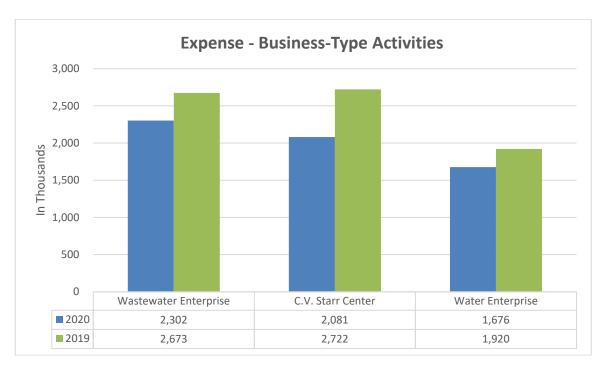
- 2. **Public Works** year-over-year expenses increased by \$142k or 5 percent. The increase is due to the City's new cost allocation plan resulted in increased costs for public works general fund departments. Additionally, the increase is also attributable to personnel costs driven by a department's reorganization with the City's Special Projects Manager and Special Projects Assistant moving from Community Development to Public Works.
- 3. **General Government** expenses increased by \$239k or 10 percent. The increase is attributed to the rise in pension costs, which increased by \$513k in FY 2019/20. Cost savings offset this increase in costs of about \$428k year-over-year, including staff reduction and the new cost allocation methodology that decreased the general fund allocation by \$107k. Additionally, in FY 2019/20, the City started making the minimum prepayment towards the OPEB trust. This caused a \$210k positive year over year variance. The OPEB trust fund has been diligently pre-funded for years, and even with the recent change minimum payments, the City appears poised to start drawing from the fund to offset increasing costs in the years to come.
- 4. **Community Development** expenses decreased by \$180k or 17 percent. The decrease is partially due to the transfer of the Promotions and Marketing Program to its separate department. Additionally, the Community development director position has been vacant since the first quarter of FY 2019/20.



Management's Discussion and Analysis

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Expenses, Continued



Following is a discussion of significant variances in key business-type expense categories for the FY 2019/20:

- 1. Wastewater enterprise expenses decreased by \$372k or 14 percent. The completion of backlog deferred non-routine maintenance and the City's new cost allocation plan contributed to the decrease in costs year over year.
- 2. C.V. Starr Center expenses decreased by \$642k or 24%. The CV Starr center was closed in mid-March 2020 in compliance with Shelter-In-Place orders in response to COVID-19. In early May, all but essential core staff were transitioned from furlough to layoff status. As a result, both personnel and operating costs ended the year favorably. The Center also completed \$254k of capital improvement, including the Pool Basin Rehab and LED lighting project.
- 3. Water enterprise expenses decreased by \$245k or 13 percent. Like the Wastewater Enterprise, completion of the \$127k backlog deferred non-routine maintenance, and the City's new cost allocation plan resulted in cost savings. The water enterprise received a lower administrative allocation in FY 2019/20 compared to the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Net Program Costs

The following table shows each of the City's major programs and the programs' net cost. Net cost is the total cost less fees and other direct revenue generated by the activities. The net cost reflects the financial burden placed on the City's taxpayers by each of the programs. The total cost of services and the net cost of services for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, and 2019 are as follows:

	20	20	2019			
	Total Cost Net Cost of Services of Services		Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services		
General government	\$ 2,622,995	\$ 1,511,471	\$ 2,384,428	\$ 1,276,569		
Public safety	5,374,187	5,075,116	4,338,230	3,677,981		
Public works	3,122,039	(579,485)	2,979,152	528,776		
Community development	875,959	692,728	1,056,350	625,914		
Marketing and promotions	185,621	185,621	-	-		
Interest and fiscal charges	5,106	5,106	47,277	47,277		
Total	\$ 12,185,907	\$ 6,890,557	\$ 10,805,437	\$ 6,156,517		

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The City of Fort Bragg uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the City government, reporting the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds

The City's governmental funds provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spending resources. At the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$5.4M, a decrease of \$1.6 million or 22 percent over the previous year.

General Fund

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. Overall, the general fund balance decreased by \$452k from \$3.1 million to \$2.6 million in FY 2019/20. General fund unassigned fund balance totaled \$527k. This is a decrease of \$923k from the prior year, which was the result of funding the \$490 in Recession Reserve and the \$452k decrease from reduced revenues as a result of the pandemic shutdown. The committed fund balance totals \$1.9 million. It includes the operating reserve of \$1.5 million, \$200k in the litigation reserve, and the \$490k in the Recession Reserve established this fiscal year.

Special Sales Tax – Streets

The Special Sales Tax for street repairs fund increased \$696k to \$1.5 million in FY 2019/20. The Maple Street and Storm Drain Rehab project of \$1.8M will be funded and undertaken in FY 2020/21.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS, Continued

Street Resurfacing Capital Projects

The Street Resurfacing Capital Projects fund is at zero. Funding is transferred from the Special Sales Tax for street repairs fund to the Street Resurfacing Capital Projects as projects are undertaken. Although funding was transferred and the FY 2018/19 Street Resurfacing project kicked off late in FY 2018/19, work will be completed in the current fiscal year.

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise funds increased the City's net position by \$7.1 million. The City has three business-type activities: Water, Wastewater, and the C.V. Starr Center.

The Water enterprise net position increased \$1.6 million or 16 percent to \$11.6 million; the Wastewater enterprise net position increased \$7.3 million or 49 percent to \$15 million. The C.V. Starr Center enterprise net position decreased \$418k or 2 percent to \$20.5 million.

The Water enterprise capitalized costs of \$292k. Additionally, accounts payable increased by \$65k while long-term liabilities decreased by \$403k due to regularly scheduled debt payments. Lastly, Water operating revenues exceeded operating expenses by \$1.5 million, contributing to the fund's net position. The utility generates sufficient revenue to cover operating expenses, maintaining an operating reserve, and funding a capital reserve. Currently, the rate plan is designed to accumulate \$1 million per year in a capital projects reserve, and the plan is working as designed.

The Wastewater enterprise completed the project to replace the aging wastewater treatment plant. The project had a cost of \$18.1 million and successfully came online in late March 2020. In FY 2019/20, \$7.9 million of expenses were capitalized, contributing to the growth in net position. The capitalized costs were offset by increases in liabilities (\$5 million bonds issued in connection with the Wastewater Treatment Plant upgrade in FY 2018/19) and decreased current assets. Current assets, particularly cash, declined by \$1.2 million due to the Wastewater Treatment Plant project being partially funded by reimbursement grants. The Wastewater enterprise also realized \$1.3 million in net income, which contributed to its net position growth.

Additionally, \$4.5 million of the surplus is grant funding for the treatment plant upgrade project. The utility's user fees generate sufficient revenue to cover operating expenses, maintain an operating reserve and fund a capital reserve. Currently, the rate plan is designed to accumulate \$1M per year in a capital project reserve, and the plan is working as designed. The FY 2020/21 would be the last year of scheduled rate increases per the 2016 Approved water rate study. Cover

The C. V. Starr Center's operation is contracted to the Mendocino Coast Recreation and Park District and is supported by property tax, sales tax, and user fees. The C.V. Starr Center's operating expenses exceeded operating revenue (user fees) by \$1.6 million. The operating loss is subsidized with non-operating revenue, including the tax revenue mentioned above, with the resulting change in Net Position decreased \$418k. The decline includes a significant non-cash expense; depreciation expense of \$683k. Capital Improvement of the Pool Basin Rehab (\$254k) was completed during the fiscal year.

As mentioned previously, the Center was closed in March 2020 to comply with shelter in place orders and remains closed when writing this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

A comparison of budget to actual for major governmental funds is presented in the fund financial statements. These statements and the notes are presented as additional information to show that appropriations are being spent as authorized by the City Council.

The original budget estimated \$9.8 million in revenues. Actual revenues were \$997k lower than what was budgeted primarily due to the impacts of the COVID-19 shutdown, which impacted transient occupancy tax (TOT), Sales tax, business license tax revenues and some of the grant-funded activities being deferred. The General Fund was certainly the most impacted by the COVID-19 Pandemic and economic shutdown. This is because it relies on TOT and Sales Tax Revenues, accounting for approximately 48 percent of the City's General Fund revenue.

Expenditures were held below the final amended budget by \$839k or 8 percent, with savings across many categories primarily due to the COVID-19 budget reduction plan approved by the Council in April 2020, which included an annualized decrease to General Fund expenditures of \$1.4 million to offset the projected revenue shortfalls. These included:

- Layoffs and furloughs were implemented at the end of April 2020 and accounted for the most considerable portion of the General Fund's expenditures reductions.
- Freezing open positions.
- Eliminating all seasonal staff.
- Placing a hold on AA/AB funding allocations.
- In addition to the staffing cuts, the Fort Bragg Police Association voluntarily gave up premium pays worth approximately \$88k for one year in exchange for a small increase in vacation accruals.

The City of Fort Bragg Fund Balance and Reserve Policies, adopted by the City Council and incorporated in the Budget development policies, established an Operating Reserve (\$1.5 million) of at least 15-25 percent of the annual operating expenditures General Fund. Its purpose is to serve as a strategic reserve, ensure the General Fund's liquidity, and make certain adequate resources available to manage economic uncertainties. Additionally, the recession reserve was established in FY 2019/20 at \$489k, equivalent to 5 percent of the City's annual operating budget and the Litigation reserve remains at \$200k.

The General Fund ended the year with a fund balance (consisting of non-spendable, committed, and unassigned amounts) of \$2.7 million, representing a decrease of \$452k for the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its Governmental and Business-type Activities as of June 30, 2020, amount to \$94 million. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress costs, buildings, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and land improvements as shown in the chart below:

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	vities Business-type Acti		Activities To		otals			
		2020		2019 2020		2020	2019		2020			2019
Land	\$	12,952,262	\$	12,952,261	\$	785,079	\$	785,079	\$	13,737,341	\$	13,737,340
Construction in progress		2,291,055		347,509		18,118,805		11,316,484		20,409,860		11,663,993
Buildings		1,390,995		1,500,986		21,154,828		21,601,755		22,545,823		23,102,741
Machinery, equipment and vehicle	•	723,605		856,734		1,634,560		1,666,811		2,358,165		2,523,545
Infrastructure		24,743,740		25,879,878		10,469,934		9,155,022		35,213,674		35,034,900
Land improvements		<u>-</u>		-		103,942		158,172		103,942		158,172
Total	\$	42,101,657	\$	41,537,368	\$	52,267,148	\$	44,683,323	\$	94,368,805	\$	86,220,691

There was an increase in capital assets of approximately \$8.1 million (net of annual depreciation costs). Most notably, the Wastewater Treatment Facility Project (\$6.6 million), Sewer Lift Station (\$1.7 million), Street and Alley Rehab (\$1.9 million), and the CV Starr Pool Basin (\$255k). Citywide total assets placed in Service equaled \$10.9 million, offset by \$2.7 million in depreciation. More detail of the capital assets and current activity may be found in the notes to the financial statements in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies on page 55 and in Note 5 on Page 68 in the Capital Assets section.

Debt Administration

On June 30, 2020, the total City debt outstanding was \$8.9 million. Overall, governmental debt decreased by \$484k to \$2.1 million due to normally required payments, and Business-type debt was also reduced by \$498k to \$6.9 million. Additionally, the General fund paid off the 2005 Certificates of Participation Debt from 2005, which had an annual obligation of \$148k. Additional information about the City's outstanding debt and other long term liabilities is presented in Note 7 on pages 70 through 73.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, creditors and government regulators with a general overview of the City's finances and to demonstrate the City's accountability for the money it receives. Additional information may be found on our website at www.fortbragg.com. Below is the contact address for questions about the report or requests for additional financial information.

City of Fort Bragg Finance Department 416 No. Franklin St. Fort Bragg, CA 95437 707-961-2825 This page intentionally left blank.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



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City of Fort Bragg, California Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

		vernmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	5,002,228	\$	10,506,093	\$	15,508,321
Restricted cash and investments	Ψ	5,002,226	Ψ	108,064	Ψ	108,064
Receivables:				,		,
Accounts		1,795,551		1,674,242		3,469,793
Loans/Notes receivable		2,587,032		-		2,587,032
Internal balances		312,598		(312,598)		-
Inventory		-		49,183		49,183
Prepaid items Total current assets		960		12 024 004		960
Capital assets:		9,698,369	-	12,024,984		21,723,353
Nondepreciable		15,243,318		2,212,134		17,455,452
Depreciable		26,858,339		50,055,014		76,913,353
Total noncurrent assets		42,101,657	-	52,267,148		94,368,805
Total assets		51,800,026		64,292,132		116,092,158
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension plan		2,242,979		247,607		2,490,586
OPEB, deferred outflow		523,141		217,007		523,141
Deferred loss on debt refunding		-		120,142		120,142
Total deferred outflows of resources		2,766,120		367,749		3,133,869
Total assets and deferred outflows	\$	54,566,146	\$	64,659,881	\$	119,226,027
LIABILITIES						
				4 00 4 000		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		351,072		1,882,980		2,234,052
Interest payable Unearned revenue		395		16,386		16,781
Deposits payable		71,983		6,466		6,466
Lease payable		/1,965		169,220		241,203
Compensated absences - current portion		50,562		8,277		58,839
Due within one year		429,391		443,889		873,280
Total current liabilities		903,403		2,527,218		3,430,621
Long-term liabilities:					· ·	
Compensated absences		450,830		76,937		527,767
Landfill post-closure		860,644		-		860,644
Due after one year		-		6,372,780		6,372,780
CalPERS side fund		277,174		-		277,174
Net OPEB obligation		3,187,087		-		3,187,087
Net pension liability		8,944,982		994,734		9,939,716
Total noncurrent liabilities		13,720,717		7,444,451		21,165,168
Total liabilities		14,624,120		9,971,669		24,595,789
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension plan		703,332		68,411		771,743
OPEB		241,150		-		241,150
Total deferred inflows of resources		944,482		68,411		1,012,893
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		15,568,602		10,040,080		25,608,682
NET POSITION		40 101 655		45.005.360		07.000.005
Net investment in capital assets		42,101,657		45,807,368		87,909,025
Restricted for: Gas Tax		2 051				2 051
Gas Tax State and Federal Grants		2,851 7,025		-		2,851 7,025
Special Sales Tax		7,025 1,573,560		-		7,025 1,573,560
Asset Forfeiture		338,196		-		338,196
Debt Service		550,170		108,064		108,064
Unrestricted		(5,025,745)		8,704,369		3,678,624
Total net position		38,997,544	-	54,619,801		93,617,345
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	54,566,146	\$	64,659,881	\$	119,226,027
rotal natifices, acteriou limbws and net position	,	J 1 ,J00,140	φ	07,037,001	Ф	117,440,047

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

City of Fort Bragg, California Statement of Activities

For the year ended June 30, 2020

			Progr	am Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	 Charges for Services	G	perating rants and natributions	Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary government:	 Expenses	 Services		itti ibutions	 onti ibutions
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,622,995	\$ 880,184	\$	231,340	\$ -
Public safety	5,374,187	289,972		9,099	-
Public works	3,122,039	1,980,171		376,420	1,344,933
Community development	875,959	-		183,231	-
Marketing and promotions	185,621	-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	 5,106	 			
Total governmental activities	12,185,907	3,150,327		800,090	1,344,933
Business-type activities:	 	 			
Water	1,675,501	3,180,566		-	-
Wastewater	2,302,137	3,484,109		=	4,512,326
CV Starr Center	2,080,808	465,718		-	-
Total business-type activities	6,058,446	7,130,393		-	4,512,326
Total primary government	\$ 18,244,353	\$ 10,280,720	\$	800,090	\$ 5,857,259

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes

Sales and use taxes

Transient occupancy tax, levied for general purposes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Use of money and property

Unrealized gains and losses

Other general revenues

Total general revenues

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position:

Beginning of year

End of year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

G	overnmental Activities		ness-Type tivities	Totals	
\$	(1,511,471)	\$	-	\$	(1,511,471)
	(5,075,116)		-		(5,075,116)
	579,485		-		579,485
	(692,728)		-		(692,728)
	(185,621)		-		(185,621)
	(5,106)				(5,106)
	(6,890,557)				(6,890,557)
	-		1,505,065		1,505,065
	-		5,694,298		5,694,298
	-		(1,615,090)		(1,615,090)
	=		5,584,273		5,584,273
	(6,890,557)		5,584,273		(1,306,284)
	1,156,765 2,742,568 2,204,151 590,117 184,807 107,090 228,487 23,558 7,237,543		236,185 944,770 - - 178,095 - 95,356 1,454,406		1,392,950 3,687,338 2,204,151 590,117 184,807 285,185 228,487 118,914 8,691,949
	(1,573,283)		1,573,283		-
	5,664,260		3,027,689		8,691,949
	(1,226,297)		8,611,962		7,385,665
	40,223,841		16,007,839		86,231,680
\$	38,997,544	\$ 5	54,619,801	\$	93,617,345

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FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MAJOR FUNDS

Fund	Description
Governmental Funds:	Governmental funds are used for taxes and grants.
General	Primary operating fund of the City; accounts for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.
CDBG Program Income Special Revenue	Accounts for activities related to housing rehabilitation and business assistance loans provided with CDBG funding.
Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue	Accounts for activities related to housing activities of the former Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency.
Special Sales Tax - Street Repair Special Revenue	Accounts for the City's Special Sales Tax for Street and Alley Repairs.
Street Resurfacing Capital Projects	Accounts for Street Resurfacing Capital Projects Performed on a Regular Basis with Special Sales Tax for Street and Alley Repairs.

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

	Major Funds					
	General Fund		CDBG Program Income Special Revenue		Succ	Housing essor Agency cial Revenue
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	709,968	\$	-	\$	431,333
Receivables:						
Taxes		4,100		=		-
Intergovernmental		_		-		-
Loans/Notes receivable		1,746		2,081,925		300,124
Other receivable		792,589		-		-
Due from other funds		1,407,841		-		-
Prepaid items		960				-
Total assets	\$	2,917,204	\$	2,081,925	\$	731,457
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	153,979	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds		, -		9,065		_
Deposits payable		71,983				_
Total liabilities		225,962		9,065		-
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue		-		2,104,636		300,125
Total deferred inflows of resources:		-		2,104,636		300,125
Total Liabilities and deferred inflows		225,962		2,113,701		300,125
Fund balances: Nonspendable						
Prepaids and inventory		960		_		_
Loans/Notes receivable		1,746		_		_
Restricted		1,740		_		_
Committed:						
Operating reserve		1,469,787		_		_
Recession reserve		489,929		_		_
Litigation reserve		200,000		_		_
Assigned				_		431,332
Unassigned (deficit)		528,820		(31,776)		
Total fund balances		2,691,242		(31,776)		431,332
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	2,917,204	\$	2,081,925	\$	731,457

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Major Funds						
Special Street Sales Tax Resurfacing Special Revenue Capital Projects		esurfacing		Nonmajor overnmental Funds		Totals
\$ 1,405,538	\$	-	\$	1,497,598	\$	4,044,437
168,022 - - -		- - - -		830,840 203,237		4,100 998,862 2,587,032 792,589 1,407,841 960
\$ 1,573,560	\$	_	\$	2,531,675	\$	9,835,821
\$ -	\$	23,714	\$	130,037	\$	307,730
-		223,286		862,892		1,095,243 71,983
		247,000		992,929		1,474,956
<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		201,407 201,407	_	2,606,168 2,606,168
		247,000		1,194,336		4,081,124
1,573,560		- - -		348,072		960 1,746 1,921,632
 - - - -		- - - (247,000)		994,534 (5,267)		1,469,787 489,929 200,000 1,425,866 244,777
 1,573,560		(247,000)		1,337,339		5,754,697
\$ 1,573,560	\$		\$	2,531,675	\$	9,835,821

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

Total fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	5,754,697
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.			41,403,995
Deferred outflows of resources represent losses associated with the refunding of long-term debt which are deferred and amortized over the period during which the debt is outstanding. The losses are reported as expenditures of current financial resources in governmental funds.			
Loss on refunding of debt Less: accumulated amortization	95,837 (95,837)		-
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet.			
Compensated absences	\$ (501,392)		
Lease payable Landfill post-closure	(1,069,730)		
CalPERS side fund	(497,479)		
Net OPEB obligation	(3,187,087)		
Net pension liability	(8,944,982)	([14,200,670]
Governmental funds notes receivable from various loan programs are deferred under the current financial resources measurement focus. The notes receivable are recognized in the government-wide Statement of Net Position			
under the accrual basis of accounting.			2,606,168
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.			(395)
Pension obligations result in deferred outflows and inflows of resouces associated with the actuarial value of contributions, assets, and liaiblities			
Deferred outflows, Pension Deferred inflows, Pension	2,242,979 (703,332)		
•	, , ,		
Deferred outflows, OPEB Deferred inflows, OPEB	523,141 (241,150)		1,821,638
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet services, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are:			
Current assets	957,791		
Noncurrent assets	697,662		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(43,342)		1 (10 111
Noncurrent liabilities			1,612,111
Net Position of governmental activities		\$	38,997,544

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Reconciliation of Fund Basis Balance Sheet to Government-wide Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	Reclassifications	Changes in GAAP	Internal Services Balances	Statement of Net Position
ASSETS	Balance Sheet	Reciassifications	III GAAF	Balances	Net Fosition
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 4,044,437	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 957,791	\$ 5,002,228
Receivables:	Ψ 1,011,137	Ψ	Ψ	ψ	\$ 5,002,220
Taxes	4,100	_	_	_	4,100
Interest	- 1,100	_	_	_	1,100
Intergovernmental	998.862	_	_	_	998,862
Loans/Notes receivable	2,587,032	_	_	_	2,587,032
Other receivable	792,589	_	_	_	792,589
Due from other funds	1,407,841	(1,407,841)	_	_	7,2,507
Due from fiduciary activities		(1,107,011)	_	_	_
Advances to other funds	_	_	_	_	_
Internal balances	_	312,598	_	_	312,598
Inventory	_	-	_	_	
Prepaid items	960	_	_	_	960
Total current assets	9,835,821	(1,095,243)		957,791	9,698,369
Noncurrent assets:	7,035,021	(1,075,215)		731,171	7,070,507
Capital assets, net	_	_	41,403,995	697,662	42,101,657
Total noncurrent assets			41,403,995	697,662	42,101,657
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			11,703,773	377,002	12,101,037
Pension plan	_	_	2,242,979	_	2,242,979
OPEB			523,141	_	523,141
Deferred loss on refunding			323,141		525,141
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 9,835,821	\$ (1,095,243)	\$ 44,170,115	\$ 1,655,453	\$ 54,566,146
	3 9,033,021	3 (1,093,243)	5 44,170,113	\$ 1,033,433	3 34,300,140
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 307,730	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 43,342	\$ 351,072
Interest payable	-	-	395	-	395
Due to other funds	1,095,243	(1,095,243)	-	-	-
Deposits payable	71,983	-	-	-	71,983
Compensated absences - current portion	-	-	50,562	-	50,562
Due within one year			429,391		429,391
Total current liabilities	1,474,956	(1,095,243)	480,348	43,342	903,403
Noncurrent liabilities:					•
Long-term liabilities:					
Compensated absences	-	-	450,830	-	450,830
Landfill post-closure	-	-	860,644	-	860,644
CalPERS side fund	-	-	277,174	-	277,174
Net OPEB obligation	-	-	3,187,087	-	3,187,087
Net pension liability			8,944,982		8,944,982
Total noncurrent liabilities		-	13,720,717		13,720,717
Total liabilities	1,474,956	(1,095,243)	14,201,065	43,342	14,624,120
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	2,606,168		(2,606,168)		
Pension Plan	2,000,108	-	703,332	-	703,332
OPEB, deferred inflow	-	-		-	241,150
Total liabities and deferred inflows:	4,081,124	(1,095,243)	241,150 12,539,379	43,342	
	4,081,124	(1,093,243)	12,339,379	43,342	15,568,602
FUND BALANCES/NET POSITION					
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable	2,706	(2,706)	-	-	-
Restricted	1,921,632	(1,921,632)	-	-	-
Committed	2,159,716	(2,159,716)	-	-	-
Assigned	1,425,866	(1,425,866)	-	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	244,777	(244,777)	-	-	-
Not nosition.		(, ,			-
Net position:			41 402 00 -	(07.442	40 101 655
Net investment in capital assets	-	-	41,403,995	697,662	42,101,657
Restricted	-		1,921,632	-	1,921,632
Unrestricted		5,754,697	(11,694,891)	914,449	(5,025,745)
Total fund balances/net position Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	5,754,697	ф (1.00 7.0 15)	31,630,736	1,612,111	38,997,544
rotal natimites, ucierred innows and net position	\$ 9,835,821	\$ (1,095,243)	\$ 44,170,115	\$ 1,655,453	\$ 54,566,146

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Major Funds					
	General Fund	CDBG Program Income Special Revenue	Housing Successor Agency Special Revenue			
REVENUES: Taxes and assessments	\$ 5,883,634	\$ -	\$ -			
Licenses and permits	97,307	φ -	φ -			
Fines and forfeitures	59,561	_	_			
Intergovernmental	173,996	_	_			
Use of money and property	260,697	98,204	8,421			
Charges for services	44,889		-			
Reimbursements	2,335,292	_	_			
Other revenues	22,466	-	-			
Total revenues	8,877,842	98,204	8,421			
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
General government	2,080,122	-	-			
Public safety	4,341,045	-	-			
Public works	1,549,986	-	-			
Community development	498,338	-	-			
Marketing and promotions	185,621	-	-			
Cost allocations	474,904	-	-			
Capital outlay	-	-	-			
Debt service:						
Principal	180,427	-	-			
Interest and fiscal charges	5,106	-	-			
Total expenditures	9,315,549					
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES	(437,707)	98,204	8,421			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Proceeds from sales of assets	5,552	-	-			
Transfers in	490,302	-	-			
Transfers out	(508,531)	(128,201)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	(12,677)	(128,201)				
Net change in fund balances	(450,384)	(29,997)	8,421			
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year	3,141,626	(1,779)	422,911			
End of year	\$ 2,691,242	\$ (31,776)	\$ 431,332			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

	Major	Funds		
S	Special ales Tax ial Revenue	Street Resurfacing Capital Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
\$	945,048	\$ -	\$ 49,726	\$ 6,878,408
	· -	-	-	97,307
	-	-	51,971	111,532
	-	-	2,528,497	2,702,493
	23,465	-	17,877	408,664
	-	-	16,304	61,193
	-	-	-	2,335,292
				22,466
	968,513		2,664,375	12,617,355
	_	<u>-</u>	13,538	2,093,660
	273,576	-	414,861	5,029,482
	-	-	351,169	1,901,155
	-	-	348,031	846,369
	-	-	-	185,621
	-	-	-	474,904
	-	1,974,868	-	1,974,868
	-	-	-	180,427
	-			5,106
	273,576	1,974,868	1,127,599	12,691,592
	694,937	(1,974,868)	1,536,776	(74,237)
				5 552
	-	- -	126,146	5,552 616,448
			(1,552,999)	(2,189,731)
			(1,426,853)	(1,567,731)
	694,937	(1,974,868)	109,923	(1,641,968)
	878,623	1,727,868	1,227,416	7,396,665
\$	1,573,560	\$ (247,000)	\$ 1,337,339	\$ 5,754,697
Ψ	1,575,500	(217,000)	Ţ 1,557,557	\$ 5,751,077

City of Fort Bragg, California Reconciliation of Fund Basis Statements to Government-wide Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

		ompensated Absences/		Capital Asset											Government-		
	Fund Based	Debt	Internal				(Add	ditions)/				OPEB				wide	
Functions/Programs	Totals	 Service	Service	_	D	epreciation	Reti	rements	Amo	ortization	0	bligation	Pension plan		Totals		
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$ 2,093,660	\$ (157,501)	\$ (1,49)	5)	\$	81,482	\$	-	\$	6,093	\$	(70,064)	\$	670,820	\$	2,622,995	
Public safety	5,029,482	-	195,57	1		149,134		-		-		-		-		5,374,187	
Public works	1,901,155	(103,598)	140,03	2		1,184,077		373		-		-		-		3,122,039	
Community development	846,369	-	29,59	0		-		-		-		-		-		875,959	
Marketing and promotions	185,621	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		185,621	
Cost allocations	474,904	-	(474,90	4)		-		-		-		-		-		-	
Capital outlay	1,974,868	-		-		-	(1.	,974,868)		-		-		-		-	
Debt service/Interest	185,533	(180,427)	·	_				-		-						5,106	
Total governmental activities	\$ 12,691,592	\$ (441,526)	\$ (111,20	6)	\$	1,414,693	\$ (1,	,974,495)	\$	6,093	\$	(70,064)	\$	670,820	\$	12,185,907	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	(1,641,968)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	t		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets:			
Capital asset purchases capitalized Proceeds from sale of capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 1,974,495 (5,552) (1,414,693)		554,250
Certain notes receivable are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures and then offset by a deferred revenue as they are not available to pay current expenditures. Likewise, when the note is collected it is reflected in revenue. This is the net change between notes receivable collected and issued.			(84,462)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:			
Capital lease obligations CalPERS side fund	143,007 183,803		326,810
Debt issuance costs are expenditures in the governmental funds, but these costs are capitalized and amortized on the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount of amortization in the current period.			
Amortization of deferred loss on refunding	(6,093)		(6,093)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:			
Landfill closure liability Change in compensated absences	(42,785) 157,501		114,716
Certain employee benefit obligations are recorded on a pay-as-you-go basis in the governmental funds, but are accrued as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position:			
Net OPEB obligation Net Pension obligation	70,064 (670,820)		(600,756)
Internal services funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet services, to individual funds. The change in Net Position of the Internal			
Service Funds net of capital assets are included in the governmental activities in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.	(55,493) 166,699		111,206
Change in Net Position of governmental activities		_\$	(1,226,297)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -

Budget to Actual - General and Major Special Revenue Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2020

				General I	Fund	
		- 4				Variance w/Final
		Budgeted A	moun	ts Final	A atrial	Positive
REVENUES:		Original		rinai	Actual	(Negative)
Taxes and assessments	\$	6,734,837	\$	6,734,837	\$ 5,883,634	\$ (851,203)
Licenses and permits	•	108,480	*	108,480	97,307	(11,173)
Fines and forfeitures		46,600		46,600	59,561	12,961
Intergovernmental		280,537		280,537	173,996	(106,541)
Use of money and property		57,500		57,500	260,697	203,197
Charges for services		63,700		63,700	44,889	(18,811)
Reimbursements		2,511,415		2,511,415	2,335,292	(176,123)
Other revenues		53,732		70,945	22,466	(48,479)
Total revenues		9,856,801		9,874,014	8,877,842	(996,172)
EXPENDITURES:		_				
Current:						
General government:						
City Council		174,189		174,189	120,660	53,529
Administrative services		669,584		697,084	672,136	24,948
Finance		512,019		542,419	530,345	12,074
Other - unclassified		684,414		684,414	756,981	(72,567)
Public safety:						, ,
Police Department		3,904,224		4,136,156	3,962,289	173,867
Fire Department		430,723		430,723	378,756	51,967
Public works:						
Administration and engineering		796,383		796,383	588,348	208,035
Parks and facilities		71,390		71,390	47,171	24,219
Street maintenance		192,919		192,919	120,706	72,213
Storm drains		20,816		28,356	24,922	3,434
Corporation yard		726,374		726,374	732,548	(6,174)
Traffic and safety		63,724		63,724	36,291	27,433
Community development		514,900		561,113	498,338	62,775
Marketing and promotions		216,500		228,975	185,621	43,354
Cost allocations		634,887		634,887	474,904	159,983
Debt service:						
Principal		180,520		180,520	180,427	93
Interest and fiscal charges		5,013		5,013	5,106	(93)
Total expenditures		9,798,579		10,154,639	9,315,549	839,090
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)						
EXPENDITURES		58,222		(280,625)	(437,707)	(157,082)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Cost allocations						
Proceeds from sales of assets		7,000		7,000	5,552	(1,448)
Transfers in		489,929		489,929	490,302	373
Transfers out		(489,929)		(489,929)	(508,531)	(18,602)
Total other financing sources (uses)		7,000		7,000	(12,677)	(19,677)
Net change in fund balances		65,222		(273,625)	(450,384)	(176,759)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):						
Beginning of year		3,141,626		3,141,626	3,141,626	-
End of year	\$	3,206,848	\$	2,868,001	\$ 2,691,242	\$ (176,759)

			Housing Successor Agency Special					pecial Reve	me	ram Incon	Prog	CDBG 1
	Variano	`				ce w/Final		1				
sitive					Budgeted	sitive			_		d Ar	Budgeted
gative	(Neg	Actual	Final		Original	gative)	(N	Actual		Final		Original
	\$	\$ -		\$	\$ -		\$				\$	\$ -
	Ψ	φ -	_	Ψ	Ψ -	_	Ψ	_		_	Ψ	ν -
		_	-		-	-		-		-		-
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
(45		8,421	8,876		8,876	(14,718)		98,204		112,922		112,922
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
		=	=		=	-		=		=		=
(45		8,421	8,876		8,876	(14,718)		98,204		112,922		112,922
					2,2,2	<u>(- 197 - 0)</u>						
		-	-		-	<u>-</u>		-		-		-
		- -	- -		- -	-		- -		-		-
		=	-		-	-		=		=		-
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
		_	_		_	_		_		_		_
		_	_		_	_		_		=		=
		-	-		-	-		-		_		-
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
		=	=		=	-		=		=		-
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
						-				-	_	
(45		8,421	8,876		8,876	(14,718)		98,204		112,922		112,922
		-	-		-	-		-		-		-
		-	-		-	-		-		_		-
						21,799		(128,201)		(150,000)		(150,000)
						21,799		(128,201)	_	(150,000)	_	(150,000)
(45		8,421	8,876		8,876	7,081		(29,997)	1	(37,078)		(37,078)
		422,911	422,911		422,911	-		(1,779) (31,776)	<u> </u>	(1,779)		(1,779)
(45	\$	\$ 431,332	431,787	\$ 4	\$ 431,787	7,081	\$	(31,776)	<u> </u>	(38,857)	\$	\$ (38,857)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual - General and Major Special Revenue Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

		,	Special	Sales Tax	Spec	ial Revenu	e	
	I	Budgeted	Amou	nts	-			nce w/Fina Positive
	Orig	ginal	F	Final		Actual	(N	legative)
REVENUES:								
Taxes and assessments	\$ 9.	53,323	\$	953,323	\$	945,048	\$	(8,275)
Licenses and permits		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-
Use of money and property		35,672		35,672		23,465		(12,207)
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Reimbursements		-		-		-		-
Other revenues						<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
Total revenues	9	88,995		988,995		968,513		(20,482)
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government:								
City Council		-		-		-		-
Administrative services		-		-		-		-
Finance		-		-		-		-
Other - unclassified		-		-		-		-
Public safety:								
Police Department		-		-		-		-
Fire Department		-		-		-		-
Public works:								
Administration and engineering	1	79,155		179,155		273,576		(94,421)
Parks and facilities		-		-		-		_
Street maintenance		_		_		_		-
Storm drains		-		-		-		-
Corporation yard		_		_		_		_
Traffic and safety		-		-		-		-
Community development		-		-		-		-
Marketing and promotions		_		_		_		-
Cost allocations								
Debt service:		-		-		-		-
Principal		_		-		_		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	1	79,155		179,155		273,576		(94,421)
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	<u> </u>							
EXPENDITURES	8	09,840		809,840		694,937		(114,903)
		0,010		007,010		071,737		(111,505)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Cost allocations								
Transfer to Successor Agency		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	(6)	08,696)	((608,696)		-		608,696
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6	08,696)	((608,696)		-		608,696
Net change in fund balances	2	01,144		201,144		694,937		493,793
FUND BALANCES:								
Beginning of year	Q	78,623		878,623		878,623		=
End of year		79,767		,079,767	\$	1,573,560	\$	493,793
	- -,0	- , ,		,,		<i>y y</i>		•
							(con	cluded)

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Fund	Description
Major Funds:	
Water Fund	Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's water treatment and distribution system.
Sewer Fund	Accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's wastewater treatment plant and collection facilities.
CV Starr Center	Accounts for activities related to the CV Starr Community Center.

City of Fort Bragg, California Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2020

			_							vernmental Activities		
		Water		Sewer	CV	Starr Center				Internal		
A COPPEG		Fund		Fund		Fund		Totals	Sei	vice Funds		
ASSETS												
Current assets: Cash and investments	\$	6,397,218	\$	3,265,024	\$	843,851	\$	10,506,093	\$	957,791		
Restricted cash and investments	Ф	108,064	Ф	3,203,024	Ф	043,031	Ф	10,300,093	Ф	937,791		
Receivables:		100,004		_		_		100,004				
Accounts		342,325		1,118,692		213,225		1,674,242		_		
Intergovernmental		342,323		1,110,072		213,223		1,074,242		_		
Other receivable		_		_		_		_		_		
Due from other funds		_		1,441,771		-		1,441,771		-		
Loans/ Notes Receivable		_		-		-		-		-		
Inventory and prepaids		43,216		4,989		978		49,183		-		
Total current assets		6,890,823		5,830,476		1,058,054		13,779,353		957,791		
Noncurrent assets:										<u> </u>		
Capital assets, net		6,903,929		25,449,019		19,914,200		52,267,148		697,662		
Total noncurrent assets		6,903,929		25,449,019		19,914,200		52,267,148		697,662		
Total Assets		13,794,752		31,279,495		20,972,254		66,046,501		1,655,453		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_										
Pension plan		_		247,607		_		247,607		_		
Deferred loss on debt refunding		120,142				-		120,142		-		
Total assets and defered outflows of resources	\$	13,914,894	\$	31,527,102	\$	20,972,254	\$	66,414,250	\$	1,655,453		
LIABILITIES				<u> </u>								
Current liabilities:												
	\$	131,862	\$	1,357,738	\$	375,263	\$	1,864,863	\$	41,687		
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	Ф	131,602	Ф		Ф	373,203	Ф		Ф			
Due to other funds		-		18,117 1,754,369		-		18,117 1,754,369		1,655		
		16 296		1,734,369		-				-		
Interest payable		16,386		-		-		16,386		-		
Unearned revenue		150 174		6,466		10.706		6,466		-		
Deposits payable		150,174		250		18,796		169,220		-		
Compensated absences - current portion		2,752		4,003		1,522		8,277		-		
Due within one year		356,889		87,000				443,889		- 42.242		
Total current liabilities		658,063		3,227,943		395,581		4,281,587		43,342		
Noncurrent liabilities:		24.602		25.460		1606		5 6.00 5				
Compensated absences		24,603		35,469		16,865		76,937		-		
Advance from other funds		-		-		-		-				
Due after one year		1,545,780		4,827,000		-		6,372,780		-		
Net pension liability				994,734		-		994,734		-		
Total noncurrent liabilities		1,570,383		5,857,203		16,865		7,444,451		-		
Total liabilities		2,228,446		9,085,146		412,446		11,726,038		43,342		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Pension Plan				68,411		-		68,411				
Total deferred inflows of resources				68,411		-		68,411		-		
NET POSITION												
Net Position:												
Net investment in capital assets		5,358,149		20,535,019		19,914,200		45,807,368		697,662		
Restricted for debt service		108,064		40,333,019		12,714,400		108,064		097,002		
Unrestricted Unrestricted				1 929 526		645 600				014 440		
		6,220,235		1,838,526		645,608		8,704,369		914,449		
Total net position		11,686,448		22,373,545		20,559,808		54,619,801		1,612,111		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and net position	\$	13,914,894	\$	31,527,102	\$	20,972,254	\$	66,414,250	\$	1,655,453		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

City of Fort Bragg, California Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Water	Sewer	CV Starr Center	T	Governmental Activities Internal
OPERATING REVENUES:	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals	Service Funds
Charges for service	\$ 3,141,763	\$ 3,484,109	\$ 465,718	\$ 7,091,590	\$ -
Capital grant revenue	\$ 3,141,703	4,512,326	\$ 403,716	4,512,326	Ф -
Other operating revenue	38,803	4,312,320	-	38,803	27.069
Interdepartmental charges	38,803	-	-	38,803	27,968 768,775
Total operating revenues	3,180,566	7,996,435	465,718	11,642,719	796,743
Total operating revenues	3,180,300	7,990,433	403,716	11,042,/19	790,743
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services	444,488	627,827	861,966	1,934,281	405,437
Administration	433,923	726,515	24,856	1,185,294	
Repairs and maintenance	49,884	55,465	112,016	217,365	42,477
Materials and supplies	140,121	168,013	10,171	318,305	232,216
Utilities	134,585	172,435	186,906	493,926	-
Contractual services	45,787	111,735	23,215	180,737	5,407
Insurance	21,031	26,181	43,294	90,506	_
Other operating	5,294	25,050	134,970	165,314	-
Allocated overhead	, -	· -	- -	, -	=
Depreciation	326,312	304,310	683,414	1,314,036	166,699
Total operating expenses	1,601,425	2,217,531	2,080,808	5,899,764	852,236
OPERATING INCOME	1,579,141	5,778,904	(1,615,090)	5,742,955	(55,493)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXP	ENSES):				
Property taxes	-	-	236,185	236,185	-
Sales taxes	-	-	944,770	944,770	-
Other nonoperating revenues	30,189	65,167	-	95,356	-
Interest revenue	114,936	47,932	15,227	178,095	-
Refunds and rebates	-	-	-	-	-
Interest expense	(74,076)	(84,606)	-	(158,682)	-
Total non-operating revenues, net	71,049	28,493	1,196,182	1,295,724	_
INET INCUIVE DEFURE TO A NOTE DO	1,650,190	5,807,397	(418,908)	7,038,679	(55,493)
Transfers in	250	1,573,033	<u>-</u>	1,573,283	-
Transfers out	_	_	-	_	_
Total transfers	250	1,573,033		1,573,283	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,650,440	7,380,430	(418,908)	8,611,962	(55,493)
NET POSITION:					
Beginning of year	10,036,008	14,993,115	20,978,716	46,007,839	1,667,604
End of year	\$ 11,686,448	\$ 22,373,545	\$ 20,559,808	\$ 54,619,801	\$ 1,612,111

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

City of Fort Bragg, California Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Water Fund		Sewer Fund	CV	Starr Center Fund		Totals		vernmental Activities Internal vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				1 11111						
Cash received from customers/users for services provided	\$	3,186,511	\$	11,332,275	\$	464,374	\$	14,983,160	\$	_
Cash received from interfund services provided		_		_		_		_		796,743
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(768,253)		(508,788)		(561,728)		(1,838,769)		(268,984)
Cash payments to employees for services		(428,117)		(549,385)		(873,706)		(1,851,208)		(408,574)
Net cash provided by operating activities	-	1,990,141		10,274,102		(971,060)		11,293,183		119,185
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING		1,550,111	-	10,271,102		(571,000)	_	11,273,103		117,105
ACTIVITIES:										
Transfers received		250		1,331,194		_		1,331,444		_
Transfers paid		-		-		_		-		_
Taxes received		_		_		1,180,955		1,180,955		_
Loans received		_		1,466		-		1,466		_
Net cash used by noncapital financing activities		250		1,332,660		1,180,955		2,513,865		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED				, ,		, ,		, ,		
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(292,339)		(8,219,067)		(321,288)		(8,832,694)		(3,440)
Principal paid on long term debt		(375,742)		(85,999)		(321,200)		(461,741)		(3,440)
Interest paid on long term debt		(74,076)		(84,604)		_		(158,680)		_
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	-	(742,157)		(8,389,670)		(321,288)		(9,453,115)		(3,440)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		(/42,137)		(0,507,070)		(321,200)		(7,433,113)		(3,440)
Investment income received		114,936		47,932		15,227		178,095		_
Net cash provided by investing activities		114,936		47,932		15,227	-	178,095		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,363,170		3,265,024		(96,166)	-	4,532,028		115,745
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:		1,505,170		3,203,021		(50,100)		1,552,020		115,715
Beginning of year		5,142,112		_		940,017		6,082,129		842,046
End of year		6,505,282	\$	3,265,024	\$	843,851	\$	10,614,157	\$	957,791
·							_	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Presentation in Statement of Financial Position: Cash and investments	\$	6,397,218	ø	3,265,024	ď	843,851	ø	10,506,093	\$	057.701
Restricted cash and investments	Ф	108,064	\$	3,203,024	\$	843,831	\$	10,306,093	Ф	957,791
Total Cash and investments	\$	6,505,282	\$	3,265,024	\$	843,851	\$	10,614,157	\$	957,791
Total Casil and investments	<u> </u>	0,303,282	Þ	3,203,024	<u> </u>	843,831	3	10,014,137	D	937,791
Reconciliation of income from operations to net										
cash provided by operating activities:										
Operating income	\$	1,579,141	\$	5,778,904	\$	(1,615,090)	\$	5,742,955	\$	(55,493)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income										
to net cash provided by operating activities:		226 212		204210		602 414		1 21 4 02 6		166 600
Depreciation		326,312		304,310		683,414		1,314,036		166,699
Pension		-		73,305		-		73,305		-
(Increase) decrease in current assets:		(24.252)		(505.154)		((024)		(55.6.2.40)		
Accounts receivable		(24,252)		(725,154)		(6,934)		(756,340)		-
Intergovernmental receivables		(1.0(2)		2,339,229		-		2,339,229		-
Inventory and prepaids		(1,863)		6,298		-		4,435		-
Prepaid items		-		1 721 515		-		1 701 515		
Other receivable		-		1,721,515		-		1,721,515		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		64 225		770 200		(2(200)		909 242		11 117
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		64,235		770,308		(26,300)		808,243		11,116
Accrued habilities Unearned revenues		20 190		2,543		(12 206)		2,543		(3,137)
Onearned revenues Deposits payable		30,189 8		250		(13,206)		16,983		-
		16,371		2,594		18,796		19,054		-
Compensated absences	_		_		_	(11,740)		7,225	Φ.	110.10
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,990,141	\$	10,274,102	\$	(971,060)	\$	11,293,183	\$	119,185

There were no noncash investing, capital, or financing activities affecting recognized assets and liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

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FIDUCIARY ACTIVITIES

Fund Description

Private Purpose Trust Funds are used for resources held for other individuals and entities in a manner similar to private enterprise.

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Private Purpose Trust Fund

Successor Agency - Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency Accounts for funds collected and disbursed for the

Accounts for funds collected and disbursed for the dissolution of the former Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency related to Administration and Retirement of enforceable obligations

City of Fort Bragg, California Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Activities June 30, 2020

		cessor Agency
		ner Fort Bragg
	Re	development
		Agency
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	149,765
Total current assets		149,765
Total assets		149,765
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred loss on debt refunding		80,090
Total deferred outflows of resources		80,090
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	229,855
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	1,759
Interest payable		36,759
Due within one year		158,380
Total current liabilities		196,898
Long-term liabilities:		_
Due after one year		3,154,079
Total long-term liabilities		3,154,079
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue		270,613
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		3,621,590
Net Position (Deficit)		(3,391,735)
Total liabilities and net position	\$	229,855

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

City of Fort Bragg, California Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Successor Agency Former Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency
ADDITIONS:	
Property taxes	\$ 380,975
Total operating revenues	380,975
DEDUCTIONS:	
Community development	125,509
Interest and trustee fees	104,329
Total operating expenses	229,838
CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS	151,137
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT):	
Beginning of year	(3,542,872)
End of year	\$ (3,391,735)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these basic financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



City of Fort Bragg, California Index to the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

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1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of Fort Bragg (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles (USGAAP) generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant principles are described below.

A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fiduciary fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

B. Reporting Entity

The City of Fort Bragg was incorporated August 5, 1889, under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-City Manager form of government and provides a variety of services including public safety (police and fire); streets and highways; wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal; water treatment; planning and zoning; public improvement and redevelopment; and general administrative services. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable.

Blended Component Units

Because of their relationship with the City and the nature of their operations, component units are, in substance, part of the City's operations and, accordingly, the activities of these component units are combined, or blended with the activities of the City for purposes of reporting in the accompanying basic financial statements. The basis for blending the component units is that their governing bodies are substantially the same as the City's Council.

Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1 (District) includes all of the funds and operations for the City's wastewater collection and treatment processes. The District is governed by a Board of Directors comprised of the members of the Fort Bragg City Council. The City of Fort Bragg exercises significant financial and management control over the District. The activities of the District are reported as a major enterprise fund within the City's financial statements.

Complete financial statements of the District can be obtained directly from the City of Fort Bragg, 416 N. Franklin St., Fort Bragg, CA 95437.

City of Fort Bragg, California Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the City are organized and operated on the basis of funds, each of which is defined as a separate fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. These funds are established for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), "Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments," the financial statements consist of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements,
- Fund financial statements, and
- Notes to the financial statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the government's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government (the City) and its component units. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the City's water and wastewater functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational need of a particular program, and (c) fees, grants, and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

City of Fort Bragg, California Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, Continued

C. Basis of Presentation, Continued

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary fund and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government except those required to be accounted for in specialized funds.

The **Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) Program Income Fund** special revenue fund was established to account for program income generated by CDBG funded projects. The funds are used for activities that benefit low- and moderate-income persons to ensure decent affordable housing and to create jobs through the expansion and retention of businesses.

The **Housing Successor Agency** special revenue fund was established to account for the housing assets, rights, power, duties, obligations and functions previously performed by the Redevelopment Agency in administering its Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund.

The **Special Sales Tax Street Repair Fund** special revenue fund is used to account for revenue received from local sales taxes restricted to street repairs.

The **Street Resurfacing Project Fund** is a capital project fund used to account for costs associated with the Street Resurfacing project and Street Structural Repair project. This project is funded with local sales taxes collected specifically for street maintenance and repair.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Water** enterprise fund accounts for the activities of the City's water treatment and distribution operations.

The **Wastewater** enterprise fund accounts for the activities of the Fort Bragg Municipal Improvement District No. 1 which provides the City's wastewater collection, treatment, and disposal operations.

The **C.V. Starr Center** enterprise fund accounts for all operations of the C.V. Starr Center, including the local sales tax restricted to funding the operations of the C.V. Starr Center and the property taxes collected by the City as part of a Property Tax Exchange agreement.

C. Basis of Presentation, Continued

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds account for maintenance and repair of City facilities, information technology, and vehicle operations that provide services to other departments of the City on a cost reimbursement basis.

The **Private-Purpose Trust Fund** is a fiduciary fund type used by the City to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit other governments. This fund reports the assets, liabilities, and activities of the Fort Bragg Redevelopment Successor Agency (Successor Agency). The Successor Agency operates under the auspices of a legislatively formed Oversight Board comprised of representatives of the local agencies that serve the redevelopment project area. The Oversight Board, in its fiduciary capacity, has authority over the operations and the timely dissolution of the former RDA. It is tasked with fulfilling the obligations of the former RDA, and is also responsible for revenue collection, maintaining necessary bond reserves, and disposing of excess property.

During the course of operations the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at fiscal year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the fiscal year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting, continued

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of a fiscal year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when eligible expenditures have been incurred against a fully executed grant agreement. Such accrued revenue is considered available even if it is not received within 60 days of year-end. This method provides improved reporting and control at the program level because it appropriately matches funding sources and uses. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Water and Wastewater enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Budgetary Information

1) Budgetary basis of accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund and enterprise funds. The capital projects funds are appropriated on a project-length basis. Other special revenue funds do not have appropriated budgets since other means control the use of these resources (e.g., grant awards and endowment requirements) and sometimes span a period of more than one fiscal year.

E. Budgetary Information, Continued

The City Council follows the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

- Before the end of each fiscal year, the City Manager and Finance Director prepare and submit to
 the City Council a proposed budget for the subsequent fiscal year. The budget includes proposed
 expenditures and the means for financing them.
- The City Council reviews the proposed budget in public hearings which provides interested citizens opportunity to comment. The Council may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.
- Prior to July 1, or soon after, the budget is legally adopted by the City Council through resolution.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The City's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department with City Manager approval. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. Valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expected in the next year) are brought forward and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to City policy.

F. Unearned Revenue

Under both the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue may be recognized only when earned. Therefore, the government-wide statement of net position as well as governmental and enterprise funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received as of fiscal year-end, but not yet earned. Assets recognized in connection with a transaction before the earnings process is complete are offset by a corresponding liability for unearned revenue.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, it is not enough that revenue had been earned if it is to be recognized in the current period. Revenue must also be susceptible to accrual (i.e., measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period). Governmental funds report unearned revenues, in connection with receivables for revenue not considered available to liquidate, as deferred inflows of resources.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1) Cash and cash equivalents

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

2) Investments

Investments for the City and its component units are reported at fair value (generally based on quoted market prices).

3) Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories for both governmental and proprietary funds consist principally of materials and supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost, approximating fair value, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. Inventories recorded in the governmental funds do not reflect current appropriable resources and thus, an equivalent portion of fund balance is shown as non-spendable.

Certain payments to vendors represent costs applicable to future accounting periods and would be recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The City had \$960 in prepaid expenses in governmental activities as of June 30, 2020.

4) Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, infrastructure (roads, sidewalks and similar items), and machinery and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the governmental-wide financial statements. Capital assets, except for infrastructure assets, are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. For infrastructure assets the same estimated minimum useful life is used (in excess of two years), but only those infrastructure projects that cost more than \$50,000 are reported as capital assets.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the City chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The City was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the City constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items as well as capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value. During the current fiscal period, infrastructure projects that were incomplete are reported as "construction in progress."

Interest is capitalized on the construction of major assets acquired with debt. The amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project with interest earned on invested proceeds over the same period. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, there were no projects meeting the criteria for interest capitalization.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets, as applicable. Capitalization thresholds are \$5,000 for any single item.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method using the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Capital Asset Class	Useful Life
Buildings	40 -75 years
Infrastructure	10 - 50 years
Utility Plant	10 - 50 years
Machinery & Equipment	3 - 40 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Improvements	5 - 30 years

5) Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net assets and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied, due to the nature of the restrictions.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

6) <u>Deferred outflows/inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has three items reported as a deferred outflow of resources. The first item, deferred loss on refunding, is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is a deferred charge on OPEB Trust plan contributions in the government-wide statement of net position. The third item is a deferred charge on pension plan contributions in the government-wide statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items reported as a deferred inflow of resources. The first item arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: sales taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second deferred inflow of resources is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB Trust plan investments and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The third deferred inflow of resources is the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and is reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

7) Fund Balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

8) Net Position/Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 63 adds the concept of Net Position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis. Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities and are divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to Net Position as determined at the government-wide level, and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include debt service requirements and funds restricted for various purposes, such as low and moderate income housing, community development, streets and roads, and public safety.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net Position which is not restricted as to use.

GASB Statement No. 54 establishes fund balance classifications for the Fund Financial Statements that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

Non-spendable Fund Balance – This amount is comprised of net position that cannot be spent because of their form or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted Fund Balance – This balance is comprised of net position that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – This balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council (Council) is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Assigned Fund Balance – This balance is intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Council has

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

by resolution authorized the Finance Director to assign fund balance. The Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned Fund Balance – This balance represents residual net resources or total fund balance in the General Fund in excess of non-spendable, restricted, committed and assigned fund balance (surplus). In other governmental funds the balance represents the excess of non-spendable, restricted, and committed fund balance over total fund balance (deficit).

The City applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

9) Restricted Assets

Certain cash and investments in the Water Fund are held by the City's fiscal agents and classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable bond or other covenants.

10) Lease Obligations

The City leases various assets under both operating and capital lease agreements. In the government-wide and proprietary funds' financial statements, capital leases and the related lease obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary funds' statement of net position.

G. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance, Continued

11) Encumbrances

Encumbrances resulting from issuing purchase orders as a result of normal purchasing activities approved by appropriate authorities as of June 30, 2020, are summarized below.

Fund		Amount
General Fund	\$	3,700
Fleet & Equipment Services		664,949
CDBG 2017		122,280
CDBG 2016		3,738
MCOG		49,510
Water Enterprise		443,873
Street Resurfacing Capital Project		27,438
Wastewater Enterprise	-	2,860,794
	\$	4,176,282

12) Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, the proprietary fund financial statements, and the private-purpose trust fund, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Initial-issue bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Amortization of bond premiums or discounts is included as a component of interest expense.

H. Revenues and expenditures/expenses

1) Program revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes (excluding those dedicated for specific purposes) and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

The City only accrues revenues at fiscal year-end and accrues only those revenues it deems collectible; as such the City has no allowance for uncollectible accounts. Management has determined that uncollectible receivables, if any, would be immaterial based on an analysis of historical trends.

2) Property taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on real property and are levied as of July 1st. The City relies on the competency of the County of Mendocino Assessor's and Auditor-Controller's (County) offices to properly assess, collect, and distribute property taxes.

H. Revenues and expenditures/expenses, Continued

The method of allocation used by the County is subject to review by the State of California. The City and the County have adopted the Alternative Method of Tax Apportionment – Teeter Plan. First enacted in 1949, the Teeter Plan provides California counties with an optional alternative method for allocating delinquent property tax revenues. Using the accrual method of accounting under the Teeter Plan, counties allocate property tax revenues based on the total amount of property taxes billed, but not yet collected. In exchange, the counties receive the penalties and interest on delinquent taxes when collected. Mendocino County assesses properties, bills for, and collects secured and unsecured property taxes as follows:

	Secured	Unsecured
Lien dates	January 1	January 1
Levy dates	July 1	July 1
Due dates	50% on November 1	July 1
	50% on February 1	
Delinquent as of	December 10 (for November due date)	August 31
	April 10 (for February due date	

3) Compensated absences

<u>Vacation</u>

Earned vacation and a portion of accumulated sick-leave payable upon termination or retirement are accrued as compensated absences. The accrual includes the City's share of payroll taxes. Regular employees earn vacation hours based on the number of years of continuous service. No more than 240 hours (340 hours after 10 years of continuous service) may be accumulated.

Sick Leave

Regular employees are given credit for eight (8) hours sick-leave for each month of employment with unlimited accumulation. Each employee who has two or more years of service with the City and who separates from City service for any reason, except discharge for cause, is entitled to payment of the monetary equivalent of 30% of unused sick-leave accrued to a maximum of 1,000 hours. This 30% is included in the compensated absences accrual.

4) Proprietary funds operating and non-operating revenues and expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and wastewater funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The C.V. Starr Center fund has three sources of revenue: property taxes, district sales tax, and user fees. The water and wastewater funds also recognize as

H. Revenues and expenditures/expenses, Continued

operating revenue the portion intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. Although Internal Service Funds are proprietary in nature, they are funded entirely by internal customers and reported as governmental activities.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

J. New and Closed Funds

During the course of each fiscal year funds may be closed and new funds opened. In FY 2019/20 no funds were closed. The SWRCB (State Water Resources Control Board) grant fund was opened.

K. Reclassifications

Certain amounts have been reclassified to provide for comparable results on a year to year basis.

L. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Authority's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Generally accepted accounting principles require that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2019 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2020, the City's pooled cash and investments, classified by maturity, consisted of the following stated at fair value:

	N	laturities (in year		Fair	
	<1	1 to 3 3 to 5		Deposits	Market Value
Cash equivalents and investments pooled					
Pooled cash, at fair value					
Cash in bank	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,040,689	4,040,689
Petty cash				1,298	1,298
Total pooled items				4,041,987	4,041,987
Pooled investments, at fair value					
Interest obligations					
<u>Par</u> <u>Rate</u>					
\$ 7,682,000 1.3% - 3.35% Certificates of Deposits	2,256,375	4,394,750	538,016	-	7,189,141
Money Market Funds				108,064	108,064
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund				4,426,957	4,426,957
Total pooled investments - interest obligations	2,256,375	4,394,750	538,016	4,535,021	11,724,162
Total cash equivalents and investments pooled	\$ 2,256,375	\$ 4,394,750	\$ 538,016	\$ 8,577,008	\$ 15,766,149
	Amounts report	ted in:			
		ctivities (unrestr	•		\$ 5,002,227
		ctivities (unrestric	•		10,506,093
		ctivities (restricte	d)		108,064
	Fiduciary activiti	ies			149,765
	Total				\$ 15,766,149

Investment Type	Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 7,189,141	3.37
Money market funds	108,064	-
LAIF	4,426,957	-
Total fair value	\$ 11,724,162	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		2.07

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

California statutes authorize cities to invest idle or surplus funds in a variety of credit instruments as provided for in the California Government Code, Section 53600, Chapter 4 – Financial Affairs. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. The table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code of the City's investment policy. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City's permissible investments included the following instruments:

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
Local Agency Investment Fund (State Pool)	N/A	Unlimited	\$50 Million
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	Unlimited	None
U.S. Government Agency Issues	5 years	Unlimited	None
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	10%	None
Bankers' Acceptances (must be dollar denominated)	270 days	40%	None
Commercial Paper - A rated minimum	180 days	15%	None
Certificates of Deposits - FDIC insured	5 years	50%	None
General obligations of any State or Political subdivision - AA rated minimum	5 years	30%	None
Money market mutual funds holding - Cash and U.S. Government Obligations	N/A	None	None

Per the City's investment policy, if special circumstances arise that necessitate the purchase of securities beyond the five year limitation, the requests must be approved by the Council prior to purchase.

Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustees is governed by provisions of the debt agreements. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustees. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

		Maximum	Maximum
	Maximum	Percentage	Investment
Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements	Maturity	of Portfolio	in One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Government Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Bankers Acceptance	270 days	40%	15%
Commercial paper	180 days	15%	15%
Money market mutual funds	None	None	None

City of Fort Bragg, California Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Interest rate risk —Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Credit risk – As of June 30, 2020, the City's investments in money market funds were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Fitch Ratings, and Aaa by Moody's Investors Service. The State of California Local Agency Investment Fund is not rated.

Concentration of credit risk — The City's investment policy does not allow for an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of five percent of the government's total investments. The investments made by the City Treasurer are limited to those allowable under State statutes as incorporated into the City's Investment Policy, which is accepted annually by the City Council. There were no concentrations in any one issuer for the year.

The City participates in an investment pool managed by the State of California titled Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). LAIF's investments are subject to credit risk with the full faith and credit of the State of California collateralizing these investments

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the City will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits. At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the City's cash deposits (including fiduciary funds) was \$4,040,689 of which \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$3,790,689 was collateralized as required by State law (Government Code Section 53630), by the pledging financial institution with assets held in a common pool for the City and other governmental agencies, but not in the name of the City.

The California Government Code (Government Code Section 53630) requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

As of June 30, 2020, the City's investments were held by the City's custodial agent, but not in the City's name, and were insured up to specified limits by the Securities Investor Protection

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Corporation (SIPC) and supplemental private insurance up to a limit of \$150 million. Investment balances equaled \$11,724,162.

Custodial credit risk – investments. Custodial credit risk – investment generally applied only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk – investment does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as Local Agency Investment Fund).

Investment in LAIF

The City is a voluntary participant in California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), which is regulated by California Government Code Section under the oversight of the Local Investment Advisory Board (Board). The Board consists of five members as designated by state statute, and is chaired by the State Treasurer who is responsible for day to day administration of LAIF. The total amount invested by all public agencies as of June 30, 2020 was \$32,075,372,648 of which the City had a balance of \$4,426,957. LAIF is part of the California Pooled Money Investment Account (PMIA), which at June 30, 2020 has a portfolio with market valuation of \$101,788,256,254. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Receivables		
Governmental Activities			
Taxes	\$	4,100	
Intergovernmental		998,862	
Other		792,589	
	\$	1,795,551	
Business-type activities			
Accounts Receivable	\$	1,674,242	
	\$	1,674,242	

These amounts resulted in the following concentrations in receivables:

Other Governments 29% Individuals/Business 71%

Amounts do not indicate a significant concentration (greater than 25%) with any single individual, business or agency.

4. LOANS AND NOTES RECEIVABLE

The City periodically receives Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funding through the State Housing and Community Development Department to provide housing and economic development loans to individuals and businesses. Repayment terms and interest rates vary depending on the borrower's funding needs and ability to repay the loan. Interest is accrued on the loans that bear interest.

Loans and notes receivable for the year ended June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

	Beginning						Ending
	June 30, 2019		Additions		Deletions	Jun	ie 30, 2020
CDBG Revolving Loans	\$	1,491,397	\$	-	\$ (110,529)	\$	1,380,868
Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center Loan		904,292		-	-		904,292
Rural Community Housing Development Corporation Loans		293,374		13,500	(6,749)		300,125
Employee Loans		5,323		-	(3,577)		1,746
Wastewater Enterprise Capacity fee loan		1,466		-	(1,466)		
Total loans/notes receivable	\$	2,695,853	\$	13,500	\$ (122,321)	\$	2,587,032

The following are descriptions of the loans and notes receivable outstanding as of June 30, 2020:

CDBG Revolving Loans – These are loans issued from CDBG grant funds received by the City or issued from unrestricted CDBG Program Income on hand. Loans are provided from CDBG Economic Development funding to assist local business that will provide or retain jobs. Business loans require repayment of interest and principal. Loans are also provided from CDBG Community Development funds to income-qualified home owners in order to rehabilitate their homes. Terms of housing loans vary depending upon the homeowners' income and may require payments of interest and principal; or interest only; or loans may be fully deferred for up to 30 years.

Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center Loan – On January 12, 2016, the Fort Bragg City Council adopted a Resolution approving the use of 2015 Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) funds for acquisition and rehabilitation of the vacant Old Coast Hotel for the benefit of Mendocino Coast Hospitality Center, Inc. (MCHC). The facility accommodates a variety of homeless and mental health services including transitional housing. The facility is owned and operated by MCHC. This loan is deferred for a term of 20 years. If various conditions are met during the term of the loan, the loan will be forgiven at the end of the 20 year term.

Rural Community Housing Development Corporation Loans – These loans are to the Rural Community Housing Development Corporation (RCHDC), a non-profit organization for housing rehabilitation projects within the City.

Employee Loans – Employees have the option of entering into equipment purchasing loan plans with the City, which may be utilized to assist the employee to purchase equipment that may be used both on and off duty to improve the employee's job performance.

Capacity Fees Loans –The Fort Bragg City Council approved a deferred payment of capacity fees for a new local business, Overtime Brewing. The loan has a repayment term of 24 months and includes principal repayment plus interest at a rate of 1.14%.

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance			Transfers/	Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Adjustments	June 30, 2020
Governmental activities:					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$12,952,262	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$12,952,262
Construction in progress	347,508	1,974,868	-	(31,321)	2,291,055
Total nondepreciable assets	13,299,770	1,974,868	-	(31,321)	15,243,317
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings	4,675,797	-	-	1	4,675,798
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	2,124,235	-	-	38,389	2,162,624
Infrastructure	34,413,370	-	-	-	34,413,370
Total depreciable assets	41,213,402	-	-	38,390	41,251,792
Total	54,513,172	1,974,868	-	7,069	56,495,109
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(3,174,811)	(109,991)	-	(1)	(3,284,803)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	(1,267,500)	(168,908)		(2,611)	(1,439,019)
Infrastructure	(8,533,493)	(1,135,794)	-	(343)	(9,669,630)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,975,804)	(1,414,693)	-	(2,955)	(14,393,452)
Net depreciable assets	28,237,598	(1,414,693)	-	35,435	26,858,340
Total net capital assets	\$41,537,368	\$ 560,175	\$ -	\$ 4,114	\$42,101,657

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 81,482
Public safety	149,134
Public works	 1,184,077
	\$ 1,414,693

5. CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Business-type capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance			Transfers/	Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Adjustmetns	June 30, 2020
Business-type activities					
Nondepreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 785,079	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 785,079
Construction in progress	11,316,486	6,808,919	-	(6,600)	18,118,805
Total nondepreciable assets	12,101,565	6,808,919	-	(6,600)	18,903,884
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings	29,045,137	248,084	-	6,600	29,299,821
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	6,636,212	116,789	-	-	6,753,001
Infrastructure	18,524,227	1,724,066	-	-	20,248,293
Land improvements	542,303	-	_	-	542,303
Total depreciable assets	54,747,879	2,088,939	_	6,600	56,843,418
Total	66,849,444	8,897,858	_	-	75,747,302
Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings	(7,443,384)	(701,612)	-	3	(8,144,993)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	(4,969,401)	(149,040)	-	-	(5,118,441)
Infrastructure	(9,369,205)	(409,154)	-	-	(9,778,359)
Land improvements	(384,131)	(54,230)	-	-	(438,361)
Total accumulated depreciation	(22,166,121)	(1,314,036)	-	3	(23,480,154)
Net depreciable assets	32,581,758	774,903	-	6,603	33,363,264
Total net capital assets	\$ 44,683,323	\$ 7,583,822	\$ -	\$ 3	\$ 52,267,148

Depreciation expense for capital assets was charged to functions as follows:

Water	\$ 326,312
Sewer	304,310
CV Starr Center	683,414
	\$ 1,314,036

6. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued payroll and related liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Gov	ernmental	Bus	siness-type	
	Activities		Activities		Total
Accounts payable	\$	250,125	\$	1,864,863	\$2,114,988
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		100,947		18,117	119,064
Total	\$	351,072	\$	1,882,980	\$2,234,052

These amounts resulted in the following concentrations in payables:

Vendors 95% Employees 5%

There were no further significant concentrations (greater than 25%) with any single vendor or employee.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Balance							Balance	Dι	ue Within
	July 1, 2019		Additions		Retirements		June 30, 2020			ne Year
Governmental Activities:										
Compensated absences	\$	658,893	\$	-	\$	(157,501)	\$	501,392	\$	50,562
Capital Lease Obligations		143,007		-		(143,007)		-		-
Landfill post-closure		1,026,945		42,785		-		1,069,730		209,086
CalPERS side fund		681,282		-		(183,803)		497,479		220,305
Total governmental activities	\$	2,510,127	\$	42,785	\$	(484,311)	\$	2,068,601	\$	479,953
Business-type activities										
Bonds payable:										
2014 Water Revenue Refunding Bond		1,568,000		-		(300,000)		1,268,000		304,000
2018 WW Plant Certificates of Participation		5,000,000		-		(86,000)		4,914,000		87,000
Loans payable:										
SDWRL		627,565		-		(89,652)		537,913		44,826
SDWRL discount		112,881				(16,125)		96,756		8,063
Total business-type activity debt		7,308,446				(491,777)		6,816,669		443,889
Compensated absences		77,989		13,704		(6,479)		85,214		8,277
Total business-type activities	\$	7,386,435	\$	13,704	\$	(498,256)	\$	6,901,883	\$	452,166

City of Fort Bragg, California Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2020

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Governmental Activities

Caspar Landfill Closure and Post-Closure Cost

The Caspar Landfill site was closed in 1995. State and federal laws and regulations require that the City place a final cover on its landfill when closed, and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill site for thirty years after closure. These costs are shared equally by the City and County of Mendocino. At June 30, 2020, the City's estimated liability for its share of landfill closure and post-closure care costs was \$1,069,730. This estimated total cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities, and services required to close, monitor, and maintain the landfill were acquired as of June 30, 2020, as determined by the last engineering study performed. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may change due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in landfill laws and regulations.

The City has made a pledge of future user surcharge revenues for anticipated remaining expected costs, future inflation costs, and any additional costs (including debt service) that might arise from changes in post-closure requirements (due to changes in technology or more rigorous environmental regulations, for example).

Business-type Activities

2014 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds

On June 5, 2014, the City issued \$2,962,000 of Water Revenue Refunding Bonds bearing interest of 3.06% and payable semi-annually on October 1 and April 1, maturing on October 1, 2023. These bonds were used to advance refund the 2004 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Bonds, which were issued originally to advance refund the 1993 COP's, which had been used for various capital improvements to the City's water system. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$1,268,000.

\$2,891,751 from the 2014 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds was placed in an irrevocable trust that was used to pay off the 2004 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Bonds on July 7, 2014. The funding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments on the old and new debts) of \$201,814. The aggregate difference in debt service between the 2004 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Bonds and the 2014 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds was \$234,793. The outstanding amount of the defeased debt was \$2,855,000 as of June 30, 2014.

The City defeased the 2004 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Bonds by placing the proceeds of the 2014 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2004 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability of the defeased 2004 California Statewide Communities Development Authority Bonds are not included in the City's financial statements.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

2018 Wastewater Revenue Refunding Bonds

In 2018, the City issued \$5,000,000 in Certificates of Participation as partial funding to acquire and construct the District's Wastewater Treatment Facility. The Certificates of Participation are secured by an Installment Sale agreement between the City and City of Fort Bragg Joint Powers Financing Authority (JPFA) with the JPFA acting as seller and the City as purchaser. The obligation is secured and payable from net revenues of the Wastewater Enterprise. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$4,914,000.

Safe Drinking Water Revolving Loan (SDWRL)

In FY 2004/05, the City entered into a non-interest bearing loan agreement with the State of California Department of Water Resources to finance the construction of a project to meet safe drinking water standards. The maximum amount of the loan cannot exceed \$2,325,500, of which the City had borrowed \$2,141,532. At June 30, 2020, the balance of the loan payable was \$549,604. Loan principal payments of \$52,889 are required semi-annually on January 1st and July 1st for twenty (20) years commencing January 1, 2007.

Compensated Absences

The City records employee absences, such as vacation, illness, and holidays, for which it is expected that employees will be paid as compensated absences. The governmental activities compensated absences balance at June 30, 2020 was \$501,392 with \$50,562 expected to be paid within a year; The business-type activities compensated absences balance at June 30, 2020 was \$82,046 with \$8,277 expected to be paid within a year.

CalPERS Side Fund Debt

Under the City's contract with CalPERS the City is obligated to make certain payments to CalPERS in respect to retired public safety and miscellaneous employees under the Side Fund program of CalPERS which amortizes such obligations over a fixed period of time. The current annual interest rate imputed by PERS to side funds is 7.5%. Debt service will be funded from the revenue of the general fund. The initial side fund obligation amount was \$497,479, with a retirement in the amount of \$183,803 for the year end June 30, 2020. The amount is paid in July of each year as provided by CalPERS, therefore no maturity schedule is available for this debt.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, Continued

Debt Service, Continued

Year Ending

Future debt service for Business-Type Activities at June 30, 2020, is as follows:

					Business-Type	Activiti	es				
Year Ending	2018 WW Pla	ant Cert	ificates	2014 Water Revenue			Safe Drinking Water				
June 30,	 Of Part	icipatio	n		Refundir	ng Bond	S	Revolving Loan			
	Principal		Interest		Principal	ı	nterest	ı	Principal	Int	erest
2021	\$ 87,000	\$	97,410	\$	304,000	\$	34,150	\$	52,889	\$	-
2022	89,000		95,650		312,000		24,725		105,778		-
2023	91,000		93,850		320,000		15,055		105,778		-
2024	93,000		92,010		332,000		5,080		105,778		-
2025	95,000		90,130		-		-		105,778		-
2026-2030	505,000		421,050		-		-		158,668		-
2031-2035	555,000		368,050		-		-		-		-
2036-2040	614,000		309,700		-		-		-		-
2041-2045	677,000		245,190		-		-		-		-
2046-2050	746,000		174,060		-		-		-		-
2051-2055	826,000		95,540		-		-		-		-
2056-2060	536,000		16,220				-		-		
Total	\$ 4,914,000	\$	2,098,860	\$	1,268,000	\$	79,010	\$	634,669	\$	-
Due within one year	\$ 87,000	\$	97,410	\$	304,000	\$	34,150	\$	52,889	\$	-
Due after one year	4,827,000		2,001,450		964,000		44,860		581,780		-
Total	\$ 4,914,000	\$	2,098,860	\$	1,268,000	\$	79,010	\$	634,669	\$	

June 30,	Total					
		Principal		Interest		
2021	\$	443,889	\$	131,560		
2022		506,778		120,375		
2023		516,778		108,905		
2024		530,778		97,090		
2025		200,778		90,130		
2026-2030		663,668		421,050		
2031-2035		555,000		368,050		
2036-2040		614,000		309,700		
2041-2045		677,000		245,190		
2046-2050		746,000		174,060		
2051-2055		826,000		95,540		
2056-2060		536,000		16,220		
Total	\$	6,816,669	\$	2,177,870		
Due within one year	\$	443,889	\$	131,560		
Due after one year		6,372,780		2,046,310		
Total	\$	6,816,669	\$	2,177,870		

8. NET POSITION/ FUND BALANCES

Net position (deficit)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	Total
Net investment in capital assets	\$	42,101,657	\$ 45,807,368	\$ 87,909,025
Restricted		1,921,632	108,064	2,029,696
Unrestricted (deficit)		(5,025,745)	8,704,369	3,678,624
Total	\$	38,997,544	\$ 54,619,801	\$ 93,617,345

Restricted balances are for the same purposes as fund balance restrictions because external restriction requirements are the same. See descriptions of the restrictions below.

Fund Balance

Non-spendable, Restricted and Committed fund balance consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

Nonspendable:	
Prepaid & Inventory	\$ 960
Loans/ Notes Receivable	1,746
Total Nonspendable	\$ 2,706
Restricted:	
Governmental Funds:	
Special Sales Tax	\$ 1,573,560
Asset Forfeiture	338,196
Gas tax	2,851
Federal & State Grant Funds	 7,025
Total Restricted	\$ 1,921,632
Committed:	
Governmental Funds:	
Operating reserve	\$ 1,469,787
Recession reserve	489,929
Litigation reserve	 200,000
Total Committed	\$ 2,159,716

The following describe the purpose of each non-spendable, restricted, and committed category used by the City:

Non-spendable

- **Inventory & Prepaids** represents non-spendable amounts classified as inventory or a prepaid expense.
- Loans/Notes Receivable represents loans to employees.

8. NET POSITION/ FUND BALANCES, Continued

Restricted

- Special Sales Tax represents amounts restricted by voter approved ordinance for street repairs.
- **Asset Forfeiture** represents amounts restricted by State and Federal guidelines to support law enforcement.
- Gas Tax represents amounts restricted for street maintenance purposes as defined in Sections 2105, 2106, 2107 and 2107.5 of the Streets and Highway Code as well as amounts from the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account (RMRA).
- **Federal and State Grants** represents restricted amounts received from State and Federal Grants for various city programs.

Committed

• **Reserves** – represents amounts designated by the City Council for future contingencies, which include a \$1,469,787 operating reserve, a \$489,929 recession reserve and a \$200,000 litigation reserve.

Fund Balance Deficits

Deficit fund balances consisted of the following:

Funds	Jur	June 30, 2020			
Major Funds: CDBG Program Income Special Revenue Fund Street Resurfacing Capital Projects Fund	\$	(31,776) (247,000)			
Non-Major Funds: Capital Project Funds:					
Coastal Trail Total	\$	(5,267) (284,043)			

The above deficit fund balances have occurred due to the spending of funds prior to the receipt of revenues (cost reimbursements). The Fund balances will be restored in the near future as revenues are received.

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Due to and from balances result from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Due to and due from other funds consisted of the following as of June 30, 2020:

	Due from Other Funds		<u>O1</u>	Due to ther Funds
Governmental Funds				
Major Funds:				
General Fund	\$	1,407,841	\$	-
CDBG Program Income Special Revenue		-		9,065
Street Resurfacing Capital Projects				223,286
Total Major Funds		1,407,841		232,351
Nonmajor Funds:				
Special Revenue Funds				
Gas Tax		-		65,513
MCOG Overall Work Plan		-		7,176
State and Federal Grant Funds:				
CDBG Super NOFA		-		39,742
Other State Grants		-		713,110
Capital Project Funds:				
Coastal Trail				37,351
Total Nonmajor Funds				862,892
Total Governmental Funds		1,407,841		1,095,243
Proprietary Funds				
Major Enterprise Funds:				
Sewer Fund		1,441,771		1,754,369
Major Enterprise Funds		1,441,771		1,754,369
Total	\$	2,849,612	\$	2,849,612

9. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, Continued

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers consisted of the following at June 30, 2020:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out		
Governmental Funds					
Major Funds:					
General Fund	\$	490,302	\$	508,531	
CDBG Program Income Special Revenue		-		128,201	
Total Major Funds		490,302		636,732	
Non-major Funds:					
Special Revenue Funds					
Parking		8,931		-	
Parking In-lieu Fees		-		8,931	
General Plan Maintenance Fee		-		24,990	
Developer Deposit Account		17,206		-	
MCOG Overall Work Plan		24,990		-	
State and Federal Grant Funds					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant		523		-	
CDBG Super NOFA		74,496		174,144	
Other State Grants		-		1,344,934	
Total Non-major Funds		126,146		1,552,999	
Total Governmental Funds		616,448		2,189,731	
Proprietary Funds					
Major Enterprise Funds					
Water		250		-	
Sewer		1,573,033			
Total Proprietary Funds		1,573,283		-	
Total Transfers	\$	2,189,731	\$	2,189,731	

10. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City provides property, liability, and worker's compensation insurance through the Redwood Empire Municipal Insurance Fund (REMIF), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and self-insurance program for fifteen Northern California municipalities. The City pays quarterly and annual contributions and premiums to REMIF for its general insurance and self-insurance coverage. The joint powers formation agreement of the REMIF provides that the REMIF will self-insure through member contributions and collect premiums for insurance and reinsurance for liability insurance and other coverage.

10. RISK MANAGEMENT, Continued

REMIF is a risk sharing, self-funded pool which is a direct purchase program. The REMIF cost sharing pool provides coverage between the City's deductible and \$500,000 (liability program) and \$1,000,000 (workers' compensation program). Losses in excess of the REMIF cost sharing pool limits are covered by REMIF through the California Joint Powers Risk Management Authority for liability and commercial insurance policies for workers' compensation. Loss limits and deductibles are per occurrence as detailed on the table below. Losses exceeding these limits are the responsibility of the City. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Insurance Program	Loss Limits		Deductibles
Property	\$	400,000,000	\$5,000 - \$10,000
Boiler and Machinery		100,000,000	100,000
Liability		40,000,000	5,000 - 25,000
Earthquake and Flood		20,000,000	100,000 or 5%
			of value of building
Auto Physical Damage	Stat	ed Value	5,000 - 10,000
Workers' Compensation	Stat	utory	5,000 - 10,000

Participating members of REMIF do not have a refundable deposit, and no dividends are paid. No refunds were received by the City in the Liability program. The annual premiums paid to REMIF in FY 2019/20 were as follows:

Insurance Program	 Premium
Workers' Compensation	\$ 219,555
Liability	144,868
Flood & Earthquake	41,163
Property	41,445
Auto Physical Damage	 6,613
	\$ 453,644

Claims Paid by the City for the 2019/20 fiscal year:

Insurance Program	 Claims
Workers' Compensation	\$ 21,733
Liability and Property	 10,000
	\$ 31,733

11. PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

General Information about the Pension Plans

Plan Descriptions - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City's separate Safety (police and fire) and Miscellaneous (all other) Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CaIPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City resolution. CaIPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CaIPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2020, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous	PEPRA Miscellaneous
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	52 - 67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.4% - 2.0%	1.0% to 2.5%
Required employee contribution rates	6.90%	6.50%
Required employer contribution rates	10.327%	7.072%
	Safety - Police	PEPRA Safety - Police
	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 50	2.7% @ 57
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	50	50 - 57
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2%	2.0% to 2.7%
Required employee contribution rates	8.94%	12.00%
Required employer contribution rates	16.636%	13.034%
	Fire Safety	
	Prior to	
Hire date	January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	3% @ 50	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50	
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.00%	
Required employee contribution rates	0%	
Required employer contribution rates	0%	

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2020, the City reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each Plan as follows

	Propo	Proportionate Share		
	of Net	of Net Pension Liability		
Miscellaneous Plans	\$	5,008,648		
Safety Plans		4,931,069		
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	9,939,716		

The City's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018 rolled forward to June 30, 2019 using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016 CalPERS combined the Miscellaneous Plan and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan for purposes of calculating net pension liability. Likewise the Safety-Police Plan, PEPRA Safety-Police Plan and Safety-Fire Plans were combined for purposes of calculating net pension liability. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2019 and 2020 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous	Safety - Police	Total
Proportion - June 30, 2019	0.12037%	0.07928%	0.09535%
Proportion - June 30, 2020	0.12508%	0.07899%	0.09700%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	0.00471%	-0.00029%	0.00165%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$1,895,870. At June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defe	rred Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$	440,951	\$	124,108
Differences between expected and actual experience		669,825		26,953
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		-		155,402
Differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's				
proportionate share of the contributions		40,407		428,911
Change in Employer's Proportion		187,657		36,369
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date		1,151,746		
Total	\$	2,490,586	\$	771,743

\$1,151,746 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension/OPEB liability or collective net pension/OPEB liability but before the end of the City's fiscal year will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension/OPEB liability/ or collective net pension/OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year rather than in the current fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Mis	cellaneous	Safety	Total
2021	\$	397,765	\$ 196,691	\$ 594,456
2022		(56,647)	(74,153)	(130,800)
2023		29,495	43,053	72,548
2024		17,695	13,199	30,894
2025		-	-	-
Thereafter		-		
	\$	388,308	\$ 178,790	\$ 567,098

Actuarial Assumptions -The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

			PEPRA -	PEPRA Safety -	
	Miscellaneous	Safety - Police	Miscellaneous	Police	Fire Safety
Valuation Date	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-18	30-Jun-18
Measurement	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-19	30-Jun-19
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method				
Actuarial Assumptions:					
Discount Rate	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%	7.15%
Inflation	2.625%	2.625%	2.625%	2.625%	2.625%
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by entry a	ge and service			
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS' Membership Data for all Funds				

The underlying mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the fiscal years 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. The Experience Study can be obtained at CalPERS' website under Forms and Publications.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of the discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. The tests revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the current 7.25 percent discount rate is appropriate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not deemed necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.25 percent is applied to all plans in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, staff took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund (PERF) cash flows. Taking into account historical returns of all the Public Employees Retirement Funds' asset classes (which includes the agent plan and two cost-sharing plans or PERF A, B, and C funds), expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each PERF fund.

The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. The target allocation shown was adopted by the Board effective on July 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Current Target Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 ¹	Real Return Year 11+ ²
Global Equity	47.0%	4.90%	5.38%
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.0%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.0%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-90.00%

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	Di	scount Rate	Current		Dis	scount Rate
		-1%	Discoun	t Rate		+1%
		6.15%	7.15	5%		8.15%
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Miscellaneous		7,850,889	5,00	8,648		2,662,579
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Safety		7,234,187	4,93	1,069		3,042,872
Employer's Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - Total	\$	15,085,076	\$ 9,93	9,716	\$	5,705,451

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

Note: At June 30, 2016 CalPERS combined the Miscellaneous Plan and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan for purposes of calculating net pension liability. Likewise the Safety-Police Plan, PEPRA Safety-Police Plan and Safety-Fire Plans were combined for purposes of calculating net pension liability.

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City offers its employees a post-retirement health program, a Single Employer plan, which includes medical and dental coverage. Upon retirement for service or disability, employees hired prior to July 1, 2011 (January 1, 2012 for Fort Bragg Police Officer Association members) retiring directly from service at age 50 or over with 10 years of service may continue coverage for themselves and their spouse's (to whom they are married at retirement) as detailed below. Currently 19 employees meet those eligibility requirements. Expenditures for these post-retirement benefits are recognized as monthly premiums are paid. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures of \$269,166 were recognized for the cost of these post-retirement benefits. The City pays portions of the premiums dependent on bargaining group and employee hire date as follows:

Tier 1: For retirees hired before January 1, 1992, the City pays the full cost of medical and dental premium for the former employee. In addition, the City pays a percentage of the spouse's medical plan premium starting at the retiree's age 60. The percentage is 10% for each year of service after 10 years, reaching 100% for those retiring with 19 or more years of service. In addition, the spouse may participate in the dental program-but at their own cost.

Tier 2: For retirees hired after January 1, 1992 and before July 1, 2003 (July 1, 2004 for Fort Bragg Police Officer Association members), the City pays the full cost of medical and dental premiums for the former employee only.

Tier 3: For retirees hired after July 1, 2003 (July 1, 2004 for Fort Bragg Police Officer Association members) and before July 1, 2007, the City pays the full cost of medical and dental premiums for the former employee until age 65 when Medicare becomes payable. Thereafter, coverage is limited to a supplemental prescription drug plan, which is paid for by the City.

Tier 4: For retirees hired after July 1, 2007 and before July 1, 2011 (January 1, 2012 for Fort Bragg Police Officer Association members), the retiree only may remain in the City's health and dental plan until age 65, but at their own cost.

Tier 5: For retirees hired on or after July 1, 2011 (January 1, 2012 for Fort Bragg Police Officer Association members), the retiree and spouse may not participate in the City's health plans.

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

Employees Covered by benefit terms

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Active employees	21
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	32
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	_
Total Number of participants	53

City Contribution to the Plan

The Plan and its contribution requirements are established by Memoranda of Understanding with the applicable employee bargaining units and may be amended by agreements between the City and the bargaining units. The annual contribution is based on the actuarially determined contribution. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City's cash contributions were \$5,000 in payments to the trust, \$269,166 cash benefit payments, and the estimated implied subsidy was \$18,483 resulting in total payments of \$293,476.

Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2019 that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Actuarial Valuation Date	June 30, 2019
Contribution Policy	Pay benefits and pre-fund annual \$5,000 minimum contribution and
	additional amounts subject to budgetary surplus from prior fiscal year
	through CERBT asset Allocation Strategy 1, subject to maximum ADC
Discount Rate	6.75% at June 30, 2019
	6.75% at June 30, 2018
Expected Long-Term Rate of	Same as discount rate. Plan assets projected to be sufficient to pay all
Return on Investments	benefits from trust
General Inflation	2.75% per annum
Mortality, Retirement,	CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Disability, Termination	
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2018
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare - 7.25% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in
	2076 and later years
	Medicare - 6.3% for 2021, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076
	and later years
Municipal Bond Rate	N/A
	Tier 1-3 Actives: 100% elect medical and dental
Participation at Retirement	Tier 4 Actives: 75% elect medical and dental

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building- block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target Allocation	Expected Real
	CERBT Strategy 1	Rate of Return
Asset Class Component		
Global Equity	57%	4.82%
Fixed Income	27%	1.47%
TIPS	5%	1.29%
Commodities	3%	0.84%
REITs	8%	3.76%
	100%	

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that Authority contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees and beneficiaries. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the OPEB Liability

The changes in the net OPEB liability for the Plan are as follows:

	T	otal OPEB	Fi	duciary Net	Net OPEB			
		Liability		Position		Liability		
Balance at 6/30/2019*	\$ 5,651,389		\$	2,435,899	\$	3,215,490		
Changes for the year								
Service Cost		104,512		-		104,512		
Interest		378,816		-		378,816		
Difference between actual								
and expected experience		(287,306)		-		(287,306)		
Assumption changes		218,506		-		218,506		
Contributions - employer		-		292,648		(292,648)		
Contributions - employee		-		-		-		
Net investment income		-		150,805		(150,805)		
Benefit payments		(287,648)		(287,648)		-		
Administrative expenses		=		(522)		522		
Net Changes		126,880		155,283		(28,403)		
Balance at 6/30/2020**	\$	5,778,269	\$	2,591,182	\$	3,187,087		

^{*}Measurement date 6/30/2018

^{**} Measurement date 6/30/2019

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The discount rate used for the fiscal year end 2019 is 6.75%. The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2019:

	1%	Decrease	Cur	rent Rate	1%	ncrease
Change in Discount Rate		5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
Net OPEB Liability	\$	3,860,798	\$	3,187,087	\$	2,622,588

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for measurement period ended June 30, 2019 (Healthcare Cost Trend Rate was assumed to start at 7.5% and grade down to 4% for years 2076 and thereafter):

Change in Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1%	6 Decrease	Cur	rrent Trend	19	1% Increase		
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,587,445	\$	3,187,087	\$	3,904,681		

Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability and fiduciary net position are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. Amounts are first recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The recognition period differs depending on the source of the gain or loss:

Net difference between projected and	5 years
actual earnings on OPEB plan	
investments	
	Expected average remaining service
All other amounts	lifetime (EARSL) (6.0 Years at June 30, 2019)

12. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB), Continued

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$289,198. As of fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Ou	eferred tflows of sources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	215,479
Changes in assumptions		163,879		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan invesments		-		25,671
Employer contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		359,262		_
Total	\$	523,141	\$	241,150

The \$359,262 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the June 30, 2019 measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability during the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as expense as follows:

	Deferred
Fiscal Year	Outflow/(Inflows)
Ended June 30,	of Resources
2021	(30,247)
2022	(30,247)
2023	(19,498)
2024	2,720
2025	-
Thereafter	-

13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Fort Bragg that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or another unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets until they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 9, 2012 the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA) in accordance with the Bill as part of City resolution number 3504-2012.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence at the date of dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments). In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of the former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011), all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as legal entities as of February 1, 2012. As allowed under Section 34176(a) of the Bill, the City elected to retain the housing functions previously performed by the former RDA. The assets and activities for the Successor Agency Housing fund continue to be reported in the City's governmental fund financial statements. The remaining assets, liabilities, and activities of the dissolved RDA, are reported in the Successor Agency fiduciary fund (private purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former RDA as of February 1, 2012 (effectively the same date as January 31, 2012) from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported as an extraordinary item in the governmental fund financial statements in FY 2011/12.

Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2020:

	June 30, 2019		Ad	ditions	Retirements		June 30, 2020		C	ne Year
Trust Activities:		_								
2015 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds	\$	3,495,000	\$	-	\$	(155,000)	\$	3,340,000	\$	160,000
2015 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds Discount		(29,161)		-		1,620		(27,541)		(1,620)
Total trust fund debt	\$	3,465,839	\$	-	\$	(153,380)	\$	3,312,459	\$	158,380
Deferred outflows:										
2015 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds Deferred		84,802		•		(4,712)		80,090		4,711

13. SUCCESSOR AGENCY TRUST FOR ASSETS OF FORMER REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, Continued

2015 Refunding Tax Allocation Bonds

In 2015 the former Fort Bragg Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,040,000 of Tax Allocation Bonds for the purpose of refunding \$4,005,000 of outstanding 2004 Tax Allocation Bonds and making funds available for future capital projects. The refunding took advantage of lower interest rates which were available. The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the carrying amount of the old debt, which has been deferred in accordance with GASB Statement No. 23. Deferred amounts for the loss on refunding and the original discount associated with the issuance of the 2015 Bonds are being amortized over the life of the 2015 issue using the straight line method.

The Bonds bear annual interest at rates varying between 2.00% and 3.25%. The Bonds were issued as a fully registered note in denominations of \$5,000. Interest on the bonds are payable semi-annually each September 1 and March 1. Principal is paid in annual installments each September 1, 2016, through the fiscal year 2037 in amounts ranging from \$90,000 through \$250,000. The outstanding principal balance as of June 30, 2020 was \$3,335,000.

	Fiduciary Activities													
Year Ending		2015 R	efunding			2015 Refun	ding Bon	ds						
June 30,		Вс	nds			Disco	unt			To	tal			
		Principal		Interest	F	Principal Interest				Principal		Interest		
2021		160,000		93,150		(1,620)		-		158,380		93,150		
2022		165,000		89,900		(1,620)		-		163,380		89,900		
2023		170,000		86,550		(1,620)		-		168,380		86,550		
2024		165,000		83,200		(1,620)		-		163,380		83,200		
2025		175,000		79,800		(1,620)		-		173,380		79,800		
2026-2030		930,000		322,000		(8,100)		-		921,900		322,000		
2031-2035		1,085,000		168,850		(8,100)		-		1,076,900		168,850		
2036-2040		490,000		16,088		(3,241)				486,759		16,088		
Total	\$	3,340,000	\$	939,538	\$	(27,541)	\$	-	\$	3,312,459	\$	939,538		
Due within one year	\$	160,000	\$	93,150	\$	(1,620)	\$	-	\$	158,380	\$	93,150		
Due after one year		3,180,000		846,388		(25,921)				3,154,079		846,388		
Total	\$	3,340,000	\$	939,538	\$	(27,541)	\$	-	\$	3,312,459	\$	939,538		

14. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The City is not involved in any active litigation at present.

Grants and Allocations

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state government. During the course of FY 2019/20 no claims were disallowed.

Commitments

The City's unexpended contractual commitments as of June 30, 2020 are listed in note 1 on page 60.

15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The GASB has issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The City will implement this statement, as applicable, to its financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2023.

The GASB has issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance". The primary objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later.

15. NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The effective dates of certain provisions contained in the following pronouncements are postponed by one year:

- Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations
- Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities
- Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements
- Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period
- Statement No. 90, Majority Equity Interests
- Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations
- Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020
- Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates
- Implementation Guide No. 2017-3, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (and Certain Issues Related to OPEB Plan Reporting)
- Implementation Guide No. 2018-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2018
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, Implementation Guidance Update—2019
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, Fiduciary Activities.

The effective dates of the following pronouncements are postponed by 18 months:

- Statement No. 87, Leases
- Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, Leases.

Earlier application of the provisions addressed in this Statement is encouraged and is permitted to the extent specified in *each* pronouncement as originally issued.

16. PANDEMIC EFFECTS

The COVID-19 pandemic, whose effects first became known in January 2020, is having a broad and negative impact on commerce and financial markets around the world. The United States and global markets experienced significant declines in value resulting from uncertainty caused by the pandemic. The City is closely monitoring its investment portfolio and its liquidity and is actively working to minimize the impact of these declines. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on the City's operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak and its impacts on the City's employees, and vendors, all of which at present, cannot be determined. Accordingly, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact the City's financial position and changes in net position, fund balance and cash flows is uncertain, and the accompanying financial statements include no adjustments relating to the effects of this pandemic.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30,

			2019	2018			
Total OPEB Liability		2020				2010	
Service Cost		\$ 104,512	\$	111,530		\$ 119,0	19
Interest on the total OPEB liability		378,816		366,137		353,7	
Experience (Gains)/Losses		(287,306)		-		-	
Changes of benefit terms		-		-		-	
Changes of assumptions		218,506		-		-	
Benefit payments		(287,648)		(277,993)		(286,3	31)
Net change in total OPEB liability		126,880		199,674		186,4	63
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,651,389		5,451,715		5,265,2	52
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)		\$ 5,778,269	\$	5,651,389		\$ 5,451,7	15
Plan fiduciary net position							
Contributions - employer		\$ 292,648	\$	492,993		\$ 534,2	56
Contributions - employee		-		-		-	
Actual investment income		150,805		164,052		172,8	39
Administrative expense		(522)		(3,826)	(883)		
Benefit payments		(287,648)		(277,993)		(286,3	31)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		155,283		375,226		419,8	81
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,435,899		2,060,673		1,640,7	92
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)		\$ 2,591,182	\$	2,435,899		\$ 2,060,6	73
Net OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)		\$ 3,187,087	 \$	3,215,490		\$ 3,391,0	42
Covered payroll	\$	1,834,372	\$	2,370,484	\$	2,197,7	77
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		173.74%	13	35.65%		154.29%	

Notes to Schedule

1) GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. However, since 2018 was the initial year of implementation, only three years are currently available.

Required Supplementary Information - Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions June $30,\,2020$

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	2020	2019	2018		
Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC)	\$ 374,658	\$ 375,390	\$	559,726	
Contributions in relation to the ADC	359,262	292,648		492,993	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 15,396	\$ 82,742	\$	66,733	
Covered payroll	1,893,338	1,834,372		2,730,484	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	18.98%	15.95%		18.06%	

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ GASB 75 requires presentation of the 10-year history of changes in the Net OPEB Liability. However, since 2018 was the initial year of implementation, only three years are currently available.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions

Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020 2019		2018	2017		
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	514,099	\$ 455,093	\$ 430,051	\$	392,300
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(514,099)	(394,321)	(430,051)		392,300
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 60,772	\$ 	\$	784,600
Covered-employee payroll	\$	2,661,903	\$ 2,833,921	\$ 2,641,425	\$	2,598,675
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		19.31%	16.06%	16.28%		15.10%

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first four years are available.

^{*} At June 30, 2016 CalPERS combined the Miscellaneous Plan and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan for purposes of calculating net pension liability. Due to the change in methodology, comparisons to prior years 2014 and 2015 have been removed.

^{*} Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions

Safety Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2020 2019		2019	2018			2017	
Contractually required contribution (actuarially determined)	\$	637,647	\$	471,193	\$	298,630	\$	387,206
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions								
		(637,647)		(471,193)		(298,630)		(387,206)
Contribution deficiency (excess)								
	\$		\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
Covered-employee payroll								
	\$	1,145,799	\$	1,048,497	\$	1,268,709	\$	1,245,549
Contribution as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		55.65%		44.94%		23.54%		31.09%

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first four years are available.

^{*} At June 30, 2016 CalPERS combined the Miscellaneous Plan and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan for purposes of calculating net pension liability. Due to the change in methodology, comparisons to prior years 2014 and 2015 have been removed.

^{*} Additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the City's Proportionate

Share of the Net Pension Liability

Miscellaneous Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2019	2018	2017	2017
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.12508%	0.12037%	0.11210%	0.11210%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 5,008,648	\$ 4,593,661	\$ 3,894,091	\$ 3,894,091
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,833,921	\$ 2,788,318	\$ 2,551,931	\$ 2,551,931
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	176.74%	164.75%	152.59%	152.59%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	76.25%	76.38%	77.82%	82.66%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contributi	\$ 455,093	\$ 430,051	\$ 392,300	\$ 392,300

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first five years are available.

^{*} At June 30, 2016 CalPERS combined the Miscellaneous Plan and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan for purposes of calculating net pension liability. Due to the change in methodology, comparisons to prior years 2014 and 2015 have been removed.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

Safety Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

<u>-</u>	2019	 2018	 2017
Plan's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	0.07899%	0.07928%	0.08042%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 4,931,069	\$ 4,667,131	\$ 4,165,367
Plan's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 1,145,799	\$ 1,208,454	\$ 1,226,514
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	430.36%	386.21%	339.61%
Plan's Proportionate Share of the Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Plan's Total Pension Liability	70.68%	69.76%	70.60%
Plan's Proportionate Share of Aggregate Employer Contributi	\$ 637,647	\$ 298,630	\$ 387,206

Notes to Schedule

¹⁾ Covered employee payroll represents compensation earnable and pensionable compensation. Only compensation earnable and pensionable compensation that would possibly go into the determination of retirement benefits are included.

^{*} Fiscal year 2014 was the first year of implementation, therefore only the first five years are available.

^{*} At June 30, 2016 CalPERS combined the Miscellaneous Plan and PEPRA Miscellaneous Plan for purposes of calculating net pension liability. Due to the change in methodology, comparisons to prior years 2014 and 2015 have been removed.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Fund Type	Description									
Special Revenue	These funds account for restricted revenues (for specified purposes).									
Capital Projects Funds	These funds account for construction or acquisition of governmental capital assets (capital outlay).									

City of Fort Bragg, California Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

		Funds	_		
	Special		Capital		Non-Major
	Revenue Fur	nds Pro	ojects Funds	F	unds Totals
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,465,5	14 \$	32,084	\$	1,497,598
Receivables:					
Interest		-	-		-
Intergovernmental	830,84	40	-		830,840
Loans/Notes receivable	203,23	37	-		203,237
Other receivable			_		
Total assets	\$ 2,499,59	91 \$	32,084	\$	2,531,675
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 130,03	37 \$	_	\$	130,037
Due to other funds	825,54		37,351		862,892
Deposits Payable		-	_		-
Deferred revenue		-	-		-
Compensated absences					
Total liabilities:	955,5	<u>78 </u>	37,351		992,929
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue	201,40				201,407
Total deferred inflows of resources	201,40	<u> </u>			201,407
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	1,156,98	<u>85</u>	37,351		1,194,336
Fund Balances:					
Restricted	348,0		-		348,072
Assigned	994,53	34	-		994,534
Unassigned (deficit)		<u> </u>	(5,267)		(5,267)
Total fund balances	1,342,60	06	(5,267)		1,337,339
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 2,499,59	91 \$	32,084	\$	2,531,675

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Governme					
		Special	Ca	apital	Non-Major		
	Rev	venue Funds	Projec	ets Funds	Funds Totals		
REVENUES:			'	<u> </u>			
Taxes and assessments	\$	49,726	\$	-	\$	49,726	
Fines and forfeitures		51,971		-		51,971	
Intergovernmental		2,528,497		-		2,528,497	
Use of money and property		17,877		-		17,877	
Charges for services		16,304		-		16,304	
Other revenues				=		_	
Total revenues		2,664,375		<u> </u>		2,664,375	
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government		13,538		-		13,538	
Public safety		414,861		-		414,861	
Public works		351,169		_		351,169	
Community development		348,031		_		348,031	
Capital outlay						-	
Total expenditures		1,127,599		-		1,127,599	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,536,776		<u>-</u>		1,536,776	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in		126,146		_		126,146	
Transfers out		(1,552,999)		-		(1,552,999)	
Total other financing							
sources (uses)		(1,426,853)		-		(1,426,853)	
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER							
FINANCING (USES)		109,923		-		109,923	
FUND BALANCES:							
Beginning of year		1,232,683	-	(5,267)		1,227,416	
End of year	\$	1,342,606	\$	(5,267)	\$	1,337,339	

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NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Fund	Description									
Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital project and exclusive of resources held in trust for individual, private orgaizations, or other governments. The City has a number of different special revenue funds which are part of the non-operating budget. The City's non-major special revenue funds includ the following:										
General Plan Maintenance Fee	To account for General Plan Maintenance fee revenue which is required to be used for costs related to the update of the City's General Plan and zoning code.									
Housing Trust	To account for Inclusionary Housing In-Lieu fee revenue which is required to be used for affordable housing activities.									
Parking	To account for parking permit revenues and the cost of maintaining City owned public parking lots.									
Parking In-Lieu Fees	To account for payments made by downtown property owners in lieu of providing on-site parking. Accumulated funds must be used for activities related to providing off-street parking facilities in the central business district.									
Parkland Monitoring and Reporting	To account for payments made by Georgia Pacific for monitoring and maintenance of the Coastal Trail remediation area.									
State Tobacco License Fee	To account for funds received for the annual Tobacco Retail License to cover costs associated with administration of the licensing program and compliance checks.									
State Disability Access Fee	To account for funds received under California SB-1186 which mandates a state fee of \$4 on any applicant for or renewal of a local business license. The purpose is to increase disability access and compliance with construction-related accessibility requirements and to develop educational resources for businesses in order to facilitate compliance with federal and state disability laws.									
Asset Forfeiture	To account for monies obtained from seized assets of criminal activities. The funds are used solely to support law enforcement purposes.									

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, Continued

Fund	Description
Construction/Demolition Ordinance Revenue	To account for deposits that are made in accordance with the City's Construction & Demolition Ordinance. Deposit are refunded if recycling goals are met. Otherwise, the deposits are forfeited and retained in the special revenue fund. The funds will be used to improve construction and demolition waste recycling facilities, education, and programs within the City.
Waste Management Community Benefit Payment	To account for contract extension fee received from Waste Management. The City Council has designated these funds for the community benefit purposes.
Gas Tax	To account for the City's share of State of California's Highway User Tax collected by the State that are legally restricted to the maintenance and improvement of City roads and streets.
RMRA	To account for the City's share of the State of California's Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Account which is legally restricted to the maintenance and improvement of City roads and streets.
Traffic & Safety	To account for the revenue received from traffic fines which is restricted to City street repairs and traffic safety.
Fire Equipment	To account for property tax revenues designated for the purchase of equipment for the Fort Bragg Fire Department.
Mendocino Council of Governments (MCOG) Overall Work Program (OWP) Grants	To account for local transportation funds awarded for transportation planning and technical assistance.
OJ Park Maintenance Fund	To account for monies received from the Johnson Family Trust for the maintenance of OJ Park.

(continued)

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, Continued

Fund	Description To account for monies received from developers to cover City costs associated with development projects.							
Developer Deposits Accounts								
Federal and State Grant Special Revenue F	unds:							
Community Development Block Grant Funds Unclassified Program Income	The Community Development Block Grant program provides competitive grants to enables local government to undertake a wide range of activities intended to create suitable living environments, provide decent affordable house, and create economic opportunities, primarily for persons of low and moderate income.							
COPS AB1913	To account for monies received from the State or law enforcement services under the Citizens Option for Public Safety (COPS) Program. [the CSO funding was expended long ago; future funding may be acquired]							
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant	To account for monies received under the Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant Act. This program is designed to pay up to 50% of the cost of National Institute of Justice (NIJ) compliant armored vests purchases for local law enforcement.							
CDBG Super NOFA	To account for CDBG grants awarded under the 2009 Recovery Act allocation for a housing project rehabilitation and under the 2010 General Allocation for two housing programs, public facility improvements, and a public service program.							
	(continued)							

NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS, Continued

Fund	Description							
STP D1 Streets & Highways Allocation	To account for the City's share of highways users' tax revenues that are legally restricted to the planning, construction, improvement, maintenance and operation of City roads and streets.							
State Parks Prop 84 Grant	To account for monies received from the State of California for construction of the Fort Bragg Coastal Restoration and Trail project.							
HCD HOME Grant	To account for Federal Funding to be used to re-establish a Housing Rehabilitation Loan program for qualified low- and moderate-income homeowners.							
Other State Grants	To account for all other State Grants. Includes grant monies received from the State of California for purchase of off highway vehicles for use by the City Police Department.							

(concluded)

City of Fort Bragg, California Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

		eneral Plan aintenance Fee	F	Iousing	1	Parking	Parking In-lieu Fees	
ASSETS Cash and investments Intergovernmental Loans/Notes receivable	\$	237,701	\$	77,018 - 1,830	\$	34,202	\$	- - -
Total assets	\$	237,701	\$	78,848	\$	34,202	\$	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities:	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources: Total liabilities and deferred inflows		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u> -
Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned (deficit)		237,701		- - 78,848 -		34,202		- - -
Total fund balances		237,701		78,848		34,202		
Total liabilities deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	237,701	\$	78,848	\$	34,202	\$	

M	Parkland onitoring/ Reporting		State Tobacco cense Fee		State Disability Access Fee		Asset orfeiture	Construction/ Managet Demolition Comm		Vaste agement nmunity efit Pymt	(Gas Tax	
\$	126,329	\$	14,066	\$	12,658 19	\$	339,727	\$	598 -	\$	269 - -	\$	16,352 52,012
\$	126,329	\$	14,066	\$	12,677	\$	339,727	\$	598	\$	269	\$	68,364
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	3,369 - 3,369	\$	1,531	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	65,513 65,513
	<u>-</u> -				3,369		- - 1,531		<u>-</u> - -		<u>-</u> -		- - 65,513
	126,329 - 126,329		14,066		9,308		338,196		598 - 598		269 - 269		2,851
Ф.	·	Ф.		Ф.	9,308	Φ.	338,196	¢.		Φ.		Φ.	2,851
\$	126,329	\$	14,066	\$	12,677	\$	339,727	\$	598	\$	269	\$	68,364

(continued)

City of Fort Bragg, California Combining Balance Sheet

 ${\bf Nonmajor\ Special\ Revenue\ Funds,\ continued}$

June 30, 2020

A GODDEG		RMRA	T	raffic & Safety	E	Fire Equipment		ACOG ral Work Plan
ASSETS Cash and investments	\$	146,445	\$		\$	103,429	\$	1,613
Intergovernmental	Ψ	58,657	ψ	-	φ	103,429	Ψ	7,176
Loans/Notes receivable		<u> </u>		-		_		<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	205,102	\$	_	\$	103,429	\$	8,789
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds								7,176
Total liabilities:		-						7,176
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue Total deferred inflows of resources:		-						
Total liabilities and deferred inflows						_		7,176
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable		_		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		-
Assigned		205,102		-		103,429		1,613
Unassigned (deficit)								
Total fund balances		205,102				103,429		1,613
Total liabilities deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	205,102	\$		\$	103,429	\$	8,789

OJ Park		D	eveloper	F	ederal and		
Maintenance			Deposit	S	State Grant		
	Fund	A	Accounts		Funds		Total
\$	2,110	\$	126,107	\$	226,890	\$	1,465,514
	-		819		712,157		830,840
			-		201,407		203,237
\$	2,110	\$	126,926	\$	1,140,454	\$	2,499,591
ø		\$	110.751	¢	14 206	¢	120.027
\$	-	Э	110,751	\$	14,386	\$	130,037
	<u>-</u>		110,751		752,852 767,238		825,541 955,578
			110,731		707,230		755,576
	_		_		201,407		201,407
					201,407		201,407
			110,751		968,645		1,156,985
	_		_		_		_
	_		_		7,025		348,072
	2,110		16,175		164,784		994,534
	_						-
	2,110		16,175		171,809		1,342,606
\$	2,110	\$	126,926	\$	1,140,454	\$	2,499,591

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2020

		eneral Plan aintenance Fee	Housing			Parking		arking ieu Fees
REVENUES:	ф		Ф		Ф		Ф	
Taxes and assessments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental		4.052		1.510		582		40
Use of money and property Charges for services		4,952 16,304		1,510		362		49
•								
Total revenues		21,256		1,510		582		49
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
General government		13,377		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Public works		-		-		-		-
Community development				3,000				
Total expenditures		13,377		3,000				
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)								
EXPENDITURES		7,879		(1,490)		582		49
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		_		_		8,931		_
Transfers out		(24,990)		-		, -		(8,931)
Total other financing								
sources and uses		(24,990)		-		8,931		(8,931)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER								
FINANCING (USES)		(17,111)		(1,490)		9,513		(8,882)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):								
Beginning of year		254,812		80,338		24,689		8,882
End of year	\$	237,701	\$	78,848	\$	34,202	\$	-

Mon	Parkland Monitoring/ Reporting		State Tobacco License Fee		Disability Asset De Access Fee Forfeiture On		nstruction/ emolition rdinance	Mana Com	Vaste agement amunity fit Pymt	G	as Tax		
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- 47,924	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	_		2,577		2,227		47,924		-		-		197,025
	2,467		252		213		6,276		166		_		-
			-										
	2,467		2,829		2,440		54,200		166				197,025
	- - 139		- - - 1,100		161 - -		23,090		- - - 42,266		- - -		- - 202,018
	139		1,100		161		23,090		42,266				202,018
	2,328		1,729		2,279		31,110		(42,100)				(4,993)
	_		-		-		-		-		_		_
			_										
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	2,328		1,729		2,279		31,110		(42,100)				(4,993)
	124,001		12,337		7,029		307,086		42,698		269		7,844
\$	126,329	\$	14,066	\$	9,308	\$	338,196	\$	598	\$	269	\$	2,851

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds, continued

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Traffic & RMRA Safety		Fire Equipment	MCOG Overall Work Plan
REVENUES:	¢.	¢.	e 40.726	¢
Taxes and assessments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 49,726	\$ -
Fines and forfeitures Intergovernmental	222 620	4,047	-	-
Use of money and property	322,620	-	1,410	-
Charges for services	-	-	1,410	-
•		· — -		
Total revenues	322,620	4,047	51,136	
EXPENDITURES: Current: General government Public safety	-	- 4,047	231,776	-
Public works	129,518	4,047	231,770	15,480
Community development	129,318	-	-	13,480
• •	120.510			15.400
Total expenditures	129,518	4,047	231,776	15,480
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	193,102	<u> </u>	(180,640)	(15,480)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers out	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	24,990
Total other financing sources and uses	-	-	-	24,990
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)	193,102	<u>-</u> _	(180,640)	9,510
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):				
Beginning of year	12,000	_	284,069	(7,897)
End of year	\$ 205,102	\$ -	\$ 103,429	\$ 1,613
2.1. 0. j v iii	Ψ 203,102	<u> </u>	¥ 105,127	Ψ 1,015

OJ Park Maintenance Fund		Г	eveloper Deposit ecount	Stat	eral and e Grant unds	Totals		
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	49,726	
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	51,971	
	_		_	2.	004,048	2	2,528,497	
	_		_	_,	-		17,877	
	-		-		_		16,304	
	-		-	2,	004,048	2	2,664,375	
	_		_		_		13,538	
	-		-		155,948		414,861	
	572		-		3,442		351,169	
	_		_		301,665		348,031	
	572		-		461,055	1	1,127,599	
	(572)		_	1,	542,993]	1,536,776	
							 	
	- -		17,206	(1,	75,019 519,078)	(1	126,146 1,552,999)	
	-		17,206	(1,	444,059)	(1	1,426,853)	
	(572)		17,206		98,934		109,923	
	2,682		(1,031)		72,875	1	1,232,683	
\$	2,110	\$	16,175	\$	171,809		1,342,606	
Ψ	2,110	Ψ	10,173	Ψ	1/1,007	Ψ	.,572,000	

Combining Balance Sheet

Federal and State Grant Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2020

ASSETS		CDBG Unclassified Program Income		COPS	Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant		CDBG Super NOFA	
Cash and investments	\$	7,025	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,742
Receivables:								
Intergovernmental		=		-		-		-
Loans/Notes receivable		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	7,025	\$		\$		\$	34,742
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$		\$	12,355
Due to other funds	Ψ 		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	39,742
Total liabilities		=_		=		-		52,097
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenue								
Total deferred inflows of resources:		-		-		-		=
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		-				_		52,097
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		7,025		-		-		_
Unassigned (deficit)						-		(17,355)
Total fund balances		7,025						(17,355)
Total liabilities deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	7,025	\$		\$	_	\$	34,742

STP D1 Streets and Highway Allocation	State Parks Prop 84 Grant	HCD HOME Grant	Other State Grants	Totals		
\$ 1,266	\$ -	23,287	160,570	\$ 226,890		
-	591	201,407	711,566	712,157 201,407		
\$ 1,266	\$ 591	\$ 224,694	\$ 872,136	\$ 1,140,454		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	2,031	\$ 14,386		
			713,110	752,852		
_		<u>-</u>	715,141	767,238		
		201,407		201,407		
		201,407		201,407		
		201,407	715,141	968,645		
1,266 1,266	<u>591</u> 591	23,287	156,995 156,995	7,025 164,784 171,809		
\$ 1,266	\$ 591	\$ 224,694	\$ 872,136	\$ 1,140,454		

(concluded)

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Federal and State Grant Special Revenue Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Une	CDBG classified am Income		COPS		alletproof Partnership Grant		CDBG per NOFA
REVENUES:	Ф		Ф	155.040	Ф			204.061
Intergovernmental	\$	=	\$	155,948	\$	-		284,061
Use of money and property				155010				-
Total revenues				155,948				284,061
EXPENDITURES:								
Current:								
Public safety		-		155,948		-		-
Public works		3,442		-		-		- -
Community development								235,230
Total expenditures		3,442		155,948				235,230
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(3,442)				<u>-</u>		48,831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		-		-		523		74,496
Transfers out		-		-		-		(174,144)
Total other financing sources and uses		-		-		523		(99,648)
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING (USES)		(3,442)		-		523		(50,817)
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT): Beginning of year		10,467		-		(523)		33,462
End of year	\$	7,025	\$		\$		\$	(17,355)
Lita of your	Ψ	7,023	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	(17,333)

Stre Hi	STP D1 Streets and Highway Allocation		Parks p 84 cant	H	HCD IOME Grant		Other State Grants	Totals		
\$	-	\$	\$ -		15,000	\$	1,549,039	\$ 2	2,004,048	
	<u>-</u>		-		15,000		1,549,039		2,004,048	
					15,000		1,547,057		2,004,040	
	-		-		-		-	155,94		
	-		-		2,000		64,435		3,442 301,665	
	<u>-</u>		-		2,000		64,435		461,055	
					13,000		1,484,604		1,542,993	
	-		-		-		-	(75,019	
							1,344,934) 1,344,934)		1,519,078) 1,444,059)	
	-		-		-	(1,344,934)	(1,444,039)	
	-		-		13,000		139,670		98,934	
	1,266		591		10,287		17,325		72,875	
\$	1,266	\$	591	\$	23,287	\$	\$ 156,995		171,809	
									1 1 1)	

(concluded)

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

June 30, 2020

	(Coastal Trail
ASSETS		
Cash and investments	\$	32,084
Receivables:		
Other receivable		-
Due from other funds		
Total assets	\$	32,084
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	-
Due to other funds		37,351
Deposits payable		
Total liabilities:		37,351
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Unavailable revenue		
Total deferred inflows of resources:		27.251
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		37,351
Fund Balances:		
Restricted		-
Assigned		- (5.267)
Unassigned (deficit)		(5,267)
Total fund balances		(5,267)
Total liabilities deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	32,084

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in

Fund Balances

Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2020

	 Coastal Trail
REVENUES:	
Intergovernmental Other revenues	\$ -
Total revenues	
EXPENDITURES:	
Current:	
Community development	-
Capital outlay	
Total expenditures	
REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	
EXPENDITURES	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):	
Transfers in	-
Transfers out	 -
Total other financing sources and uses	-
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER	
FINANCING (USES)	-
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS):	
Beginning of year	 (5,267)
End of year	\$ (5,267)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Fund Type	Description
Building Maintenance	Accounts for the maintenance of all City owned buildings
Information Technology Fund	Accounts for all activities of the City's computer networks, the costs of which are distributed among user departments using equitable formulas.
Fleet Services	Accounts for all activities of the City's central garage operations, the costs of which are distributed among designated user departments.

City of Fort Bragg, California Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

ACCETEC	Building Maintenance		Information Technology Fund		Fleet Services			Totals
ASSETS								
Current assets:	Φ.	5 060 5 4	Φ.	1.45.000	Φ.	212 524	Φ.	0.55 504
Cash and investments	\$	596,974	\$	147,233	\$	213,584	\$	957,791
Receivables:								
Accounts		-		-		-		-
Prepaid items		-		1 47 000		- 212.504		
Total current assets		596,974		147,233		213,584		957,791
Noncurrent assets:		40.002		10.000		(20.771		(07.662
Capital assets, net		48,802		19,089		629,771		697,662
Total noncurrent assets		48,802		19,089		629,771		697,662
Total assets	\$	645,776	\$	166,322	\$	843,355	\$	1,655,453
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	2,181	\$	31,056		8,450	\$	41,687
Accrued liabilities				1,655				1,655
Total current liabilities		2,181		32,711		8,450		43,342
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Compensated absences		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		2,181		32,711		8,450		43,342
Net Position:								
Net investment in capital assets		48,802		19,089		629,771		697,662
Unrestricted		594,793		114,522		205,134		914,449
Total net position		643,595		133,611		834,905		1,612,111
Total liabilities and net position	\$	645,776	\$	166,322	\$	843,355	\$	1,655,453

City of Fort Bragg, California Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Building intenance	formation echnology Fund	 Fleet Services	Totals	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Interdepartmental charges	\$ 205,744	\$ 303,965	\$ 259,066	\$	768,775
Other	11,225		16,743		27,968
Total operating revenues	 216,969	 303,965	 275,809		796,743
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
Personnel services	127,950	156,457	121,030		405,437
Repairs and maintenance	6,666	67	35,744		42,477
Materials and supplies	-	169,688	62,528		232,216
Contractual services	-	828	4,579		5,407
Allocated overhead	-	-	-		-
Depreciation	 	 49,005	117,694		166,699
Total operating expenses	 134,616	 376,045	341,575		852,236
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	82,353	(72,080)	(65,766)		(55,493)
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TRANSFERS	82,353	(72,080)	(65,766)		(55,493)
Transfers in	-	-	-		-
Transfers out	 	 	 		-
Total transfers	-	-	-		-
Change in net position	82,353	(72,080)	(65,766)		(55,493)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):					
Beginning of year	561,242	205,691	900,671		1,667,604
End of year	\$ 643,595	\$ 133,611	\$ 834,905	\$	1,612,111

City of Fort Bragg, California Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the year ended June 30, 2020

	uilding intenance	Information Technology Fund		Fleet Services			Totals	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Cash received from interfund services provided	\$ 216,969	\$	303,965	\$	275,809	\$	796,743	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(6,628)		(161,573)		(100,783)		(268,984)	
Cash paid to employees for services	 (127,950)		(158,569)		(122,055)		(408,574)	
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 82,391		(16,177)		52,971		119,185	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Transfers received	-		-		-		-	
Transfers paid	-		-		-		-	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	 						-	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:								
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(8,975)		-		5,535		(3,440)	
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities	(8,975)		_		5,535		(3,440)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:								
Interest on investments	 		-				-	
Net cash provided by investing activities	-		-		-	-	-	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	73,416		(16,177)		58,506		115,745	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:								
Beginning of year	 523,558		163,410		155,078		842,046	
End of year	\$ 596,974	\$	147,233	\$	213,584	\$	957,791	
Reconciliation of income from operations to net								
cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 82,353	\$	(72,080)	\$	(65,766)	\$	(55,493)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income								
to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation	-		49,005		117,694		166,699	
(Increase) decrease in current assets:								
Accounts receivable	-		-		-		-	
Prepaid items	-		-		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	20		0.010		2.070		11 117	
Accounts payable	38		9,010		2,068		11,116	
Accrued liabilities	-		(2,112)		(1,025)		(3,137)	
Compensated absences	 -		-				-	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 82,391	\$	(16,177)	\$	52,971	\$	119,185	

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Fort Bragg's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, footnotes, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

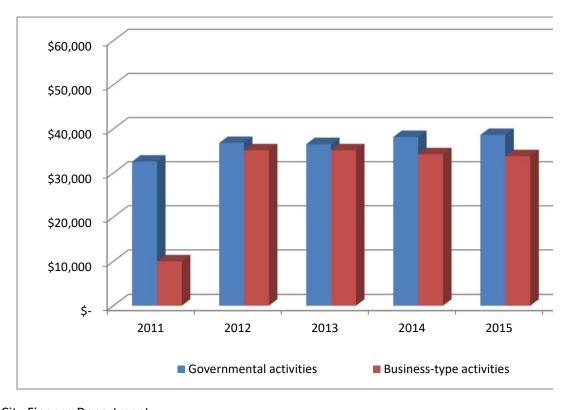
Contents	Page(s)
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	130-140
Revenue Capacity	
generate revenues. Property taxes, sales and use taxes, charges for services, licenses, permits and fees and intergovernmental revenue are the City's most significant revenue sources.	141-149
Debt Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt	150-156
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	158-159
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	160-162

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

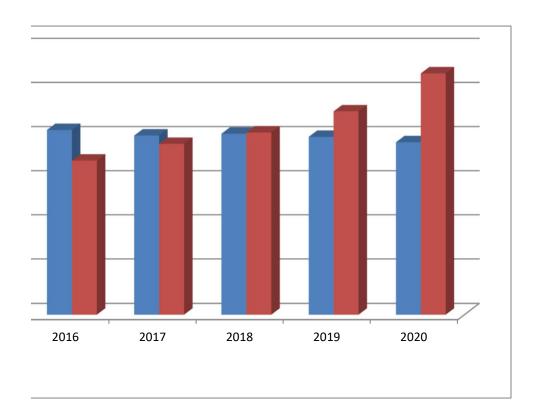
(In Thousands)

	2011	2012		2013
Governmental activities	_			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 25,801	\$	30,664	\$ 30,444
Restricted	4,825		4,776	5,671
Unrestricted (deficit)	1,953		1,356	 428
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 32,579	\$	36,796	\$ 36,543
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 7,121	\$	31,319	\$ 30,764
Restricted	108		108	72
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,775		3,709	 4,294
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 10,004	\$	35,136	\$ 35,130
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 32,922	\$	61,983	\$ 61,208
Restricted	4,933		4,884	5,743
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,728		5,065	 4,722
Total primary government net position	\$ 42,583	\$	71,932	\$ 71,673



Source: City Finance Department

2014	2015	2016	2017		2018	2019	2020
\$ 31,944 5,987 232	\$ 35,914 2,289 (203)	\$ 38,647 3,536 (399)	\$ 39,523 2,513 (1,518)	\$	42,293 3,758 (5,115)	\$ 41,400 1,279 (2,456)	\$ 42,102 1,922 (5,026)
\$ 38,163	\$ 38,625	\$ 41,784	\$ 40,518	\$	40,935	\$ 40,223	\$ 38,998
\$ 30,531 101 3,603	\$ 30,047 108 3,649	\$ 30,503 108 4,232	\$ 31,597 108 6,912	\$	33,572 108 7,515	\$ 37,806 108 8,094	\$ 45,807 108 8,704
\$ 34,235	\$ 33,804	\$ 34,843	\$ 38,617	\$	41,195	\$ 46,008	\$ 54,619
\$ 62,475 6,088 3,835	\$ 65,961 3,022 3,466	\$ 69,150 3,644 3,833	\$ 71,119 2,621 5,395	\$	75,865 3,866 2,400	\$ 79,206 1,387 5,638	\$ 87,909 2,030 3,678
\$ 72,398	\$ 72,429	\$ 76,627	\$ 79,135	\$	82,131	\$ 86,231	\$ 93,617



Changes in Net Position

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Fiscal year ended June 30)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(In Thousands)

	2011	2012	2013		2014
Expenses		 			
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 2,591	\$ 2,540	\$ 2,708	\$	1,500
Public safety	3,596	3,493	3,399		3,851
Public works	1,532	1,532	1,874		2,176
Community development	3,361	1,877	1,529		3,485
Parks and recreation	-	-	-		-
Marketing and promotions	-	-	-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	296	177	49		42
Total governmental activities expenses	11,376	9,619	9,559		11,054
Business-type activities:					
Water	2,179	2,107	2,138		2,539
Sewer	2,425	2,983	3,063		3,095
C.V. Starr Center	-	183	2,236		2,262
Total business-type activities expenses	4,604	5,273	7,437		7,896
Total primary government expenses	15,980	14,892	16,996		18,950
Program revenues					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
General government	3,087	2,718	2,701		2,851
Public safety	30	29	40		72
Public works	5	4	5		34
Community development	9	349	100		58
Operating grants and contributions	2,138	684	1,572		1,567
Capital grants and contributions	602	 1,096	303		1,818
Total governmental activities program revenues	5,871	4,880	4,721		6,400
Business-type activities:					
Charges for services:					
Water	2,108	2,194	2,404		2,229
Wastewater	2,773	2,945	3,197		3,004
C.V. Starr Center	-	-	591		635
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-		-
Capital grants and contributions		 25,132	-		-
Total business-type activities program revenues	4,881	30,271	6,192		5,868
Total primary government program revenues	10,752	 35,151	10,913		12,268
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	(5,505)	(4,739)	(4,838)		(4,654)
Business-type activities	277	24,998	(1,245)		(2,028)
Total primary government net expense	(5,228)	 20,259	(6,083)	_	(6,682)

2015	 2016	6 2017			2018	 2019	2020		
\$ 2,593	\$ 2,877	\$	2,221	\$	2,804	\$ 2,384	\$	2,623	
3,663	4,187		4,388		4,461	4,338		5,374	
2,435	2,108		2,750		2,873	2,979		3,122	
840	1,700		1,018		1,208	1,056		876	
-	-		38		-	-		-	
-	-		-		-	-		186	
30	26		21		53	47		5	
9,561	10,898		10,434		11,399	 10,804		12,186	
2,286	2,264		2,158		2,034	1,920		1,676	
2,801	2,897		2,847		2,569	2,674		2,302	
2,382	2,292		2,320		2,386	 2,722		2,081	
7,469	7,453		7,325		6,989	 7,316		6,059	
17,030	 18,351		17,760		18,388	18,120		18,245	
2,809	2,818		1,967		1,324	1,108		880	
50	289		299		365	371		290	
102	344		558		1,049	1,155		1,980	
-	30		232		520	293		-	
4,702	725		1,251		2,259	765		800	
2,383	3,762		922		3,324	 3,296		1,345	
10,046	7,968		5,227		8,840	 6,988		5,295	
2,496	2,624		2,683		2,909	3,077		3,181	
3,194	3,332		3,305		3,495	3,599		3,484	
706	722		696		743	711		466	
-	-		-		-	-		-	
-	-		-		-	-		4,512	
6,396	6,678		6,683		7,147	7,387		11,643	
16,442	14,646		11,911		15,987	14,375		16,938	
485	(2,930)		(5,207)		(2,558)	(3,817)		(6,891)	
(1,073)	(775)		(642)		158	70		5,584	
(588)	(3,705)		(5,849)		(2,400)	 (3,747)		(1,307)	
	 							(continued)	

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

(Accrual basis of accounting)

(In Thousands)

	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes	2,075	1,413	924	943
Sales and use tax	2,147	2,271	2,390	2,490
Transient lodging tax	1,341	1,411	1,536	1,667
Franchise taxes	469	470	482	496
Other taxes	-	225	203	411
Use of money and property	51	91	103	45
Unrealized gains and losses	-	-	-	-
Other general revenues	71	399	81	222
Special Items				
Transfer in (out)	(55)	(2)	(17)	(1)
Extraordinary item: Redevelopment dissolution	-	3,070	-	-
Total governmental activities	6,099	9,348	5,702	6,273
Business-type activities:				
Property taxes		19	231	216
Sales and use tax			772	811
Use of money and property	21	16	8	33
Other revenues	407	97	98	72
Transfer in (out)	55	2	17	1
Total business-type activities	483	134	1,126	1,133
Total primary government	6,582	9,482	6,828	7,406
Changes in Net Position				
Governmental activities	594	4,609	864	1,619
Business-type activities	760	25,132	(119)	(895)
Total primary government	\$ 1,354	\$ 29,741	\$ 745	\$ 724

Source: City Finance Department

2015		2016	2018	2018	2019	2020
	•					
909		1,007	1,084	1,035	1,075	1,157
2,523		2,458	2,414	1,785	1,728	2,743
1,858		1,948	2,149	2,619	2,640	2,204
493		491	-	-	-	590
435		403	674	719	762	185
87		113	(23)	(110)	66	107
-		-	-	-	195	228
67		120	151	61	8	24
			(507)	-	-	-
(89)		(451)	(2,003)	(898)	(1,029)	(1,573)
-		-	-	-	-	-
6,283		6,089	3,940	5,210	5,445	5,664
234		220	234	236	249	236
807		846	881	915	879	945
42		27	56	98	168	178
161		271	1,242	272	77	95
89		451	2,003	898	1,029	1,573
1,333		1,815	4,416	2,420	2,402	3,028
7,616		7,904	8,356	7,630	7,847	8,692
6,768		3,159	(1,267)	2,652	1,628	(1,226)
260		1,040	3,774	2,578	2,472	8,611
\$ 7,028	\$	4,199	\$ 2,507	\$ 5,230	\$ 4,100	\$ 7,385

(concluded)

City of Fort Bragg, California Fund Balances of Governmental

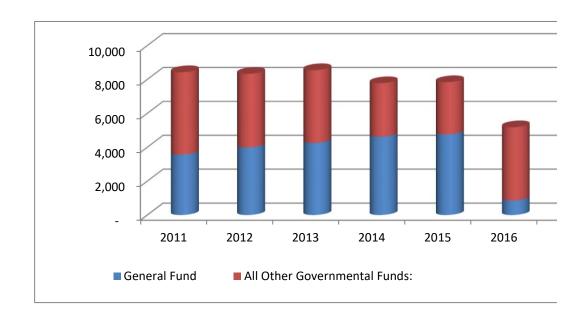
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Fiscal year ended June 30)

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

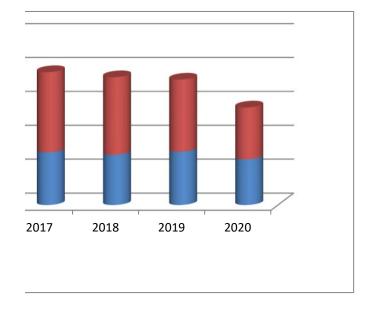
(In Thousands)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
General Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$ 1	\$ 211	\$ 248 \$	185	\$ 205
Committed					
Unassigned	3,560	3,775	4,007	4,434	4,553
Total general fund	3,561	3,986	4,255	4,619	4,758
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Restricted	4,865	4,530	4,590	4,598	2,914
Assigned	-	-	-	-	1,322
Unassigned (deficit)	-	(187)	(299)	(1,441)	(1,157)
Total all other governmental funds	 4,865	4,343	4,291	3,157	3,079
Total all governmental funds	\$ 8,426	\$ 8,329	\$ 8,546 \$	7,776	\$ 7,837



Source: City Finance Department

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 66	\$ 4	\$ 94	\$ 9	\$ 3
-	2,135	1,694	1,682	2,160
790	968	1,172	1,451	529
856	3,107	2,959	3,142	2,691
3,536	2,530	3,758	1,267	1,922
1,116	1,472	1,292	3,005	1,426
 (331)	731	(470)	(16)	(284)
4,321	4,733	4,580	4,256	3,063
\$ 5,177	\$ 7,839	\$ 7,539	\$ 7,398	\$ 5,755



Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

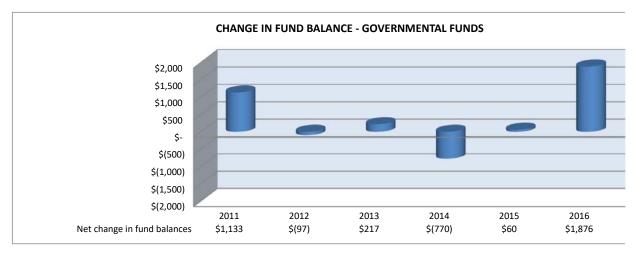
Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Fiscal year ended June 30)

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

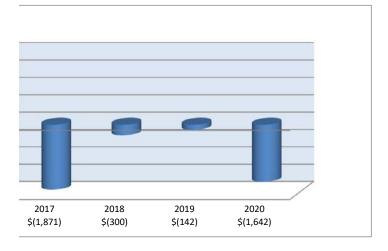
(In Thousands)

Revenues:	2011	2012	2013		2014	2015
Taxes and assessments	\$ 6,032	\$ 5,790	\$ 5,579	\$	5,810	\$ 4,949
Intergovernmental	2,692	1,773	1,897		2,946	7,463
Charges for services	2,463	2,854	2,564		2,907	457
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	17	13	23		28	178
Licenses and permits	252	241	260		234	254
Use of money and property	51	84	103		84	120
Unrealized gains and losses	-	-	-		-	-
Reimbursements	-	-	-		-	2,930
Other	118	410	80		240	59
Total revenues	11,625	11,165	10,506	_	12,249	 16,410
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	1,178	1,252	2,179		1,549	2,875
Public safety	3,237	3,351	3,410		3,829	3,581
Public works	1,332	1,386	1,472		1,594	3,469
Community development	3,009	1,975	2,191		3,460	834
Marketing and promotions	-	-	-		-	-
Cost allocations	-	-	-		-	-
Capital outlay	1,286	1,983	874		2,431	5,058
Debt Service:						
Principal Retirement	107	113	107		112	116
Interest and fiscal charges	282	161	40		36	31
Total expenditures	10,431	10,221	10,273	_	13,011	 15,964
Reconciliation of Governmental Revenues						
Less Expenditures to Fund Equity:						
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ 1,194	\$ 944	\$ 233	\$	(762)	\$ 446
Other financing sources (uses):						
Proceeds from sales of assets	-	-	-		-	-
Extraordinary loss on dissolution of redevelopment	-	(1,039)	-		-	-
Transfers in	1,122	1,910	1,950		1,091	5,683
Transfers out	(1,183)	(1,912)	(1,966)		(1,099)	(6,069)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (61)	(1,041)	(16)		(8)	(386)
Net change in fund balances	\$ 1,133	\$ (97)	\$ 217	\$	(770)	\$ 60
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	4.25%	3.33%	1.56%		1.40%	1.35%



Source: City Finance Department

2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 5,067	\$ 6,486	\$ 7,131	\$ 7,138	\$ 6,878
5,219	1,847	4,592	772	2,702
242	203	139	128	61
162	211	84	118	112
273	97	132	128	97
174	55	126	213	409
-	-	-	195	-
3,413	2,345	2,691	2,453	2,335
 127	 210	 82	 37	 22
14,677	11,454	 14,976	11,182	 12,617
2,685	2,548	2,881	2,522	2,094
4,100	4,233	4,383	4,189	5,029
1,874	1,902	1,947	1,968	1,901
1,693	1,011	1,201	1,050	846
-	-	-	-	186
	-	-	-	475
1,725	1,992	3,780	282	1,975
120	127	169	169	5
26	21	 17	17	 -
12,223	11,834	14,378	10,197	12,692
\$ 2,454	\$ (380)	\$ 598	\$ 985	\$ (74)
-	-	-	-	6
-	-	-	-	-
2,714	3,775	2,944	2,830	616
(3,292)	 (5,266)	 (3,843)	 (3,957)	 (2,190)
 (578)	 (1,491)	 (898)	 (1,127)	 (1,568)
\$ 1,876	\$ (1,871)	\$ (300)	\$ (142)	\$ (1,642)
 1.39%	1.50%	 1.75%	1.88%	0.05%



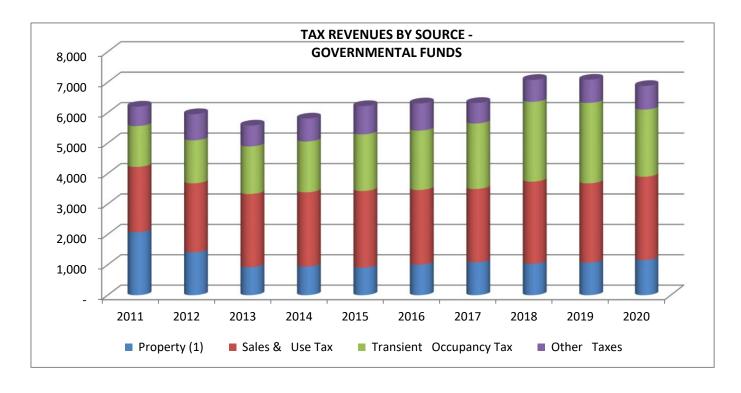
Governmental Fund Tax Revenue By Source

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

(In Thousands)

Fiscal Year					
Ended		Sales &	Transient	Other	
June 30,	Property (1)	Use Tax	Occupancy Tax	Taxes	Total
2011	2,075	2,147	1,341	639	6,202
2012	1,413	2,271	1,411	859	5,954
2013	924	2,409	1,561	685	5,579
2014	943	2,445	1,668	754	5,810
2015	909	2,523	1,858	928	6,218
2016	1,007	2,458	1,948	894	6,307
2017	1,084	2,414	2,149	674	6,321
2018	1,035	2,705	2,619	719	7,078
2019	1,075	2,607	2,640	762	7,085
2020	1,157	2,743	2,204	775	6,878



(1) Decrease in property taxes beginning in fiscal year 2012 relates to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency. Upon the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency on February 1, 2012, property taxes received by the Redevelopment Successor Agency are reported in a private-purpose trust fund and therefore are excluded from the activities of the primary government.

Source: City Finance Department

City of Fort Bragg, California Principal Sales Tax Producers Last Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2019-20		2010-11	
Taxpayer	Business Type	Taxpayer	Business Type
Aero-Mod	Heavy Industry	Amerigas Propane	Energy Sales
Arco AM/PM Mini Marts	Service Stations	Boatyard Tobacco	Miscellaneous Retail
Boatyard Tobacco	Miscellaneous Retail	Canclini TV & Appliance	Furniture/Appliance
Canclini TV & Appliance	Furniture/Appliance	Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations
Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations	Circle K Service Stations	Service Stations
CVS/Pharmacy	Drug Stores	Coast To Coast Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail
Denny's Restaurants	Restaurants	CVS/Pharmacy	Drug Stores
Dollar Tree Stores	Department Stores	Denny's Restaurant	Restaurants
Geo Aggregates	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Fort Bragg Feed & Pet	Miscellaneous Retail
Harvest Market	Food Markets	Harvest Market	Food Markets
Mcdonald's Restaurants	Restaurants	Kemppe Liquid Gas	Energy Sales
Mendo Mill & Lumber Company	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Mcdonald's Restaurants	Restaurants
Mendocino County Horticulture Supply	Florist/Nursery	Mendo Mill & Lumber Company	Bldg.Matls-Retail
O'Reilly Auto Parts	Auto Parts/Repair	Mendocino Coast Petroleum	Energy Sales
Redwood Coast Fuels	Energy Sales	Mendocino County Hydrogarden	Florist/Nursery
Rino Service Stations	Service Stations	North Coast Brewing	Restaurants
Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores	Rhoads Auto Parts	Auto Parts/Repair
Rossi Building Materials	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Rinehart Distributing	Service Stations
Safeway Stores	Food Markets	Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores
Sinclair Service Stations	Service Stations	Rossi's Building Materials	Bldg.Matls-Retail
Sport Chrysler-Jeep-Dodge	Auto Sales - New	Safeway Stores	Food Markets
Taco Bell	Restaurants	Sears Hometown Stores	Furniture/Appliance
The Brewery Shop	Restaurants	Speedex Service Station	Service Stations
True Value Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Sport Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Auto Sales - New
Two Short Sales	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Walsh Oil Company	Energy Sales

Source: MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

City of Fort Bragg, California Historical Sales Tax Amounts by Benchmark Year Last Ten Fiscal Years

CDTFA NAICS SECTOR Categories	2020Q1	2019Q1	2018Q1	2017Q1
Accommodation and Food Services	255,808	259,376	277,253	256,440
Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing and Hunting	8,501	8,407	2,206	6,404
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	5,917	5,394	3,516	3,469
Construction	46,960	48,397	37,485	36,180
Educational Services	1,283	2,082	7,876	7,499
Information	7,434	7,822	5,569	4,825
Manufacturing	9,075	9,807	9,049	7,552
Mining, Quarrying, and Oil and Gas Extraction	81,532	76,371	57,185	3,321
Other Services (except Public Administration)	30,799	31,125	30,303	31,197
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	4,255	4,072	6,380	6,495
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	2,239	2,712	2,455	2,525
Retail Trade	1,055,112	1,057,726	1,085,170	1,048,846
Utilities	5,171	5,140	4,702	5,430
All Other NAICS Sectors	17,752	21,059	21,025	18,769
Grand Total	1,531,837	1,539,489	1,550,174	1,438,951

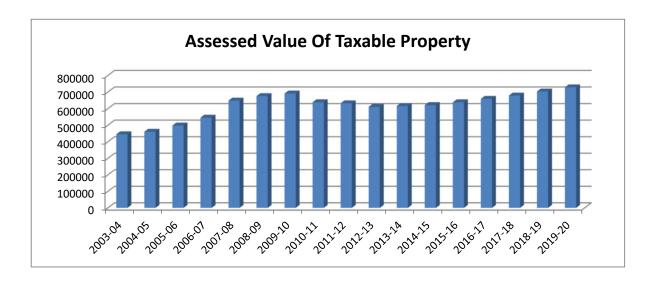
Source: MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

2016Q1	2015Q1	2014Q1	2013Q1	2012Q1	2011Q1
228,310	213,811	196,725	195,761	184,423	182,730
10,373	7,321	2,573	2,972	1,293	2,897
3,454	4,002	4,407	3,829	3,702	3,135
35,318	33,583	29,218	25,489	20,646	20,842
8,318	6,932	7,927	3,006	844	325
4,031	6,163	7,182	7,828	8,571	15,132
5,847	5,667	4,496	6,102	11,320	9,472
2,461	2,962	32,396	97,835	120,794	86,127
31,897	31,049	27,496	27,573	26,934	24,953
7,186	7,541	6,599	6,796	8,384	7,942
2,525	2,944	2,893	3,394	2,795	2,101
1,056,408	1,066,897	1,067,536	1,009,848	999,094	966,699
4,696	3,967	3,570	4,800	5,370	4,158
18,414	8,559	5,059	4,953	1,277	18
1,419,237	1,401,400	1,398,075	1,400,186	1,395,447	1,326,531

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, City Wide Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

								Total		Factor of Taxable
Fiscal Year						Taxable		Direct Tax	Estimated Actual	Assessed Value
End	Secu	red Property*	Unse	cured Property	Ass	essed Value	% Change	Rate (1)	Taxable Value (2)	(2)
2010-11	\$	609,153	\$	29,654	\$	638,807	-7.6%	1.102000	-	-
2011-12	\$	603,272	\$	29,066	\$	632,338	-1.0%	1.123000	710,404	1.123456
2012-13	\$	579,450	\$	31,513	\$	610,963	-3.4%	1.113100	611,333	1.000606
2013-14	\$	585,992	\$	29,641	\$	615,633	0.8%	1.125000	624,469	1.014352
2014-15	\$	590,079	\$	31,347	\$	621,426	0.9%	1.127000	689,061	1.108838
2015-16	\$	607,137	\$	31,275	\$	638,412	2.7%	1.132000	702,975	1.101131
2016-17	\$	626,121	\$	32,889	\$	659,009	3.2%	1.133000	852,603	1.293765
2017-18	\$	646,586	\$	32,288	\$	678,874	6.3%	1.133000	902,380	1.329231
2018-19	\$	671,692	\$	31,556	\$	703,249	6.7%	1.138000	918,610	1.306238
2019-20	\$	695,389	\$	33,240	\$	728,629	7.3%	1.131000	1,021,566	1.402039



Source: Mendocino County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

Source: 2010-11 and prior: previously published CAFR Report.

^{*}Secured Property is net of all exemptions and includes Unitary value.

^(1.) Total tax rate is represented by TRA 001-001.

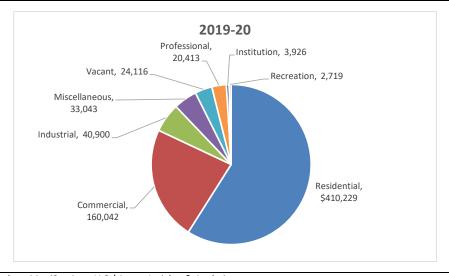
^(2.) Estimated Actual Value is derived from a series of calculations comparing median assessed values from 1940 to current median sale prices. Based on these calculations a multiplier value was extrapolated and applied to current assessed values.

^(-) Indicates Data unavailable.

City of Fort Bragg, California Assessed Value of Property by Use Code, City Wide Last Nine Fiscal Years

(In Thousands)

Category	201	11-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	:	2017-18	- 2	2018-19	- 2	2019-20
Residential	\$	361,278	\$ 347,694	\$ 351,259	\$ 357,224	\$ 369,852	\$ 393,470	\$	375,474	\$	395,888	\$	410,229
Commercial	:	161,784	164,165	165,103	163,032	167,141	150,666		153,767		156,832		160,042
Industrial		43,763	30,593	36,342	36,807	37,595	37,908		38,037		39,021		40,900
Miscellaneous		477	689	698	701	735	1,120		31,285		31,187		33,043
Vacant		21,468	21,552	18,931	18,682	18,963	21,162		21,817		23,423		24,116
Professional		-	-	-	-	179	9,804		19,769		20,036		20,413
Institution		3,826	3,931	4,024	4,285	4,513	4,515		3,761		2,691		3,926
Recreation		8,962	9,119	7,905	7,593	6,391	7,101		2,676		2,613		2,719
Agriculture		-	34	33	34	34	34		-		-		-
Unitary		670	543	542	543	543	340		-		-		-
Unknown		1,044	1,130	1,149	1,178	1,192	-		-		-		-
Net Secured Value	:	240,950	230,626	233,578	590,079	607,137	626,121		646,586		671,692		695,389
Unsecured		29,066	31,513	29,641	31,347	31,275	32,889		32,288		31,556		33,240
Net Taxable Value	\$ 7	270,016	\$ 262,139	\$ 263,219	\$ 621,426	\$ 638,412	\$ 659,009	\$	678,874	\$	703,249	\$	728,629



Source: Mendocino County Assessor data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics Use code categories are based on Mendocino County Assessor's data

City of Fort Bragg Direct and Overlapping Prope Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16
COUNTY GENERAL FUND	0.000000	0.745000	0.745000	0.745000	0.745000	0.745000
CITY OF FORT BRAGG	0.000000	0.255000	0.255000	0.255000	0.255000	0.255000
TOTAL	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
Override Assessments LOCAL SPECIAL DISTRICSTS	0.013000	0.012000	0.012000	0.011000	0.026000	0.025000
SCHOOLS _	0.089000	0.111000	0.119000	0.114000	0.101000	0.107000
TOTAL	0.102000	0.123000	0.131000	0.125000	0.127000	0.132000
TOTAL TAX RATE	1.102000	1.123000	1.131000	1.125000	1.127000	1.132000

Source: Mendocino County Auditor/Controller data, MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

Source: 2010-11 and prior, previously published CAFR Report

TRA 001-001 is represented for this report

Rates are not adjusted for ERAF

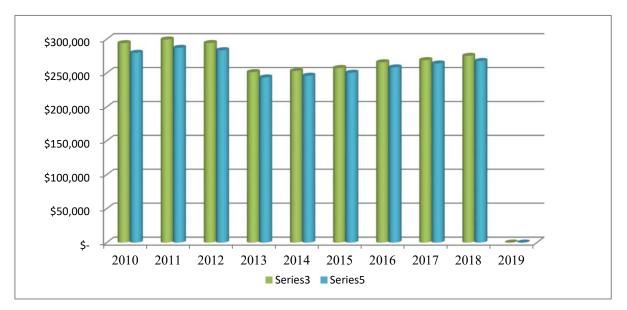
2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
0.745000	0.745000	0.745000	0.745000
0.255000	0.255000	0.255000	0.255000
1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
0.018000	0.026000	0.024000	0.024000
0.115000	0.107000	0.114000	0.107000
0.133000	0.133000	0.138000	0.131000
1.133000	1.133000	1.138000	1.131000
0.115000	0.107000	0.114000	0.1070

City of Fort Bragg, California Principal Property Tax Payers Last Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

	2019)-20	2010-11					
		Percent of Total City Taxable	Taxable Value	Percent of Total City Taxable Value				
Taxpayer	Taxable Value (\$)	Value (%)	(\$)	(%)				
Georgia Pacific Corporation	31,708,187	4.35%	39,377,081	6.18%				
Rap Investors Lp Boatyard Associates Phase Ii The	11,537,209 10,457,629	1.58% 1.44%	5,354,962	0.84%				
North Coast Brewing Co Inc	8,091,889	1.11%	2,716,933	0.43%				
Safeway Inc	7,044,139	0.97%	7,214,811	1.13%				
Colombi Jeanette Succttee	5,066,781	0.70%						
Hurst Jason S	4,915,996	0.67%						
Tanti Family Ii Llc	4,871,301	0.67%	4 026 267	0.630/				
Kao Kuami Kashi Keshav Investments Llc	4,601,341 4,457,076	0.63% 0.61%	4,036,267 4,210,073	0.63% 0.66%				
Ansari Ghulam Murtaza & Tenzila	4,451,923	0.61%	4,210,073	0.00%				
Grosvenor Van Ness Associates	4,284,720	0.59%	3,702,960	0.58%				
Fort Bragg Hotel Llc	4,208,986	0.58%	-, - ,					
Longs Drug Stores California Llc	4,024,464	0.55%	3,953,173	0.62%				
Anderson Logging Inc	3,964,220	0.54%	3,315,398	0.52%				
Ray Ronald R Ttee	3,944,873	0.54%						
Keaton Richard J & Julie	3,315,283	0.46%	2,865,345	0.45%				
Noyo Vista Inc	3,303,248	0.45%	2,817,933	0.44%				
Kemppe Liquid Gas Corporation	3,058,057	0.42%	2,361,782	0.37%				
Moura Senior Housing	2,806,558	0.39%	2,386,128	0.37%				
Rbj & Associates Llc I Lodge Properties Group Llc	2,710,069 2,669,971	0.37% 0.37%	2,416,246	0.38%				
Taubold Timothy E Ttee	2,641,419	0.36%						
Miller Helen Centeno	2,629,464	0.36%						
Country Properties Llc	2,601,299	0.36%						
Boatyard Assoc Phase Ii			9,037,779	1.42%				
Tradewinds Lodge			7,123,300	1.12%				
Feil Scott E Diana E			5,944,219	0.93%				
Hurst James C Barbara J Ttees			4,306,195	0.68%				
Colombi Robert Ttee			4,280,516	0.67%				
Comcast			4,142,833	0.65%				
North Otown Industrial Center			3,409,232	0.54%				
Braxton Senior Living Property			3,326,215	0.52%				
Affinito Dominic J Juliette C			3,197,520	0.50%				
Reddy Govind Sarojini			3,053,387	0.48%				
Bell Charles H Ila Lynn Ttees			3,016,848	0.47%				
Total Top 25 Taxpayers	143,366,102	19.68%	137,567,136	21.60%				
Total Taxable Value	728,628,829	100.00%	636,742,221	100.00%				

City of Fort Bragg, California Property Tax Levies and Collections For the last ten fiscal years

Tax	kes Levied	Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy						
	for the			Percentage				
Fi	scal Year		Amount	of Levy				
				_				
\$	293,999	\$	279,753	95.2%				
	299,429		287,121	95.9%				
	294,235		283,594	96.4%				
	251,307		243,397	96.9%				
	253,017		245,915	97.2%				
	257,387		250,358	97.3%				
	265,826		258,276	97.2%				
	268,987		264,012	98.2%				
	275,316		267,695	97.2%				
	N/A		N/A	N/A				
	Fi_	299,429 294,235 251,307 253,017 257,387 265,826 268,987 275,316	for the Fiscal Year \$ 293,999 \$ 299,429	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year Amount \$ 293,999 \$ 279,753 299,429 287,121 294,235 283,594 251,307 243,397 253,017 245,915 257,387 250,358 265,826 258,276 268,987 264,012 275,316 267,695				



Note: Mendocino County does not track collections of delinquent taxes by year in subsequent years.

Source: Mendocino County Auditor-Controller's Office

City of Fort Bragg, California Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

(In Thousands, Except Per Capita Amount)

	 Gov	eri	ımental Acti	vitie	s	Business-type Activities						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	 ficates of		Total Capital Governmental Leases Activities				tificates of		Notes Payable	Capital Leases		
2011	\$ 5,533	\$	32	\$	5,565	\$	4,130	\$	1,767	\$	769	
2012 (2)	943		-		943		3,237		1,481		626	
2013	842		-		842		3,013		1,375		457	
2014	777		-		777		3,217		1,314		367	
2015	660		-		660		2,896		1,207		240	
2016	539				539		2,578		1,102		123	
2017	412		-		412		2,252		975		-	
2018	280		-		280		1,913		846		-	
2019	143		-		143		6,568		741		-	
2020	-		-		-		6,182		633		-	

N/A indicates information is not available

Source: City Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal and per capita data.

⁽²⁾ RDA bonds included from 2006 to 2011 are not included in 2012 and after due to the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency.

iess-type tivities	P	•	Percentage of Personal Income ⁽¹⁾	Per Capita ⁽¹	
6,666	\$	12,231	N/A	\$	1,779
5,344		6,287	4.4%		867
4,845		5,687	3.9%		778
4,898		5,675	3.7%		772
4,343		5,003	3.2%		681
3,803		4,342	2.7%		566
3,227		3,639	2.1%		474
2,759		3,039	1.7%		405
7,309		7,452	4.2%		992
6,815		6,815	3.6%		918
	6,666 5,344 4,845 4,898 4,343 3,803 3,227 2,759 7,309	6,666 \$ 5,344 4,845 4,898 4,343 3,803 3,227 2,759 7,309	tivities Government 6,666 \$ 12,231 5,344 6,287 4,845 5,687 4,898 5,675 4,343 5,003 3,803 4,342 3,227 3,639 2,759 3,039 7,309 7,452	tivities Government Income (1) 6,666 \$ 12,231 N/A 5,344 6,287 4.4% 4,845 5,687 3.9% 4,898 5,675 3.7% 4,343 5,003 3.2% 3,803 4,342 2.7% 3,227 3,639 2.1% 2,759 3,039 1.7% 7,309 7,452 4.2%	tivities Government Income (1) Ca 6,666 \$ 12,231 N/A \$ 5,344 6,287 4.4% 4.4% 4,845 5,687 3.9% 3.9% 4,898 5,675 3.7% 3.2% 4,343 5,003 3.2% 3.803 4,342 2.7% 3,227 3,639 2.1% 2.759 3,039 1.7% 7,309 7,452 4.2% 4.2%

City of Fort Bragg, California Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30) (Dollars in thousands)

		2011		2012	2013	2014		
Assessed Value	\$	609,153	\$	603,272	\$ 579,450	\$	585,992	
Conversion Percentage		25%		25%	 25%		25%	
Adjusted Assessed Value		152,288		150,818	144,863		146,498	
Debt Limit Percentage		15%		15%	 15%		15%	
Debt limit		22,843		22,623	21,729		21,975	
Total net debt applicable to limit				-	 			
Legal debt margin	\$	22,843	\$	22,623	\$ 21,729	\$	21,975	
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		0%		0%	0%		0%	

Notes: The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed secured tax valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The computations shown above reflect a conversion of the assessed value for each fiscal year from the current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time that the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the state.

The City does not have any outstanding general obligation debt subject to the limit.

Source: City Finance Department

2015	2016		2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 590,079	\$ 607,137	\$	626,121	\$ 646,586	\$ 671,692	\$ 695,389
25%	25%		25%	25%	25%	25%
147,520	151,784		156,530	161,647	147,520	173,847
15%	15%		15%	15%	15%	15%
22,128	22,768		23,480	24,247	22,128	26,077
						-
\$ 22,128	\$ 22,768	\$	23,480	\$ 24,247	\$ 22,128	\$ 26,077
	_		_		_	
0%	0%		0%	0%	0%	0%

City of Fort Bragg, California Direct and Overlapping Debt Current Year

June 30, 2020

2019-20 Assessed Valuation:	\$ 728,683,445			
	Total Debt		C	ity's Share of
OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT:	6/30/2020	% Applicable (1)	De	ebt 6/30/2020
Redwoods Joint Community College District	\$ 25,495,000	3.710%	\$	945,865
Fort Bragg Unified School District	30,470,262	37.918%		11,553,714
Mendocino Coast Hospital District	4,260,651	20.692%		881,614
City of Fort Bragg	-	100%		-
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$	13,381,193
OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT:				
Mendocino County Certificates of Participation	15,940,000	5.969%	\$	951,459
Mendocino County Pension Obligation Bonds	45,095,000	5.969%		2,691,721
TOTAL OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT			\$	3,643,180
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT (Successor Agency):	3,340,000	100.000%		3,340,000
DIRECT DEBT			\$	-
TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$	20,364,373
COMBINED TOTAL DEBT			\$	20,364,373 (2)

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

Ratios to 2019-20 Assessed Valuation:

Direct Debt	0.00%
Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt	1.84%
Combined Total Debt	2.79%
Ratios to Redevelopment Successor Agency Incremental Valuation (\$221,374,875):	
Total Overlapping Tax Increment Debt	1.51%

Source: MuniServices, LLC/ Avenu Insights & Analytics

⁽²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.

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City of Fort Bragg, California Pledged Revenue Coverage For the Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands)

Fiscal	Business-type Activities Water Fund Debt													
Year]	Less:	N	Vet					Total			
Ended	Rev	enues	Op	Operating		Available		Debt S	ervi	ce	Debt			
June 30,	& Tr	ansfers	fers Expenses 1		Rev	Revenue		Principal		terest	Service	Coverage		
2011	\$	2,159	\$	1,632	\$	527	\$	365	\$	245	\$ 610	0.9		
2012		2,044		1,585		459		360		158	518	0.9		
2013		2,420		1,623		797		327		151	478	1.7		
2014		2,172		1,953		219		369		171	540	0.4		
2015		2,595		1,806		789		493		147	640	1.2		
2016		3,085		1,834]	1,251		490		132	622	2.0		
2017		3,534		1,378	2	2,156		505		75	580	3.7		
2018		2,909		1,592]	1,317		390		62	452	2.9		
2019		3,077		1,480	1	1,597		395		53	449	3.6		
2020		3,181		1,275	1	1,905		406		74	480	4.0		

Source: City Finance Department

¹ Operating expenses exclude depreciation

Business-type Activities Sewer Fund Debt

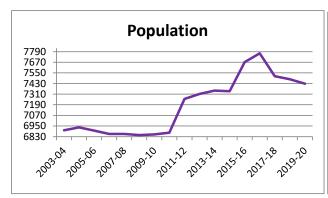
		Less:			Net				T	otal			
Revenues		Operating		Available		Ι	Debt S	ervi	ce	D	ebt		
& T	& Transfers		Expenses ¹		Revenue		cipal	Int	Interest		rvice	Cover	age
\$	3,152	\$	2,078	\$	1,074	\$	40	\$	21	\$	61	1	7.6
	2,943		2,637		306		40		19		59		5.2
	3,263		2,733		530		40		17		57		9.3
	2,985		2,633		352		45		17		62		5.7
	3,184		2,470		714		45		16		61	1	1.7
	3,322		2,568		754		50		12		62	1	2.2
	4,457		2,189		2,268		50		9		59	3	8.4
	3,495		2,270		1,225		55		6		61	2	20.1
	5,938		2,321		3,617		55		13		68	5	3.2
	8,128		1,913		6,215		86		85		171	3	6.3

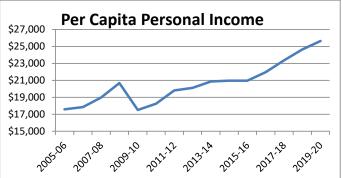
City of Fort Bragg, California

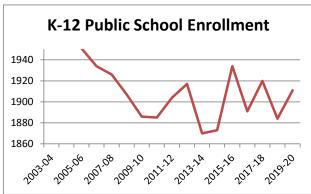
Demographic and Economic Statistics

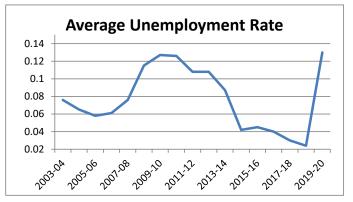
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Personal Income	Per Capita Personal		Public School	City Unemployment Rate (%)
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	(in thousands)	Income (2)	Median Age (3)	Enrollment	(4)
2010-11	6,875	-	18,247	40.9	1,885	12.6%
2011-12	7,255	143,775	19,817	40.5	1,904	10.8%
2012-13	7,311	146,997	20,106	37.4	1,917	10.8%
2013-14	7,350	153,410	20,872	36.8	1,870	8.7%
2014-15	7,343	154,002	20,973	38.2	1,873	4.2%
2015-16	7,672	160,798	20,959	38.5	1,934	4.5%
2016-17	7,772	170,733	21,968	36.6	1,891	4.0%
2017-18	7,512	175,523	23,366	40.0	1,920	3.0%
2018-19	7,478	184,300	24,646	39.2	1,884	2.4%
2019-20	7,427	190,379	25,633	39.8	1,911	13.0%









Source: MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

2010-11 and prior, previously published CAFR Report

Source: The California Department of Finance demographics estimates now incorporate 2010 Census counts as the benchmark

(-) Indicates data unavailable

- 1.) Population Projections are provided by the California Department of Finance Projections.
- 2.) Income Data is provided by the U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 American Community Survey.
- 3.) Public School Enrollment is for the Fort Bragg Unified School District.
- 4.) Unemployment Data are provided by the EDD's Bureau of Labor Statistics Department.

City of Fort Bragg, California Principal Employers

Last Fiscal Year and Seven Years Ago

	201	9-20	201	2-13
		Percent of		Percent of
		Total		Total
	Number of	Employment	Number of	Employment
Business Name	Employees	(%)	Employees	(%)
Mendocino Coast District Hospital	336	11.39%	296	8.78%
Fort Bragg Unified School District*	232	7.86%	268	7.95%
Parents & Friends Inc	163	5.53%		
Safeway	138	4.68%	120	3.56%
Mendocino Coast Clinics Inc	116	3.93%	110	3.26%
North Coast Brewing CO Inc (1)	102	3.46%	106	3.15%
Sherwood Oaks Health Ctr	93	3.15%	100	2.97%
Mendocino County**	88	2.98%	51	1.51%
Anderson Logging Inc	82	2.78%	87	2.58%
Silver At The Wharf (Anchor Lodge)	62	2.10%		
City of Fort Bragg			60	1.78%
Fort Bragg Recreation Center			68	2.02%
Total Top Employers	1,412	47.86%	1,266	37.57%
Total City Employment (2)	2,950		3,370	

Source: MuniServices, LLC / Avenu Insights & Analytics

Source: 2012-13, previously published CAFR

Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses.

2010-11 historical employer data not available.

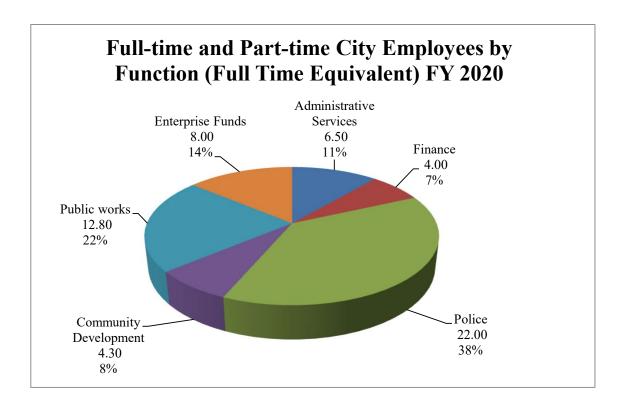
- (1) Includes summer and seasonal employees
- (2) Total City Labor Force provided by EDD Labor Force Data

^{*}Excludes non bargaining on call subs or sports coaches.

^{**}Includes satellite offices of county departments.

City of Fort Bragg, California
Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function (Full-Time Equivalent)
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Fiscal year ended June 30)

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
General Government										
Administrative Services	4.80	4.80	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.50	6.50	7.00	7.00	6.50
Finance	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Public Safety										
Police	21.00	21.00	21.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00	22.00
Community Services										
Community Development	3.80	3.80	3.80	4.30	4.00	4.30	4.50	4.80	4.80	4.30
Public works	12.60	12.60	12.60	13.60	12.60	12.80	12.80	14.00	14.00	12.80
Enterprise Funds	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
Total	53.20	54.20	55.40	57.90	56.60	57.60	57.80	59.80	59.80	57.60



Source: City Finance Department

City of Fort Bragg, California Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Function/Program	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Building Permits Issued	204	210	125	272	192	141	122	162	194	141
New Construction	6	3	27	2	7	6	4	9	12	N/A
Single Family Residential	3	2	0	0	0	2	0	5	4	2
Second Unit	1	1	1	1	1	3	4	4	8	3
Mixed Use, Commercial & Residential	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	4	1
Multi-Family Residential		0	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0
Low Income Residential	2	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0
City Clerk										
Council/Agency Resolutions Passed	93	108	93	87	127	98	122	121	92	98
Number of Ordinances Passed	9	9	2	4	3	5	6	8	9	5
Number of Contracts Approved	13	32	29	31	30	69	74	105	71	69
Number of PRA Requests Processed	28	33	26	35	74	73	79	146	145	175
Public Safety										
Traffic Accidents	112	139	163	174	172	221	160	145	147	221
Traffic Violations - DUI	37	33	62	45	26	28	45	49	40	28
Bookings	621	608	744	689	737	668	619	795	625	668
Moving Cites	514	841	1,001	1,614	949	498	344	428	368	498
Parking Cites	405	374	355	833	484	835	842	941	869	835
Field Interviews and Information Cases			1,450	2,211	1,301	1,217	1,403	1,936	1,289	1,217
Crime Reports	1,274	1,454	1,610	1,576	1,317	1,501	1,496	1,554	1,262	1,501
Fire 1										
Total Number of Calls	(01	(22	500	525	(17	570	((5	(2)	750	570
	601 30	632	500	525	617	579	665	626	752	579
Structure Fires	30 9	27 9	29 9	29 17	21 9	29 3	38	10 5	37	29 3
Vehicle Fires Vegetation Fires	15	29	25	41	40	31	16 33	23	4 40	31
8	13	29	23 17	24						
Misc Fires (Chimney, Debris, Electronically, etc.) Medical Aid	186	209	110	142	17 163	36 150	18 199	81 197	80 248	36 150
Rescue	112	129	110	13	103	22	199	197	246 7	22
Hazardous Condition/Materials Calls	37	46	73	48	41	70	75	58	73	70
Mutual Aid/Agency Assist	37	40	6	3	9	12	18	23	18	12
Traffic Accidents			88	89	98	133	98	115	100	133
Services Call	161	115	128	117	96	91	80	99	126	91
Other Calls & Incidents	81	68	4	2	113	2	74	4	19	2
Water	01		·	-	110	-	, .	•		-
Number of customer accounts billed	33,521	32,523	33,924	32,300	33,716	33,671	33,873	34,146	33,339	33,671
Water annual demand in thousand gallons	2,176	2,312	2,255	2,245	2,044	189,500	197,600	210,200	208,015	1,895
Available supply of water in thousand gallons	2,442	3,066	2,233	2,490	2,398	2,080	21,300	21,300	22,400	20,800
total Customer service calls	1,531	1,448	1,439	1,254	1,177	1,253	1,253	1,193	1,488	1,253
Meter installs/removals/change outs	49	40	2	1,234	1,177	1,233	1,233	24	13	1,233
Meter repairs	3	2	44	1	8	10	34	5	23	10
Leak investigations	15	16	21	3	6	11	34	29	61	11
Service profiles	131	81	93	52	57	65	31	63	61	65
Turn on/off	1,255	1,267	1,248	139	508	669	878	891	1,099	669
Manual Reads	555	565	527	513	453	416	444	126	111	416
Misc.	27	36	33	49	60	75	53	55	68	75
Wastewater	2,	50		.,		,,,			00	, ,
	39	37	52	71	41	52	43	33	36	50
Customer service calls, wastewater New customer sewer lines installed	2	0	2	2	3	1	43	0	2	52 1
Sewer mains cleaned/flushed in miles	19	19	18	14	15.5	15	17.38	16	18	15
Sewer mains and laterals repaired in number of jobs	39	34	0	8	15.5	13	17.38	9	8	13
Sewer manholes inspected	39	373	371	362	363	363	374	374	8 374	363
Sewel mannotes inspected										
Sewer manholes installed	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

¹ The governing agency offer the Fort Bragg Volunteer

Source: Operating indicators were provided by the various operating departments.

 $^{^{2}}$ In some categories historical information is not available

City of Fort Bragg, California Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years (Fiscal year ended June 30)

Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works										
Streets (miles)	26.4	26.4	26.4	26.4	26.4	26.4	26.4	27.2	27.2	26.4
Alleys (miles)	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Storm drains (miles)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Streetlights	725	725	725	725	725	725	725	744	744	725
Sidewalks	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40	40
Water										
Water treatment plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water mains (miles)	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30.5	30.5	30
Raw water transmission line (miles)	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.75	5.85	5.85	5.75
Wastewater										
Wastewater treatment plant	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sanitary sewers (miles)	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27
Parks and Facilities										
Parks	3	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	2	4
Recreational/Guest Facilities	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Government Facilities	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Source: City Finance, Public Works and Planning Departments

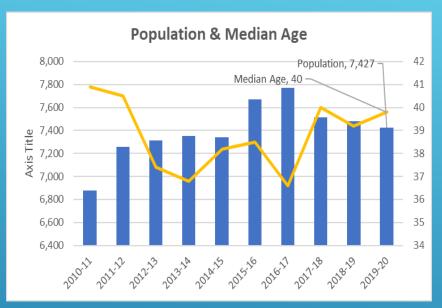
Annual Financial Audit and Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)

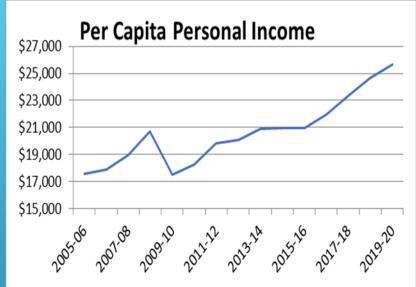
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

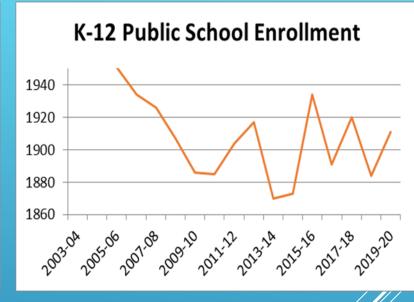
AUDIT RESULTS

- Audit Opinion Financial Statements
 - Unmodified "Clean Audit"
 - Conformed with accounting principles generally accepted in the US (GAAP)
 - ► Conformed with reporting requirements in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)
 - Financial Statements are presented fairly, in all material respects
 - Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects
- **▶ Internal Controls**
 - No material weakness or deficiency

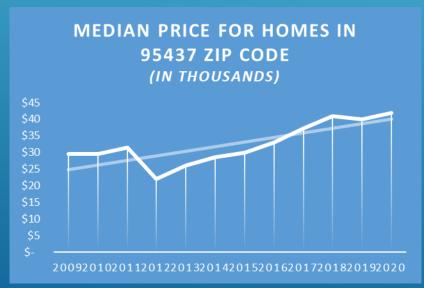
COMMUNITY FINANCIAL PROFILE

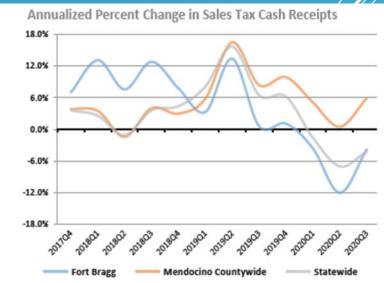






Unemployment Rate					
Dec-19	Apr-20	Dec-20			
3.7%	14.7%	8.1%			
5.4%	17.5%	9.8%			
2.8%	14.4%	7.9%			
11.3%	31.8%	19.1%			
2.7%	11.7%	6.4%			
5.1%	18.1%	10.1%			
2.4%	10.8%	5.8%			
3.7%	16.2%	8.8%			
	Dec-19 3.7% 5.4% 2.8% 11.3% 2.7% 5.1% 2.4%	Dec-19Apr-203.7%14.7%5.4%17.5%2.8%14.4%11.3%31.8%2.7%11.7%5.1%18.1%2.4%10.8%			





COMMUNITY FINANCIAL PROFILE

City of Fort Bragg

Principal Sales Tax Producers
Last Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago

2019-20 2010-11

Taxpayer	Business Type	Taxpayer	Business Type
Aero-Mod	Heavy Industry	Amerigas Propane	Energy Sales
Arco AM/PM Mini Marts	Service Stations	Boatyard Tobacco	Miscellaneous Retail
Boatyard Tobacco	Miscellaneous Retail	Canclini TV & Appliance	Furniture/Appliance
Canclini TV & Appliance	Furniture/Appliance	Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations
Chevron Service Stations	Service Stations	Circle K Service Stations	Service Stations
CVS/Pharmacy	Drug Stores	Coast To Coast Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail
Denny's Restaurants	Restaurants	CVS/Pharmacy	Drug Stores
Dollar Tree Stores	Department Stores	Denny's Restaurant	Restaurants
Geo Aggregates	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Fort Bragg Feed & Pet	Miscellaneous Retail
Harvest Market	Food Markets	Harvest Market	Food Markets
Mcdonald's Restaurants	Restaurants	Kemppe Liquid Gas	Energy Sales
Mendo Mill & Lumber Company	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Mcdonald's Restaurants	Restaurants
Mendocino County Horticulture Supply	Florist/Nursery	Mendo Mill & Lumber Company	Bldg.Matls-Retail
O'Reilly Auto Parts	Auto Parts/Repair	Mendocino Coast Petroleum	Energy Sales
Redwood Coast Fuels	Energy Sales	Mendocino County Hydrogarden	Florist/Nursery
Rino Service Stations	Service Stations	North Coast Brewing	Restaurants
Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores	Rhoads Auto Parts	Auto Parts/Repair
Rossi Building Materials	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Rinehart Distributing	Service Stations
Safeway Stores	Food Markets	Rite Aid Drug Stores	Drug Stores
Sinclair Service Stations	Service Stations	Rossi's Building Materials	Bldg.Matls-Retail
Sport Chrysler-Jeep-Dodge	Auto Sales - New	Safeway Stores	Food Markets
Taco Bell	Restaurants	Sears Hometown Stores	Furniture/Appliance
The Brewery Shop	Restaurants	Speedex Service Station	Service Stations
True Value Hardware	Bldg.Matls-Retail	Sport Chrysler Jeep Dodge	Auto Sales - New
Two Short Sales	Bldg.Matls-Whsle	Walsh Oil Company	Energy Sales

City of Fort Bragg

Principal Employers
Last Fiscal Year and Seven Years Ago

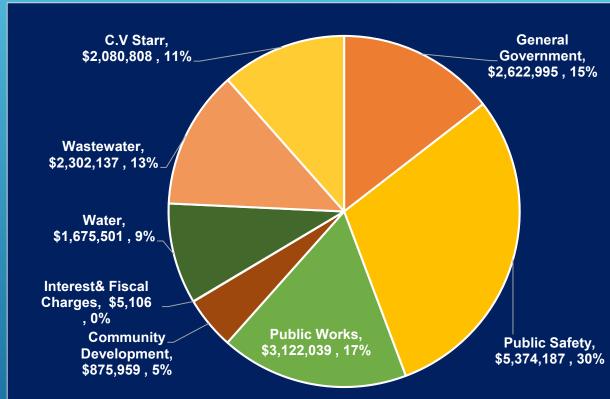
	2019	9-20	201	2-13
		Total		Total
	Number of	Employment	Number of	Employment
Business Name	Employees	(%)	Employees	(%)
Mendocino Coast District Hospital	336	11.39%	296	8.78%
Fort Bragg Unified School District*	232	7.86%	268	7.95%
Parents & Friends Inc	163	5.53%		
Safeway	138	4.68%	120	3.56%
Mendocino Coast Clinics Inc	116	3.93%	110	3.26%
North Coast Brewing CO Inc (1)	102	3.46%	106	3.15%
Sherwood Oaks Health Ctr	93	3.15%	100	2.97%
Mendocino County**	88	2.98%	51	1.51%
Anderson Logging Inc	82	2.78%	87	2.58%
Silver At The Wharf (Anchor Lodge)	62	2.10%		
City of Fort Bragg	58	1.97%	60	1.78%
Fort Bragg Recreation Center			68	2.02%
Total Top Employers	1,470	49.83%	1,266	37.57%

GOVERNMENT WIDE REVENUES & EXPENDITURES

REVENUES: \$25.6 million

Other Revenues, Other taxes, \$632,586,3% \$774,924,3% **Transient** Occupancy Tax, \$2.2M, 9% Charges for Sales & Use Tax, Services, \$10.2M \$3.7M, 14% 40% Property Taxes,_ \$1.4M, 5% Capital Grants. Operating Grants, \$800,090,3%

EXPENDITURES: \$18.2 million



GOVERNMENT WIDE NET POSITION

Total Assets \$119 million

- Cash and Investments: \$15.5M
- Capital Assets: \$94M
- Accounts Receivables: \$6M

Total Liabilities \$25 million

- **▶** Debt obligations: \$8.9M
- **▶** OPEB: \$3.2M
- ▶ Accounts Payable: \$2.2M
- CALPERS Pension Liability: \$9.9M

PENSION UNFUNDED LIABILITY



GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION

► FY 2019/2020: \$93.6 million

City-wide Net Position - 10 Years; (In thousands)



GENERAL FUND REVENUES

General Fund Revenues	Amended Budget FY 19/20	Actuals	Variance
Charges for Services/Reimbursements	\$2,761,556	\$2,541,587	\$(219,969)
Transient Occupancy Tax (TOT)	2,864,535	2,204,151	(660,384)
Sales Tax	1,941,692	1,797,520	(144,172)
Property Tax	1,125,271	1,107,039	(18,232)
Other Taxes	803,340	774,924	(28,416)
Operating Grant Revenue	268,537	167,609	(100,928)
Other Revenues	116,083	236,913	120,830
TOTAL GENERAL FUND REVENUES	\$9,881,014	\$8,829,743	\$(1,051,271)

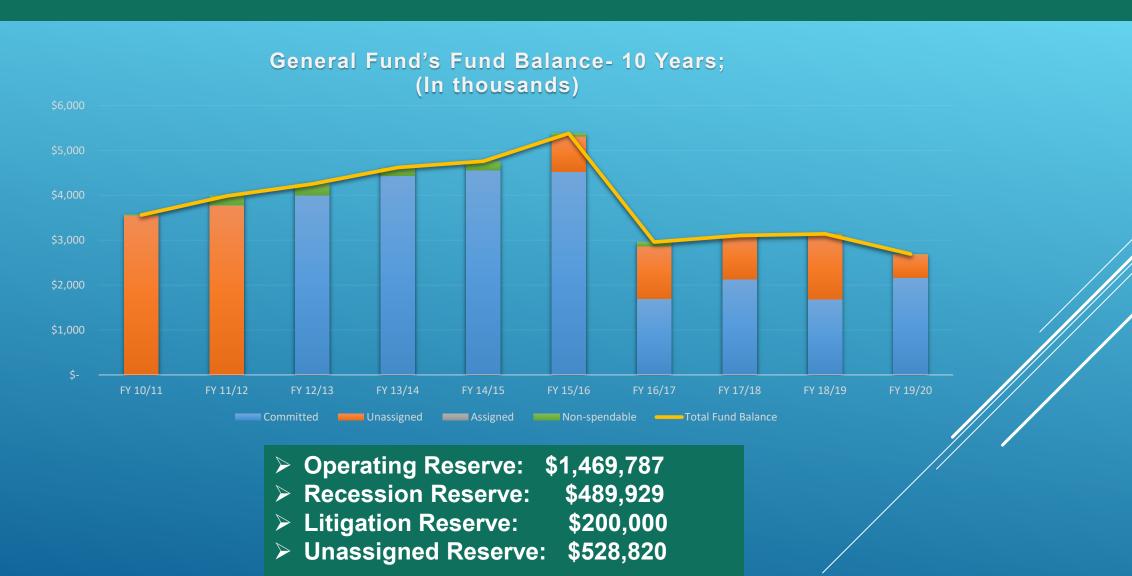
GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

General Fund Expenditures	Amended Budget FY 19/20	Actuals	Variance
Public Safety	\$4,334,947	\$4,341,045	\$225,834
General government	2,040,206	2,080,122	17,984
Public Works	1,871,606	1,549,986	321,620
Community Development	514,900	498,338	62,775
Marketing and Promotions	216,500	185,621	43,354
Cost Allocations	634,887	474,904	159,983
Debt Service	185,533	185,533	-

TOTAL GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES	\$9,798,579	\$9,315,649	\$839,090
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GENERAL FUND'S FUND BALANCE

TOTAL RESERVES



\$2,691,242

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

	WATER	WASTE WATER	CV STARR
Operating Revenues	\$3,180,566	\$3,484,109	\$465,718
Other Revenues	183,928	4,540,819	1,196,182
Operating Expenditures	(1,601,425)	(2,217,531)	(2,080,808)
Net Transfers	(250)	(1,573,033)	-
Change in Net Position	\$1,650,440	\$7,380,430	\$(418,908)
Net Position as of 06/30/20	\$11,686,448	\$22,373,545	\$20,559,808
UNRESTRICTED RESERVES	\$6,220,235	\$1,838,526	\$645,608

ENTERPRISE RESERVES



ON THE HORIZON

• Feb 22nd: Quarter 1 FY20/21 Financial Update

March 4th: FY 20/21 Mid-Year Budget Workshop

March – April: FY 2021/22 Budget Development

May: FY 2021/22 Budget Workshop

COMMUNICATION WITH THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE AND COMMUNICATION OF INTERNAL CONTROL RELATED MATTERS

JUNE 30, 2020

January 29, 2021

City Council City of Fort Bragg Fort Bragg, California

We have audited the financial statements of City of Fort Bragg (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated January 29, 2021. Professional standards require that we advise you of the following matters relating to our audit.

Our Responsibility in Relation to the Financial Statement Audit

As communicated in our engagement letter dated September 9, 2020, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to form and express an opinion(s) about whether the financial statements that have been prepared by management with your oversight are presented fairly, in all material respects, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your respective responsibilities.

Our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit of financial statements includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, as part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the City solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are also responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures for the purpose of identifying other matters to communicate to you.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We conducted our audit consistent with the planned scope and timing we previously communicated to you.

Compliance with All Ethics Requirements Regarding Independence

The engagement team, others in our firm, as appropriate, and our firm has complied with all relevant ethical requirements regarding independence.

Qualitative Aspects of the Entity's Significant Accounting Practices

Significant Accounting Policies

Management has the responsibility to select and use appropriate accounting policies. A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the City is included in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selection of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during 2019-20. No matters have come to our attention that would require us, under professional standards, to inform you about (1) the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions and (2) the effect of significant accounting policies in controversial or emerging areas for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

Significant Accounting Estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's current judgments. Those judgments are normally based on knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments.

The most sensitive accounting estimates affecting the financial statements are useful lives of capital assets ("useful lives").

Management's estimate of the useful lives is based on experience with and observation of capital assets, by category (e.g. infrastructure) as well as industry standards, when applicable (i.e. buildings). We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the useful lives and determined that it is reasonable in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Financial Statement Disclosures

Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the City's financial statements relate to commitments and contingencies.

Significant Difficulties Encountered during the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of the audit.

Uncorrected and Corrected Misstatements

For purposes of this communication, professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely adjustments identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Further, professional standards require us to also communicate the effect of uncorrected adjustments related to prior periods on the relevant classes of transactions, account balances or disclosures, and the financial statements as a whole and each applicable opinion unit. Management has corrected all identified adjustments.

In addition, professional standards require us to communicate to you all material, corrected adjustments that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. None of the adjustments identified by us as a result of our audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole or applicable opinion units

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, which could be significant to the City's financial statements or the auditor's report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.

Representations Requested from Management

We have requested certain written representations from management, which are included in the attached letter dated January 29, 2021.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants regarding auditing and accounting matters.

Other Significant Findings or Issues

In the normal course of our professional association with the City, we generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, operating and regulatory conditions affecting the City, and operational plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed resulted in a condition to our retention as the entity's auditors.

Communication of Internal Control Related Matters

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council and management of the City and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

. Joseph. J. Freh

JOSEPH J ARCH, CPA President/CEO

JJACPA, INC.



Incorporated August 5, 1889 416 N. Franklin St. Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

http://city.fortbragg.com

January 29, 2021

JJACPA, Inc. 7080 Donlon Way, Suite #204 Dublin, CA 94568

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information and the budgetary comparison information of the City of Fort Bragg (City) as of June 30, 2020 and for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions on whether the basic financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows, where applicable, of the various opinion units of the City in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted for governments in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in the light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement.

We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves as of January 29, 2021:

Financial Statements

- We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement dated September 9, 2020, for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the various opinion units referred to above in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
- We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.
- We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- We acknowledge our responsibility for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements.
- We have reviewed, approved, and taken responsibility for the financial statements and related notes.
- We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- We have identified and communicated to you all previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.



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- Significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- Related party relationships and transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in accordance with the requirements of U.S. GAAP.
- All events subsequent to the date of the financial statements and for which U.S. GAAP requires adjustment or disclosure have been adjusted or disclosed.
- All component units, as well as joint ventures with an equity interest, are included and other joint ventures and related organizations are properly disclosed.
- All funds and activities are properly classified.
- All funds that meet the quantitative criteria in GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, GASB Statement No. 37, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments: Omnibus as amended, and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, for presentation as major are identified and presented as such and all other funds that are presented as major are considered important to financial statement users.
- All components of net position, nonspendable fund balance, and restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- Our policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position/fund balance are available is appropriately disclosed and net position/fund balance is properly recognized under the policy.
- All revenues within the statement of activities have been properly classified as program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- All expenses have been properly classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations, if any, have been made on a reasonable basis.
- All interfund and intra-entity transactions and balances have been properly classified and reported.
- Deposit and investment risks have been properly and fully disclosed.
- Capital assets, including infrastructure assets, are properly capitalized, reported, and if applicable, depreciated.
- All required supplementary information is measured and presented within the prescribed guidelines.
- With regard to investments and other instruments reported at fair value:
 - The underlying assumptions are reasonable and they appropriately reflect management's intent and ability to carry out its stated courses of action.
 - The measurement methods and related assumptions used in determining fair value are appropriate in the circumstances and have been consistently applied.
 - The disclosures related to fair values are complete, adequate, and in accordance with U.S. GAAP.
 - There are no subsequent events that require adjustments to the fair value measurements and disclosures included in the financial statements.



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Information Provided

- To the best of our knowledge, we have provided you with:
 - Access to all information, of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements of the various opinion units referred to above, such as records, documentation, meeting minutes,⁷ and other matters;
 - Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit; and
 - Unrestricted access to persons within the entity from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- All transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the entity and involves:
 - Management;
 - Employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
 - Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the entity's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, vendors, regulators, or others.
- We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial statements.
- We have disclosed to you the identity of the entity's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.
- There have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with or deficiencies in accounting, internal control, or financial reporting practices.
- The City has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities.
- We have disclosed to you all guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the City is contingently liable.
- We have disclosed to you all significant estimates and material concentrations known to management that are required to be disclosed in accordance with GASB Statement No. 62 (GASB-62), Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. Significant estimates are estimates at the balance sheet date that could change materially within the next year. Concentrations refer to volumes of business, revenues, available sources of supply, or markets or geographic areas for which events could occur that would significantly disrupt normal finances within the next year.
- We have identified and disclosed to you the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a direct and material effect on financial statement amounts, including legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.



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• There are no:

- Violations or possible violations of laws or regulations, or provisions of contracts or grant agreements
 whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements or as a basis for
 recording a loss contingency, including applicable budget laws and regulations.
- Unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyer has advised are probable of assertion and must be disclosed in accordance with GASB-62.
- Other liabilities or gain or loss contingencies that are required to be accrued or disclosed by GASB-62
- Continuing disclosure consent decree agreements or filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission and we have filed updates on a timely basis in accordance with the agreements (Rule 240, 15c2-12).
- The City has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset or future revenue been pledged as collateral, except as disclosed to you.
- We have complied with all aspects of grant agreements and other contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.

With respect to federal award programs:

- We are responsible for understanding and complying with and have complied with the requirements of the Uniform Guidance.
- We are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
- We believe the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.
- As part of your audit(s), you prepared the draft financial statements and related notes and schedule of expenditures of federal awards. We have designated an individual with suitable skill, knowledge, or experience to oversee your services and have made all management decisions and performed all management functions. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes and schedule of expenditures of federal awards.
- The methods of measurement or presentation have not changed from those used in the prior period.
- We are responsible for including the auditor's report on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards in any document that contains the schedule and that indicates that the auditor has reported on such information.
- We have notified you of federal awards and funding increments that were received before December 26, 2014, and differentiated those awards from awards and funding increments received on or after December 26, 2014, and the Uniform Guidance.
- When the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is not presented with the audited financial statements, management will make the audited financial statements readily available to the intended users of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards no later than the date of issuance by the entity of the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the auditor's report thereon.



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- We have, in accordance the Uniform Guidance, identified in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, expenditures made during the audit period for all awards provided by federal agencies in the form of grants, federal cost-reimbursement contracts, loans, loan guarantees, property (including donated surplus property), cooperative agreements, interest subsidies, food commodities, direct appropriations, and other assistance.
- We have no knowledge of any instances, that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws and regulations that have a material effect on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance, whether communicated by employees, former employees, vendors, regulators, or others.
- We have no knowledge of any instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of noncompliance with provisions of contracts and grant agreements that has a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- We have no knowledge of any instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred of abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- We have taken timely and appropriate steps to remedy fraud, noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, or abuse that you have reported to us.
- We have a process to track the status of audit findings and recommendations.
- We have identified for you all previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.
- We have provided views on your reported audit findings, conclusions, and recommendations, as well as our planned corrective actions, for the report.
- We are responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements related to each of our federal programs and have identified and disclosed to you the requirements of laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that are considered to have a direct and material effect on each major federal program; and we have complied, in all material respects, with these requirements.
- We have provided to you our interpretations of any compliance requirements that have varying interpretations.
- We are responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance requirements applicable to federal programs that provide reasonable assurance that we are managing our federal awards in compliance with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contracts and grant agreements that could have a material effect on our federal programs. Also, no changes [or disclose the changes made] have been made in the internal control system to the date of this letter that might significantly affect internal control, including any corrective action taken with regard to significant deficiencies, including material weaknesses, reported in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.
- We have made available to you all contracts and grant agreements (including amendments, if any) and any other correspondence with federal agencies or pass-through entities relating to federal programs.



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- We have received no requests from a federal agency to audit one or more specific programs as a major program.
- We have identified and disclosed to you all amounts questioned and any known noncompliance with the requirements of federal awards, including the results of other audits or program reviews. We also know of no instances of noncompliance occurring subsequent to the end of the period audited.
- We have charged costs to federal awards in accordance with applicable cost principles, including amounts claimed or used for matching determined in accordance with relevant guidelines in the Uniform Guidance.
- We have made available to you all documentation related to the compliance requirements, including information related to federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements.
- Federal program financial reports and claims for advances and reimbursements are supported by the books and records from which the basic financial statements have been prepared (and are prepared on a basis consistent with the schedule of expenditures of federal awards).
- The copies of federal program financial reports provided to you are true copies of the reports submitted, or electronically transmitted, to the respective federal agency or pass-through entity, as applicable.
- We are responsible for and have accurately prepared the summary schedule of prior audit findings to include all findings required to be included by the Uniform Guidance, and we have provided you with all information on the status of the follow-up on prior audit findings by federal awarding agencies and passthrough entities, including all management decisions.
- We have disclosed to you the findings received and related corrective actions taken for previous audits, attestation
- We are responsible for and have accurately completed the appropriate sections of the Data Collection Form as required by the Uniform Guidance, and we are responsible for preparing and implementing a correction action plan for each audit finding.
- We have disclosed all contracts or other agreements with service organizations and disclosed to you all communications from these service organizations relating to noncompliance at the organizations.
- We have reviewed, approved, and taken responsibility for the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and related notes and an acknowledgment of the auditor's role in the preparation of this information. (This representation is required by footnote 28 to paragraph 3.18 of Government Auditing Standards when the auditor has a role in preparing the trial balance and draft financial statements and related notes.)
- We have reviewed, approved, and taken responsibility for accrual adjustments and an acknowledgment of the auditor's role in the preparation of the adjustments. (This representation is required by footnote 28 to paragraph 3.18 of Government Auditing Standards when the auditor has a role in converting cash-basis financial statements to accrual-based financial statements.)
- We have disclosed to you the nature of any subsequent events that provide additional evidence with respect to conditions that existed at the end of the reporting period that affect noncompliance during the reporting period.



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Tabatha Miller, City Manager

Isaac Whippy, Senior Government Accountant



City of Fort Bragg

416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 20-984

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Business

In Control: City Council File Type: Staff Report

Agenda Number: 8D.

Receive Report and Consider Forming a Public Benefit Corporation, Recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) Under Non-Profit Status, in Order to Meet Fannie-Mae Requirements for Community Land Trust Lending





AGENCY: City Council
MEETING DATE: February 8, 2021
DEPARTMENT: Administration
PRESENTED BY: S McCormick

EMAIL ADDRESS: smccormick@fortbragg.com

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

TITLE:

Receive Report and Consider Forming a Public Benefit Corporation, Recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) Under Non-Profit Status, in Order to Meet Fannie-Mae Requirements for Community Land Trust Lending

ISSUE:

The City's 2019 Housing Element update included several new programs to guide decision makers on actions to take over the next eight years to meet housing needs of our community. One such program is to establish a Community Land Trust (CLT) to serve low income to moderate income households and first time home buyers; the relevant goal, policy and program are provided below:

Goal H-2 Expand affordable housing opportunities for persons with special housing needs such as the elderly, the disabled, households with very low to moderate incomes, and first time home buyers.

Policy H-2.4 <u>Increase Affordable Housing Development</u>: Encourage the construction of housing units which are affordable to households with very low to moderate incomes.

Program H-2.4.4 <u>Consider Community Land Trust</u>: Complete research regarding Community Land Trust and consider working with community partners to establish a Community Land Trust that serves Fort Bragg.

City staff is currently developing a study to better understand how the CLT model might provide affordable housing and homeownership opportunities to the workforce of Fort Bragg. It came to staff's attention that Fannie Mae requires a CLT's 501(c)(3) status to be active for a two-year period before granting eligibility for lending. Staff recommends the City proactively file the necessary paperwork to expedite the process should Council decide to move forward. Should Council opt to not move forward with the CLT model, the entity can be dissolved.

ANALYSIS:

The CLT model is an economic mechanism that provides a tool to set aside homes that will remain affordable in perpetuity; creating permanently affordable housing and homeownership opportunities for very low, low and moderate income households. There are numerous reasons to favor the CLT model, including, but not limited to the following: ability to protect the public investment; ability to recruit and retain workforce through affordable housing opportunities; and to make it possible for first time homebuyers to benefit from fixed

housing expenses, long-term housing security, and equity accumulation, which promote generational wealth.

Section 501(c)(3) of Title 26 of the United States Code is the part of the US Internal Revenue Code that allows for federal tax exemption of nonprofit organizations. The process to secure tax exempt status from the federal government can take several months and preparing the necessary documents requires skill.

Beginning this process now has two benefits: 1) the CLT model appears promising and it will speed up the timeline to make it a reality should Council decide to do so; and 2) Dev Goetschius, Partner, Burlington Associates of Community Development and consultant working with City staff on this project, is prepared to facilitate the process within the budget of an existing contract. Burlington Associates in Community Development, LLC is the premier provider of technical assistance to CLTs in the United States and Goetschius has extensive experience in starting and managing CLTs, including filing necessary paperwork.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Provide direction to staff regarding filing 501(c)(3) paperwork, which would expedite the process of establishing a CLT serving our coastal community.

ALTERNATIVE ACTION(S):

None.

FISCAL IMPACT:

Costs associated with processing paperwork for 510(c)(3) would be included in existing contract budget with Burlington Associates in Community Development, the consulting firm working with the City on this project. The City received state grants to cover this project. The costs for Burlington Associates will be reimbursed by grant funds.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACT:

N/A

CONSISTENCY:

Several goals, policies and programs of the City's Housing Element (2019-2027) support the development of affordable housing and homeownership opportunities. The most relevant are provided below:

Goal H-2 Expand affordable housing opportunities for persons with special housing needs such as the elderly, the disabled, households with very low to moderate incomes, and first time home buyers.

Policy H-2.4 <u>Increase Affordable Housing Development</u>: Encourage the construction of housing units which are affordable to households with very low to moderate incomes.

Program H-2.4.4 Consider Community Land Trust: Complete research regarding Community Land Trust and consider working with community partners to establish a Community Land Trust that serves Fort Bragg.

Policy H-2.9 <u>First Time Home Buyers</u>: Encourage affordable housing for first time home buyers.

IMPLEMENTATION/TIMEFRAMES:

The US Internal Revenue timeframe for processing 501(c)(3) paperwork varies. Staff anticipates six months.

ATTACHMENTS:

None.

NOTIFICATION:

- 1. Fort Bragg Planning Commission
- 2. 4th District Supervisor, Dan Gjerde
- 3. 5th District Supervisor, Ted Williams
- 4. City of Fort Bragg "Notify Me" subscriber list: Affordable Housing

Lemos, June

From: McCormick, Sarah

Sent: Friday, February 5, 2021 8:32 AM

To: Lemos, June

Subject: FW: Feb 8 2021 Agenda Item 8D

For the record.

From: NormaLee Andres [mailto:normalee@mcn.org]

Sent: Thursday, February 4, 2021 4:30 PM

To: Albin-Smith, Tess <Talbinsmith@fortbragg.com>; Peters, Lindy <LPeters2@fortbragg.com>; Morsell-Haye, Jessica

<Jmorsellhaye@fortbragg.com>; Norvell, Bernie <Bnorvell2@fortbragg.com>

Cc: McCormick, Sarah <SMcCormick@fortbragg.com>

Subject: Feb 8 2021 Agenda Item 8D

Dear Fort Bragg City Council members

File 20-984 :Receive Report and Consider Forming a Public Benefit Corporation, Recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) Under Non-Profit Status, in Order to Meet Fannie-Mae Requirements for Community Land Trust Lending

I support the idea of going forward with the application for a Community Land Trust to aid in the development of housing for low income seniors and others.

NormaLee Andres

Fort Bragg, CA

From: noreply@granicusideas.com

o: <u>Lemos, June</u>

Subject: New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Date: Sunday, February 7, 2021 9:53:19 AM

SpeakUp

New eComment for City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Linda Jo Stern submitted a new eComment.

Meeting: City Council - Via Video Conference - AMENDED

Item: 8D. 20-984 Receive Report and Consider Forming a Public Benefit Corporation, Recognized by the Internal Revenue Service as a 501(c)(3) Under Non-Profit Status, in Order to Meet Fannie-Mae Requirements for Community Land Trust Lending

eComment: I strongly support the decision to proceed with the formation of a Community Land Trust for Fort Bragg. Adequate and affordable housing is one, if not THE, crucial community issue here on the coast. The timeline for becoming a 501C3 is long; perhaps there is another already existing non-profit organization who could partner with the city to move the process along. Thank you. Linda Jo Stern

View and Analyze eComments

This email was sent from https://granicusideas.com.

Unsubscribe from future mailings

From: Jenny Shattuck
To: Lemos, June
Subject: Non profit status

Date: Monday, February 8, 2021 8:44:36 PM

I very much support this and please make sure we do not limit the future abilities of a non profit should opportunities arise.

So happy to see this endeavour moving forward.

So good to see Sara's smiling face!

Jenny Shattuck



City of Fort Bragg

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Text File

File Number: 21-037

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Business

In Control: City Council File Type: Resolution

Agenda Number: 8E.

Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Accepting the 2021 Fort Bragg Police Department Salary Survey Results as Required by Ordinance 672 and Adopting

Changes to the City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan





AGENCY: City Council
MEETING DATE: February 8, 2021
DEPARTMENT: City Manager
PRESENTED BY: Tabatha Miller

EMAIL ADDRESS: Tmiller@fortbragg.com

AGENDA ITEM SUMMARY

TITLE:

Receive Report and Consider Adoption of City Council Resolution Accepting the 2021 Fort Bragg Police Department Salary Survey Results as Required by Ordinance 672 and Adopting Changes to the City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan

ISSUE:

Pursuant to the Initiative Ordinance 672 as approved by the voters, the City of Fort Bragg conducts an annual review of the salaries for each classification in the Fort Bragg Police Department and makes salary adjustments, as required by the Ordinance, effective each January 1. The Ordinance requires that the salary for each classification at the Police Department shall not be less than the average of the salaries paid for comparable positions in the Ukiah and Willits police departments, and the Mendocino County Sheriff's Office (MCSO).

The classifications covered by the Ordinance include: Police Chief, Police Captain, Police Sergeant, Police Officer, Police Recruit, Community Service Officer and Police Services Technician.

ANALYSIS:

The annual survey results are set forth in full as Attachment 2. The annual survey results and proposed salary adjustments have been presented to the Fort Bragg Police Association (FBPA) for review and concurrence. For consistency, the salary adjustments for Police Officer and for Police Sergeant have been adjusted slightly from the salary survey results. Historically as an Officer moves from POST Basic to POST Intermediate and to POST Advance status, there is a 5% increase. To keep the 5% increases consistent, it was necessary to apply the same salary increase to each of the Police Officer levels and to each of the Sergeant levels. The table below sets forth the adjustments applied in the attached City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan:

Police Captain	1.61%
Police Officer – Basic POST Certification	4.90%
Police Officer – Intermediate POST Certification	4.90%
Police Officer – Advance POST Certification	4.90%
Police Sergeant – Intermediate POST Certification	4.90%

Police Sergeant – Advance POST Certification	4.90%
Community Services Officer	1.03%
Police Recruit	10.18%

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Adopt a resolution accepting the Fort Bragg Police Department Salary Survey as required by Ordinance 672, the proposed salary changes as set forth in the attached City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan.

ALTERNATIVE ACTION(S):

Do not approve the resolution and provide staff further direction.

FISCAL IMPACT:

The proposed salary adjustments were unknown at the time the Fiscal Year 2020-21 budget was adopted and therefore were not included. The estimated increase to the FY 2020-21 budget is \$34,900, however, currently savings from the open CSO position will cover the increase in budget for FY 2020-21 and therefore, no budget amendment is requested at this time. The estimated annual increase to the Police Department salary and benefits budget is \$69,800. The total Police Department salary and benefit budget for FY 2020-21 is \$2,872,239. To-date actual expenditures (approximately 55% of payroll for the year) total \$1,459,908 or 51% of budget.

In addition to impacting the City's current year budget, Ordinance 672 will most likely continue to substantially increase the City's appropriations request for at least the next few years. Effective 12-21-2020, the City of Willits approved increases of approximately 10% for the Police Officers. The City of Ukiah approved additional increases effective 1-11-2021, that will be accounted for in the January 2022 survey. The Mendocino County Sheriff's office will implement the third year of a contract that included a total 3-year increase in wages of approximately 29%, averaging 9-11% per year.

CONSISTENCY:

The salary survey and the proposed adjustments are consistent with the requirements of Ordinance 672 codified in the Fort Bragg Municipal Code Chapter 2.68 - Establishing Minimum Standards of Compensation, Benefits, and Salaries for Members of the Police Department.

GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS IMPACT:

N/A.

IMPLEMENTATION/TIMEFRAMES:

The Salary adjustment will be effective 1-1-2021.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Proposed Resolution
- 2. Reso Ex A Salary Survey
- 3. Reso Ex B City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan

4. Ordinance 672

NOTIFICATION:
Fort Bragg Police Association (FBPA)

RESOLUTION NO. ____-2021

RESOLUTION OF THE FORT BRAGG CITY COUNCIL ACCEPTING THE FORT BRAGG POLICE DEPARTMENT SALARY SURVEY RESULTS AS REQUIRED BY ORDINANCE 672, ADOPTING CHANGES TO THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG SALARY RATE COMPENSATION PLAN

WHEREAS, the voters adopted Ordinance 672 requiring an annual review of the compensation schedule for employees of the Fort Bragg Police Department; and

WHEREAS, the City has completed the study, reviewed and analyzed the data for salaries of comparable positions in the cities of Willits and Ukiah, and the Mendocino County Sheriff's Office as required by Ordinance 672 and attached hereto as Exhibit B; and

WHEREAS, the salary survey results and proposed salary increases were presented to the Fort Bragg Police Association (FBPA) for review and comment; and

WHEREAS, the FBPA by an affirmative vote of the majority of its members, has approved the salary survey results and the proposed salary increases incorporated and set forth in the attached City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan attached hereto as Exhibit B; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has reviewed the salary survey results (Exhibit B) as required by Ordinance 672; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has reviewed the 2021 City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Police Compensation Plan (Exhibit A), which includes compensation adjustments to the following positions:

Police Captain
Police Officer – Basic POST Certification
Police Officer – Intermediate POST Certification
Police Officer – Advance POST Certification
Police Sergeant – Intermediate POST Certification
Police Sergeant – Advance POST Certification
Community Services Officer
Police Recruit

WHEREAS, based on all the evidence presented, the City Council finds as follows:

- 1. Ordinance 672 has been implemented and the requisite salary study has been prepared as required.
- 2. The data analysis is presented as prescribed by Ordinance 672.

- 3. The Fort Bragg Police Association (FBPA) has reviewed and accepted the results of the annual salary survey by an affirmative vote of a majority of the membership and accepted the proposed salary increases as set forth in Exhibit A.
- 4. The compensation shall be increased for the following positions by the amounts set forth below:

Police Captain	1.61%
Police Officer – Basic POST Certification	4.90%
Police Officer – Intermediate POST Certification	4.90%
Police Officer – Advance POST Certification	4.90%
Police Sergeant – Intermediate POST Certification	4.90%
Police Sergeant – Advance POST Certification	4.90%
Community Services Officer	1.03%
Police Recruit	10.18%

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg does hereby accept the Salary Survey results as required by Ordinance 672, and establishes the changes in the City of Fort Bragg Salary Rate Compensation Plan set forth in Exhibit A.

seconded by Councilmember	tion was introduced by Councilmember, _, and passed and adopted at a regular meeting of gg held on the 8 th day of February, 2021, by the
AYES: NOES: ABSENT: ABSTAIN: RECUSED:	
	BERNIE NORVELL Mayor
ATTEST:	
June Lemos, CMC	

		Oten O			
	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Administrative Assistant - Administra	ation (FBEO)				
Hourly	22.98	24.13	25.34	26.61	27.94
Bi-Weekly	1,838.40				
Monthly	3,983.20				
Annual	47,798.40				
Administrative Assistant - Communi	y Development (FB	EO)			
Hourly	22.98		25.34	26.61	27.94
Bi-Weekly	1,838.40	1,930.40	2,027.20	2,128.80	2,235.20
Monthly	3,983.20	4,182.53	4,392.27	4,612.40	4,842.93
Annual	47,798.40	50,190.40	52,707.20	55,348.80	58,115.20
Assistant Director - Engineering Divi	sion (Mid-Manageme	ent; Non-Barga	ining)		
Hourly	34.01	35.71		39.38	41.35
Bi-Weekly	2,720.80				
Monthly	5,895.07				7,167.33
Annual	70,740.80	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Assistant City Engineer (FBEO)					
Hourly	31.03	32.58	34.21	35.92	37.72
Bi-Weekly	2,482.40	2,606.40	2,736.80	2,873.60	3,017.60
Monthly	5,378.53	5,647.20	5,929.73	6,226.13	6,538.13
Annual	64,542.40		71,156.80	74,713.60	
Assistant Planner (FBEO)					
Hourly	29.56	31.04	32.59	34.22	35.93
Bi-Weekly	2,364.80	2,483.20	2,607.20	2,737.60	
Monthly	5,123.73			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Annual	61,484.80	· ·		The state of the s	
Assistant to the City Manager (Mid-N	 anagement: Non-Ba	rgaining)			
Hourly	34.01	35.71	37.50	39.38	41.35
Bi-Weekly	2,720.80		3,000.00		
Monthly	5,895.07	6,189.73			
Annual	70,740.80				
Associate Planner (FBEO)					
Hourly	30.61	32.14	33.75	35.44	37.21
Bi-Weekly	2,448.80				
Monthly	5,305.73				
Annual	63,668.80	,			
City Clerk (Mid-Management; Non-Ba	argaining)				
Hourly	34.01	35.71	37.50	39.38	41.35
Bi-Weekly	2,720.80				
Monthly	5,895.07				
Annual	70,740.80				
	7 0,7 10.00	. 1,210.00	. 5,555.66	31,010.40	20,000.0

			Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
City Councilmen	nber (Elected)						
Hourly							
Bi-Weekly			138.46				
Monthly			300.00				
Annual			3,600.00	Plus \$100/mo f	or Special Distric	t Meeting	
City Manager (Ex	rocutivo: At Wi	II: Contrac	.+\				
	Reculive, At WI	ii, Contrac	73.37				
Hourly Bi-Weekly			5,869.35				
Monthly			12,716.92				
Annual			152,603.00				
Allitual			132,003.00				
Community Serv	ices Officer (Fl	BPA)					
Hourly			20.80	21.84	22.93	24.08	25.28
Bi-Weekly			1,664.00				
Monthly			3,605.33	3,785.60	3,974.53	4,173.87	4,381.87
Annual			43,264.00	45,427.20	47,694.40	50,086.40	52,582.40
Construction Pro	oject Manager	(Mid-Mana					
Hourly			39.56				
Bi-Weekly			3,164.80	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Monthly			6,857.07	7,200.27	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Annual			82,284.80	86,403.20	90,729.60	95,264.00	100,027.20
0 1 1 5		-	5 11: 11	NA (*****)			
Construction Pro	oject Manager	(i empora			40.00	45.00	40.00
			39.56	41.54	43.62	45.80	48.09
Director - Comm	unity Developr	nent Dena	rtment (Evecutiv	vo: At Will)			
Hourly	diffity Developi	пент Бера	46.46		51.22	53.78	56.47
Bi-Weekly			3,716.80				
Monthly			8,053.07	8,455.20			
Annual			96,636.80				
7 1111001			33,333.33	101,102.10	100,001.00	111,002.10	111,101.00
Director - Financ	e/Administrativ	e Service	s (Executive; At	:-Will)			
Hourly			48.48	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , 	53.45	56.12	58.93
Bi-Weekly			3,878.40	4,072.00	4,276.00	4,489.60	4,714.40
Monthly			8,403.20	8,822.67	9,264.67	9,727.47	10,214.53
Annual			100,838.40				
Director of Publi	c Works (Exec	utive; At W					
Hourly			46.46				
Bi-Weekly			3,716.80	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,	
Monthly			8,053.07	8,455.20			
Annual			96,636.80	101,462.40	106,537.60	111,862.40	117,457.60
Familia	balaka (FDFC)						
Engineering Tec	nnician (FBEO))	00.45	00.50	04.04	20.50	04.00
Hourly			28.15				
Bi-Weekly			2,252.00	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	
Monthly			4,879.33	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Annual			58,552.00	61,484.80	64,563.20	67,787.20	71,177.60

	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
	•		•		
Environmental Compliance Co	oordinator (FBEO)				
Hourly	32.55	34.18	35.89	37.68	
Bi-Weekly	2,604.00	2,734.40	2,871.20	3,014.40	3,164.80
Monthly	5,642.00	5,924.53	6,220.93		
Annual	67,704.00	71,094.40	74,651.20	78,374.40	82,284.80
Finance Technician I (FBEO)					
Hourly	20.72	21.76	22.85		25.19
Bi-Weekly	1,657.60	1,740.80	1,828.00	1,919.20	2,015.20
Monthly	3,591.47	3,771.73	3,960.67	4,158.27	4,366.27
Annual	43,097.60	45,260.80	47,528.00	49,899.20	52,395.20
Finance Technician II (FBEO)					
Hourly	22.84	23.98	25.18		
Bi-Weekly	1,827.20	1,918.40	2,014.40		
Monthly	3,958.93	4,156.53	4,364.53		· ·
Annual	47,507.20	49,878.40	52,374.40	54,995.20	57,740.80
Finance Technician III (FBEO)				
Hourly	25.17	26.43	27.75		
Bi-Weekly	2,013.60	2,114.40	2,220.00		2,448.00
Monthly	4,362.80	4,581.20	4,810.00		
Annual	52,353.60	54,974.40	57,720.00	60,611.20	63,648.00
Government Accountant I (FE	•				
Hourly	27.76		30.61	32.14	
Bi-Weekly	2,220.80	2,332.00			· ·
Monthly	4,811.73	5,052.67	5,305.73		
Annual	57,740.80	60,632.00	63,668.80	66,851.20	70,200.00
Housing and Economic Devel					
Hourly	31.04				
Bi-Weekly Signature 1	2,483.20	2,607.20			
Monthly	5,380.27	5,648.93			6,539.87
Annual	64,563.20	67,787.20	71,177.60	74,734.40	78,478.40
Human Resources Analyst (C	<u>-</u>	· ·			
Hourly	24.93		27.49		
Bi-Weekly	1,994.40				
Monthly	4,321.20		4,764.93		
Annual	51,854.40	54,454.40	57,179.20	60,028.80	63,024.00
Laborer (Part-time, Less than					
Hourly	18.00				

	Oto :: 4	Ston 0	Stor 2	Otom 4	Cton 5
Maintenana Mankan II (FRFO)	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Maintenance Worker II (FBEO)	22.07	23.17	24.33	25.55	26.83
Hourly Bi-Weekly	1,765.60				
Monthly	3,825.47	4,016.13			
Annual	45,905.60				
Maintenance Worker III (FBEO)					
Hourly	23.17	24.33	25.55	26.83	28.17
Bi-Weekly	1,853.60				
Monthly	4,016.13	,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Annual	48,193.60				
Maintenance Worker IV (FBEO)					
Hourly	24.32	25.54	26.82	28.16	29.57
Bi-Weekly	1,945.60	2,043.20	2,145.60	2,252.80	2,365.60
Monthly	4,215.47	4,426.93	4,648.80	4,881.07	5,125.47
Annual	50,585.60	53,123.20	55,785.60	58,572.80	61,505.60
Maintenance Worker Lead (FBEO)					
Hourly	26.75	28.09	29.49	30.96	32.51
Bi-Weekly	2,140.00	2,247.20	2,359.20	2,476.80	2,600.80
Monthly	4,636.67	4,868.93	5,111.60	5,366.40	5,635.07
Annual	55,640.00	58,427.20	61,339.20	64,396.80	67,620.80
Mechanic (FBEO)					
Hourly	24.93				
Bi-Weekly	1,994.40			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Monthly	4,321.20	·			
Annual	51,854.40	54,454.40	57,179.20	60,028.80	63,024.00
Office Assistant (Temporary Position)					
Hourly	15.00				
Operations Supervisor (FBEO)					
Hourly	32.55				
Bi-Weekly	2,604.00				
Monthly	5,642.00				
Annual	67,704.00	71,094.40	74,651.20	78,374.40	82,284.80
Police Captain (Mid-Management; Nor					
Hourly	50.98				
Bi-Weekly	4,078.40				
Monthly Annual	8,836.53 106,038.40				
			, 11	,	,
Police Chief (Executive; At Will)	50.00	04.07	05.07	00.00	74 74
Hourly Di Washin	59.02	61.97			
Bi-Weekly	4,721.60				
Monthly Annual	10,230.13 122,761.60				

				Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Interim Po	lice Chief	Temporary	Executive	; At Will)				
Hourly				59.02	61.97	65.07	68.32	71.74
	geant Inter	mediate PC	ST (FBPA	<i></i>				
Hourly				38.63	40.56	42.59		46.96
Bi-Weekly				3,090.40	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	
Monthly				6,695.87	7,030.40	7,382.27	7,751.47	8,139.73
Annual				80,350.40	84,364.80	88,587.20	93,017.60	97,676.80
Police Ser	geant Adv	ance POST	(FBPA)					
Hourly				40.84	42.88	45.02	47.27	49.63
Bi-Weekly				3,114.12	3,430.40	3,601.60	3,781.60	3,970.40
Monthly				6,747.27	7,432.53	7,803.47	8,193.47	8,602.53
Annual				80,697.18		· · ·	98,321.60	103,230.40
Dolino Sor	goont Adv	ones (Port t	ima laga t	han 20 haura a	week; At Will)			
	geant Auv	ance (Part-t	ime, iess t		•	45.02	47.27	49.63
Hourly				40.84	42.00	45.02	41.21	49.03
Police Off	icer Basic	POST (FBP	A)					
Hourly				30.34	31.86	33.45	35.12	36.88
Bi-Weekly				2,427.20	2,548.80	2,676.00	2,809.60	2,950.40
Monthly				5,258.93	5,522.40	5,798.00	6,087.47	6,392.53
Annual				63,107.20	66,268.80	69,576.00	73,049.60	76,710.40
Police Off	icer Interm	ediate POS	T (FBPA)					
Hourly			- (31.86	33.45	35.12	36.88	38.72
Bi-Weekly				2,548.80				
Monthly				5,522.40	·	,	,	
Annual				66,268.80		73,049.60		
Police Off	icer Advan	ce POST (F	RPA)					
Hourly	CCI Advair	1) 100 1 55	DI A)	33.42	35.09	36.84	38.68	40.61
Bi-Weekly				2,673.60				
Monthly				5,792.80	,	,		
Annual				69,513.60				, ,
Dalla D								
	ruit (1040	hours; FBF	'A)					
Hourly				24.56				

		Stop 1	Stop 2	Stop 2	Stop 4	Stop E
Dolico Sor	vices Technician (FBPA)	Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
Hourly	vices reclinician (i BFA)	20.40	21.42	22.49	23.61	24.79
Bi-Weekly		1,632.00	1,713.60			
Monthly		3,536.00	3,712.80		,	,
Annual		42,432.00	44,553.60			
		,	,		,	0 1,000
	vices Transporter: (Part-Ti	-	x Annual Hour	s; Non-Bargaini	ng)	
Hourly		16.00				
Public Wo	rks Administrative Analyst	(FBFO)				
Hourly	ING Administrative Analyse	23.66	24.84	26.08	27.38	28.75
Bi -Weekly		1,892.80	1,987.20			
Monthly		4,101.07	4,305.60	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
Annual		49,212.80	51,667.20	,		
				,	,	,
	Laborer (1000 Maximum A		argaining)			
Hourly		14.00				
Soconali	Parking Enforcement Atte	ndant (Part Time, 10	OO May Appual	Hours: Non Bar	rasinina)	
Hourly	Parking Emorcement Atte	16.00	UU WAX AIIIUAI	Hours, Non-Dar	gaiiiiig)	
Tiourly		10.00				
Senior Go	vernment Accountant (Mid	-Management; Non-	Bargaining)			
Hourly		34.01	35.71	37.50	39.38	41.35
Bi-Weekly		2,720.80	2,856.80	3,000.00	3,150.40	3,308.00
Monthly		5,895.07	6,189.73	6,500.00	6,825.87	7,167.33
Annual		70,740.80	74,276.80	78,000.00	81,910.40	86,008.00
	nner (Mid-Management; No	<u> </u>				
Hourly		34.01	35.71	37.50		
Bi-Weekly		2,720.80	2,856.80	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·
Monthly		5,895.07	6,189.73			7,167.33
Annual		70,740.80	74,276.80	78,000.00	81,910.40	86,008.00
Snecial Pr	ojects Assistant (80%, Part	-Time: Non-Bargain	ing)			
Hourly	00 70, 1 an	23.84	25.03	26.28	27.59	28.97
Bi-Weekly		1,525.76				
Monthly		3,305.81	3,470.83			
Annual		39,669.76		· ·		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	Analyst - Lead (Confidentia	, 				
Hourly		31.04				
Bi-Weekly		2,483.20				
Monthly		5,380.27	5,648.93			
Annual		64,563.20	67,787.20	71,177.60	74,734.40	78,478.40
Systems A	Analyst (Confidential; Non-	Bargaining)				
Hourly		27.76	29.15	30.61	32.14	33.75
Bi-Weekly		2,220.80	2,332.00			
Monthly		4,811.73	5,052.67			
Annual		57,740.80	60,632.00	· ·		

		Step 1	Step 2	Step 3	Step 4	Step 5
		Olop i	otop 2	Ctop C	Ctop 4	Gtop G
Systems Techr	nician (FBEO)					
Hourly		21.29	22.35	23.47	24.64	25.87
Bi-Weekly		1,703.20	1,788.00	1,877.60	1,971.20	2,069.60
Monthly		3,690.27	3,874.00	4,068.13	4,270.93	4,484.13
Annual		44,283.20	46,488.00	48,817.60	51,251.20	53,809.60
Treatment Plar	nt Operator-in-Training (F	FBEO)				
Hourly		18.92	19.87	20.86	21.90	23.00
Bi-Weekly		1,513.60	1,589.60	1,668.80	1,752.00	1,840.00
Monthly		3,279.47	3,444.13	3,615.73	3,796.00	3,986.67
Annual		39,353.60	41,329.60	43,388.80	45,552.00	47,840.00
Treatment Plan	nt Operator I (FBEO)					
Hourly	,	23.49	24.66	25.89	27.18	28.54
Bi-Weekly		1,879.20	1,972.80			
Monthly		4,071.60	4,274.40			
Annual		48,859.20	51,292.80	53,851.20		
Treatment Plar	nt Operator II (FBEO)					
Hourly	,	24.67	25.90	27.20	28.56	29.99
Biweekly		1,973.60	2,072.00			
Monthly		4,276.13	4,489.33			
Annual		51,313.60	53,872.00			
Treatment Plan	nt Operator - Wastewater	Lead (FRFO)				
Hourly	Trustewater	28.37	29.79	31.28	32.84	34.48
Biweekly		2,269.60	2,383.20	2,502.40		
Monthly		4,917.47	5,163.60	,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Annual		59,009.60	61,963.20	65,062.40		,
Treatment Plan	nt Operator - Water, Colle	ection and Distrib	Ition I ead (FR	FO)		
Hourly	it operator Trator, cont	29.79	31.28		34.48	36.20
Biweekly		2,383.20	2,502.40			
Monthly		5,163.60	5,421.87		,	
Annual		61,963.20	65,062.40			

			Minimum	MidPoint	Maximum	COMMENTS
			UNREPRES	SENTED		
Police Chief						
Mendocino County			NO COMP	ARABLE CLAS	SIFICATION	
Ukiah - Police Chief		3570	\$ 12,206.60	\$ 13,457.78	\$ 14,837.20	5-Step Salary Schedule
Willits - Police Chief		88E*	\$ 9,285.58	\$ 9,285.58	\$ 9,285.58	By Contract
AVERAGE			\$ 10,746.09	\$ 11,371.68	\$ 12,061.39	
Current Fort Bragg			\$ 10,230.13	\$ 11,278.80	\$ 12,434.92	
Percent Difference bety	-4.80%	-0.82%	3.10%			

	UNREPRESENTED										
Police Captain											
Mendocino County -	Sheriff Captain	7050	\$	9,269.87	\$ 10	,219.73	\$	11,268.40	5-Step Salary Schedule		
Ukiah - Police Captai	in	3079	\$	10,037.45	\$ 11	,066.29	\$	12,200.58	5-Step Salary Schedule		
Willits - Police Lieutenant		84B	\$	6,536.82	\$ 7	,648.40	\$	8,759.97	New Salary Schedule - 12-21-20 Effective Date		
AVERAGE			\$	8,614.71	\$ 9	,644.81	\$	10,742.98	`		
Current Fort Bragg			\$	8,696.13	\$ 9	,587.07	\$	10,569.87	As of 11/23/2020 salary schedule.		
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg				0.95%		-0.60%		-1.61%			

	FBPA REPRESENTED (SWORN & NON-SWORN)										
Police Sergeant - Bas	sic POST Certification										
Mendocino County - Sheriff's Sergeant		#7131		\$	6,571.07	\$	7,245.33	\$	7,987.20	5-Step Salary Schedule	
Ukiah - Sergeant					NO COMP	AR.	ABLE CLAS	SIFI	CATION		
Willits - Police Sergeant					NO COMP	'AR	ABLE CLAS	SIFI	CATION		
AVERAGE			\$	6,571.07	\$	7,245.33	\$	7,987.20			
Current Fort Bragg			\$	6,052.85	\$	6,673.33	\$	7,358.00	As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.		
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg				-7.89%		-7.89%		-7.88%			

Police Sergeant - Intermediate POST Certification							
Mendocino County - Sheriff's Sergeant 5%	#7132		\$	6,900.40	\$ 7,607.60	\$ 8,385.87	5-Step Salary Schedule
Ukiah - Sergeant	3077		\$	6,890.82	\$ 7,787.06	\$ 8,794.63	6-Step Salary Schedule, starts with Step 0.
Willits - Police Sergeant	#77D		\$	5,516.06	\$ 6,454.05	\$ 7,392.04	New Salary Schedule - 12-21-20 Effective Date
AVERAGE			\$	6,435.76	\$ 7,282.90	\$ 8,190.85	
Current Fort Bragg			\$	6,384.57	\$ 7,039.07	\$ 7,760.13	As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.
Difference between Average and Fort Bragg				-0.80%	-3.35%	-5.26%	

Police Sergeant - Advanced POST Certification									
Mendocino County - Sheriff's Sergeant 10% #7133				7,228.00	\$	7,969.87	\$	8,786.27	5-Step Salary Schedule
Ukiah - Sergeant 3177				7,235.38	\$	8,176.44	\$	9,234.38	6-Step Salary Schedule, starts with Step 0.
Willits - Police Sergeant #79D				5,806.84	\$	6,788.70	\$	7,770.56	New Salary Schedule - 12-21-20 Effective Date
AVERAGE			\$	6,756.74	\$	7,645.00	\$	8,597.07	
Current Fort Bragg			\$	6,747.27	\$	7,437.73	\$	8,200.40	As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg		-0.14%		-2.71%		-4.61%			
Police Officer - Basic POST Certification									
Mendocino County - Deputy Sheriff/Coroner II	#7113		\$	5,416.67	\$	5,971.33	\$	6,583.20	5-Step Salary Schedule
Ukiah - <i>Officer</i>	3073		\$	5,404.17	\$	6,107.06	\$	6,897.25	6-Step Salary Schedule, starts with Step 0.
Willits - Police Officer I	#67A		\$	4,265.18	\$	4,990.47	\$	5,715.75	New Salary Schedule - 12-21-20 Effective Date
AVERAGE			\$	5,028.67	\$	5,689.62	\$	6,398.73	
Current Fort Bragg	\$	5,012.38	\$	5,525.87	\$	6,090.93	As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.		
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg		-0.32%		-2.88%		-4.81%			
Police Officer - Intermediate POST Certification									
Mendocino County - Deputy Sheriff/Coroner II 5%	#7125		\$	5,687.07	\$	6,269.47	\$	6,912.53	5-Step Salary Schedule
Ukiah - Officer (IPC)	3173		\$	5,674.37	\$	6,412.39	\$	7,242.09	6-Step Salary Schedule, starts with Step 0.
Willits - Police Officer II	#69A		\$	4,483.58	\$	5,246.01	\$	6,008.43	Midpoint is step 4. MOU Article 9.1.B & Article 9.1.C. Based
								·	on this #69A is rate schedule to use.
AVERAGE		<u> </u>		5,281.67	_	5,975.96		6,721.02	
Current Fort Bragg			\$	5,264.73	_	5,803.20		6,397.73	As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg		-0.32%		-2.89%		-4.81%			
- u - am - u - am - u - am - u									
Police Officer - Advanced POST Certification									
Mendocino County	//= 4 C =		_	5.050.00	_	0.500.00	_	7.044.67	5.01.01.11
Deputy Sheriff/Coroner II 10%	#7127		_	5,959.20	\$	6,569.33		7,241.87	5-Step Salary Schedule
Ukiah - Officer (APC)	3273		\$	5,958.11	_	6,733.04		7,604.23	6-Step Salary Schedule, starts with Step 0.
Willits - Police Officer III	#71A		\$	4,713.17	_	5,514.63		6,316.09	New Salary Schedule - 12-21-20 Effective Date
AVERAGE		L	\$		_	6,272.33		7,054.06	10/00/000
Current Fort Bragg			\$	5,522.57		6,087.47		6,711.47	As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg		-0.38%		-2.95%		-4.86%			

Willits

AVERAGE

Police Re	<u>cruit</u>									
Mendoc	ino County -	Deputy Sheriff Coroner-Intrain	#7167		\$ 3,686.80					5-Step Salary Schedule
Ukiah	(Officer: in	Academy for Basic POST)	3073		\$ 5,404.17					6-Step Salary Schedule, starts with Step 0.
Willits	(Police Re	cruit)	NA		\$ 3,813.33					New Salary Schedule - 12-21-20 Effective Date
VERAGI	E				\$ 4,301.43					
Current Fort Bragg					\$ 3,863.60					Only one step. As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg					-10.18%					
							<u> </u>			
ommun	ity Services	Officer					57A e			
Mendoci	no County	Community Srv Officer	#7065		\$ 2,920.67	\$	3,218.80	\$	3,548.14	5-Step Salary Schedule
Ukiah	Community	y Services Officer	3056		\$ 3,871.84	\$	4,268.70	\$	4,706.25	5-Step Salary Schedule
Willits	Community	y Srs Officer/Corrections II	#60I		\$ 3,653.47	\$	4,274.74	\$	4,896.00	New Salary Schedule - 12-21-20 Effective Date
VERAGI	E				\$ 3,481.99	\$	3,920.75	\$	4,383.46	
Current Fort Bragg					\$ 3,568.93	\$	3,934.67	\$	4,338.53	As of 9/28/2020 salary schedule.
Percent Difference between Average and Fort Bragg					2.50%		0.36%		-1.03%	
					•				•	
Police Se	rvices Tech	nician_								
				1		Φ.	0.070.00	Φ	0.000.07	50, 01, 01, 11
Mendoci	no County	Sheriffs Services Tech	#7047		\$ 2,788.94	\$	3,073.20	Ъ	3,388.67	5-Step Salary Schedule

\$ 3,141.76 \$ 3,462.99 \$

NO COMPARABLE CLASSIFICATION

3,818.18

Position was not listed in the their POA MOU

ORDINANCE NO. 672

"AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING MINIMUM STANDARDS OF COMPENSATION,
BENEFITS AND SALARIES FOR MEMBERS OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT OF
THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG. The People of the City of Fort Bragg,
County of Mendocino, State of California, DO ORDAIN AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Purpose.

The public health, safety, and welfare of the residents of said City of Fort Bragg demand competent, qualified, trained, and experienced police officers and employees of its Police Department. This goal can only be reached and maintained in the future by maintaining compensation, salaries, and benefits competitive with other law enforcement agencies within the County of Mendocino of the State of California.

Section 2. Salary.

Beginning the first day of the month following the effective date of this ordinance, and the first day of January of each succeeding January thereafter, the City council of said City of Fort Bragg shall determine the then existing monthly salaries of each classification of like or comparable grades or ranks (including experience, education, and training) of the Police Departments of the City of Willits and the City of Ukiah of said County of Mendocino, State of California, and of the Sheriff's Department of said County of Mendocino of the State of The average of the salaries for each of the comparable grades or ranks (including experience, education, and training) of the members of the Police Department of the said City of Willits, the Police Department of the said City of Ukiah, and the Sheriff's Department of the said County of Mendocino shall be the minimum salaries payable by the said City of Fort Bragg to the members and employees of its Police Department of the same or comparable grades or ranks (including experience, education and training) as so adjusted on the first day of the month following the effective date of this ordinance, and the first day of January of each succeeding January thereafter.

<u>Section 3.</u> <u>Benefits and Additional Compensation.</u>

Except as provided in immediately preceding Section 2 hereof, all other benefits and additional compensation provided or payable by said City of Fort Bragg to or for the members and employees of its Police Department shall be no less than those set forth in Resolution 1296-85 ("A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg Adopting the Compensation Plan

for Fort Bragg Police Employees") as passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg on January 14, 1985.

The foregoing ordinance shall be considered as adopted on the date the vote of a majority of the voters on the ordinance in its favor is declared by the City Council of said City of Fort Bragg and shall go into effect 10 days after that date."

ORDINANCE NO. 672

"AN ORDINANCE ESTABLISHING MINIMUM STANDARDS OF COMPENSATION,
BENEFITS AND SALARIES FOR MEMBERS OF THE POLICE DEPARTMENT OF
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Beginning the first day of the month following the effective date of this ordinance, and the first day of January of each suceeding January thereafter, the City council of said City of Fort Bragg shall determine the then existing monthly salaries of each classification of like or comparable grades or ranks (including experience, education, and training) of the Police Departments of the City of Willits and the City of Ukiah of said County of Mendocino, State of California, and of the Sheriff's Department of said County of Mendocino of the State of California. The average of the salaries for each of the comparable grades or ranks (including experience, education, and training) of the members of the Police Department of the said City of Willits, the Police Department of the said City of Ukiah, and the Sheriff's Department of the said County of Mendocino shall be the minimum salaries payable by the said City of Fort Bragg to the members and employees of its Police Department of the same or comparable grades or ranks (including experience, education and training) as so adjusted on the first day of the month following the effective date of this ordinance, and the first day of January of each succeeding January thereafter.

Section 3. Benefits and Additional Compensation.

Except as provided in immediately preceeding Section 2 hereof, all other benefits and additional compensation provided or payable by said City of Fort Bragg to or for the members and employees of its Police Department shall be no less than those set forth in Resolution 1296-85 ("A Resolution of the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg Adopting the Compensation Plan



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RESOLUTION 1474-86

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF FORT BRAGG DECLARING THE RESULTS OF THE NOVEMBER 4, 1986 CONSOLIDATED SPECIAL ELECTION

WHEREAS, Section 17111 of the California Elections Code requires a declaration of the results of a local election; and

WHEREAS, the Mendocino County Clerk-Recorder has officially certified, in accordance with Section 17088 of the Elections Code, the results of the Consolidated Special Election held on November 4, 1986.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED that the City Council of the City of Fort Bragg hereby declares the results of the November 4, 1986 Consolidated Special Election to be as stated in the Certificate of the Mendocino County Clerk-Recorder dated December 1, 1986, which is attached hereto and made a part hereof as Exhibit "A".

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City Council declares that the following ordinance was adopted by a vote of 768 "YES" and 753 "NO":

Initiative Ordinance; An Ordinance Establishing Minimum Standards of Compensation, Benefits and Salaries for Members of the Police Department of the City of Fort Bragg. (Exhibit "B; Ordinance 672).

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that pursuant to the Judgement for Petitioner dated May 13, 1986, in the matter of Robert H. Heeb vs: City of Fort Bragg, the above referenced ordinance shall be considered as adopted and shall go into effect 10 days after the date of the adoption of this Resolution.

The above and foregoing Resolution was introduced by Councilman Lang , was seconded by Councilman Huber , as passed and adopted at a regular meeting of the Council of the City of Fort Bragg held on the 8th day of December, 1986, by the following vote:

AYES: Meskis, Huber, Lang, Thurman, Schade.

NOES: None.

ABSENT: None.

ANDRE L. SCHADE,

Mayor

ATTEST:

s/ DeeLynn R. Carpenter
DeeLynn R. Carpenter, City Clerk

NOTE:

Exhibit "A" as referenced above is available for review or copying during normal office hours in the Office of the City Clerk, City Hall, 416 North Franklin Street, Fort Bragg, California 95437.

PUBLISH: December 24, 1986.



City of Fort Bragg

416 N Franklin Street Fort Bragg, CA 95437 Phone: (707) 961-2823 Fax: (707) 961-2802

Text File

File Number: 21-040

Agenda Date: 2/8/2021 Version: 1 Status: Closed Session

In Control: City Council File Type: Staff Report

Agenda Number: 9A.

CONFERENCE WITH REAL PROPERTY NEGOTIATORS FOR POSSIBLE ACQUISITION OF REAL PROPERTY, Pursuant to Government Code Section §54956.8: Real Property: APN 018-430-22-00, 90 W. Redwood Ave., Fort Bragg, CA 95437; City Negotiator: Tabatha Miller, City Manager; Negotiating Party: Dave Massengill, Environmental Affairs, Georgia Pacific

Corporation; Under Negotiation: Terms of Acquisition, Price