

# City of Fort Bragg Water Supply Model Development, Functionality and Model Results

Diane O'Connor, Engineering Technician Public Works Department

#### Water Model History

The water model was first built in early 2014, by Bonnie Lampley of Lawrence and Associates, located in Shasta Lake, CA. Numerous iterations occurred with Terry Jo Barber, Sergio Fuentes, and myself. A Special City Council Water Workshop was held on January 5, 2016, where Sergio gave a brief demo of the Water Model, as it was at that time.

I worked with Bonnie from August 2017 to September of 2018, when I took over the functionality myself. I am confident that we are as close to the "real world" as we can get, with the information we have.

#### Historic data as input to model

DAY	DAILY F	PRECIP	DAIL	Y EVAP	NOYO	SIMPSON/ WATERFALL	
Period for model is water years 1974 - 2013; this period encompasses most recent drought periods	From Fort Br 5N, U.S. CI		to evap monthly da to daily by monthly va	ET of North ns, converted (ET/1.25); Ita converted of dividing the alue by the # //month		t. from 2008-20 daily from City's	
	INCHES	FEET	INCHES	FEET	GPM	GPM	GPM
10/1/1973	0.00	0.000	0.004	0.0004	298	315	141
10/2/1973	0.02	0.002	0.004	0.0004	298	315	141
10/3/1973	0.00	0.000	0.004	0.0004	298	141	

#### "Raw" tide data from CeNCOOS (Central & Northern California Ocean Observatory System)

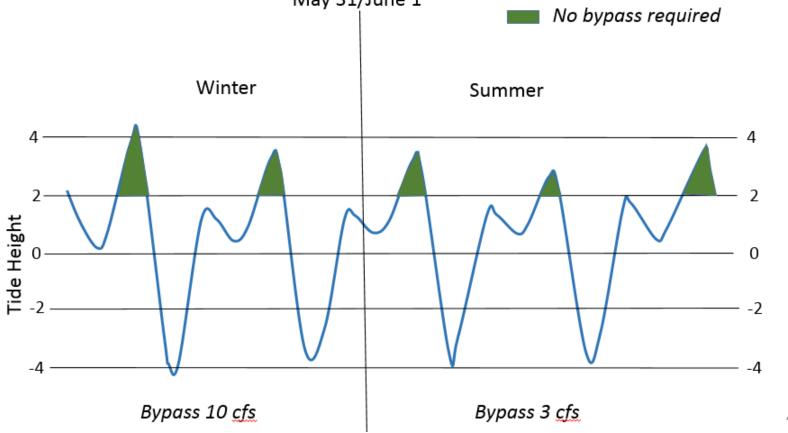
RAW DATA FROM Ce	NCOOS																				
10/01/1973 Mon	03:45AM	PDT 4	.2 H	10/0	1/1973	Mon	08:1	SAM PDT	2.9 L	10/01/	1973 M	on!	02:28PM	PDT 5	.4 H	10/0	1/1973	Mon	09:39	PM PDT	0.4 I
10/02/1973 Tue	04:53AM	PDT 4	.0 H	10/0	2/1973	Tue	09:0	3AM PDT	3.1 L	10/02/	L973 I	ľue	03:14PM	PDT 5	.1 H	10/0	2/1973	Tue	10:39	PM PDT	0.6 I
10/03/1973 Wed	06:09AM	PDT 3	.9 H	10/0	3/1973	Wed	10:0	BAM PDT	3.3 L	10/03/	1973 W	led	04:13PM	PDT 4	.9 Н	10/0	3/1973	Wed	11:43	PM PDT	0.8 I
10/04/1973 Thu	07:19AM	PDT 4	.0 H	10/0	4/1973	Thu	11:3	1AM PDT	3.3 L	10/04/	L973 I	ľhu	05:24PM	PDT 4	.7 H						
10/05/1973 Thu	12:45AM	PDT 0	.8 L	10/0	5/1973	Fri	08:0	PAM PD1	4.2 H	10/05/	1973 E	Fri	12:51AM	PDT 3	.1 L	10/0	5/1973	Fri	06:38	PM PDT	4.7 F
10/06/1973 Sat	01:38AM	PDT 0	.8 L	10/0	6/1973	Sat	08:4	6AM PDI	4.4 H	10/06/	L973 S	Sat	01:53PM	PDT 2	.7 L	10/0	6/1973	Sat	07:44	PM PDT	4.7 H
10/07/1973 Sun	02:23AM	PDT 0	.8 L	10/0	7/1973	Sun	09:1	6AM PDT	4.7 H	10/07/	1973 8	Sun	02:42PM	PDT 2	.3 L	10/0	7/1973	Sun	08:41	PM PDT	4.9 F

10/01/1973 Mon 03:45AM PDT 4.2 H 10/01/1973 Mon 08:15AM PDT 2.9 L 10/01/1973 Mon 02:28PM PDT 5.4 H 10/01/1973 Mon 09:39PM PDT 0.4 L

#### Noyo Diversion Order 1998 Amendment

"For the protection of fish and fish habitat, whenever the tide elevation at the mouth of the Noyo River is equal to or less than +2.0', Permittee shall maintain in the streambed immediately below the point of diversion a minimum flow of 10 cfs or the natural flow of the stream, whichever is less, for the period of October 1 through May 31, and 3 cfs or the natural flow of the stream, whichever is less, for the period June 1 through September 30.

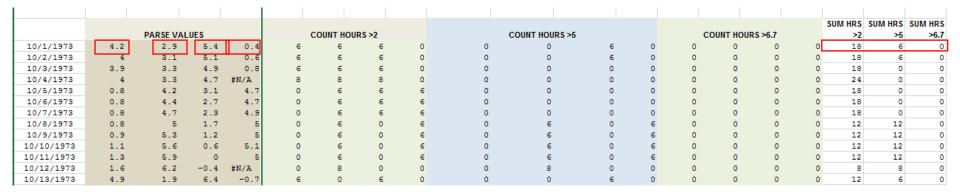
May 31/June 1



### "Raw" tide data from CeNCOOS (Central & Northern California Ocean Observatory System)

10/01/1973 Mon 03:45AM PDT 4.2 H 10/01/1973 Mon 08:15AM PDT 2.9 L 10/01/1973 Mon 02:28PM PDT 5.4 H 10/01/1973 Mon 09:39PM PDT 0.4 L

This part of the model "counts" the hours (rounded to increments of 6 or 8, for 4 or 3 tides/day, respectively) that the tide is above 2', 5', and 6.7' (King Tide)





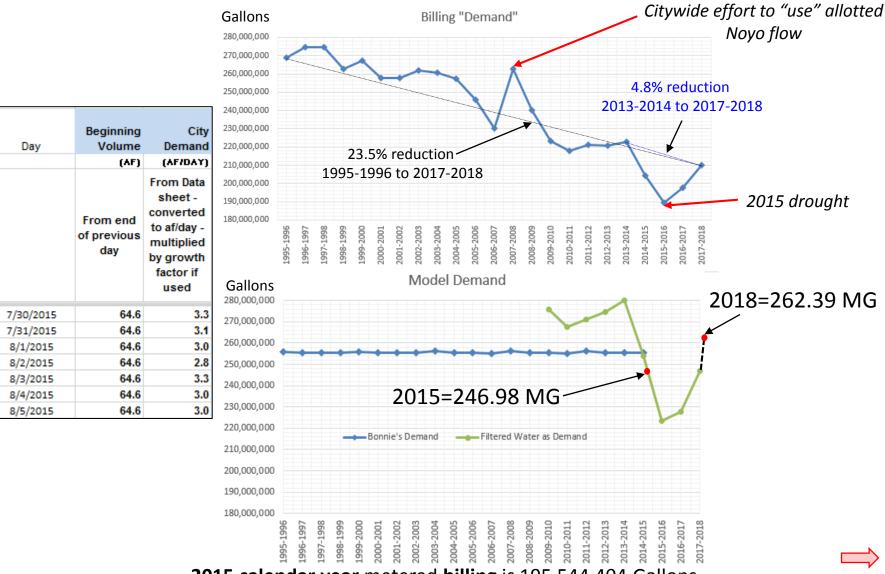
## % of "constrained" flow available for use (User\_Input) In this case 75% of the flow

#### "Constrained" source volumes

Day	REVISED NEWMAN	REVISED WATERFALL	REVISED NOYO
	AF/DAY	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)
	NOT TO EXCEED FLOW OF 0.99 AF/DAY	From Data sheet, converted to af/day - reduced by chosen %, less	From Data sheet Diane Calc (Max 5.95 AF)
		amount to remain	
10/1/1973	0.990		4.46
10/1/1973	0.990 0.990	remain	4.46 4.46
		remain 0.47	
10/2/1973	0.990	remain 0.47 0.47	4.46
10/2/1973 10/3/1973	0.990 0.990	remain 0.47 0.47 0.47	4.46 4.46
10/2/1973 10/3/1973 10/4/1973	0.990 0.990 0.990	remain 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.47	4.46 4.46 5.95
10/2/1973 10/3/1973 10/4/1973 10/5/1973 10/6/1973 10/7/1973	0.990 0.990 0.990 0.990	remain 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.47	4.46 4.46 5.95 4.46
10/2/1973 10/3/1973 10/4/1973 10/5/1973 10/6/1973 10/7/1973 10/8/1973	0.990 0.990 0.990 0.990 0.990	remain 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.47	4.46 4.46 5.95 4.46 5.95
10/2/1973 10/3/1973 10/4/1973 10/5/1973 10/6/1973 10/7/1973	0.990 0.990 0.990 0.990 0.990	remain 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.47 0.47	4.46 4.46 5.95 4.46 5.95 5.95

WATERFALL RESTRICTED	
NOT TO EXCEED 1.325 AF/DAY	constrained by user amount
(299.82 GPM)	
(299.82 GPM) AF	AF
AF	AF
AF 0.62	AF 0.47

#### **Historic Demand Trends**



2015 calendar year metered billing is 195,544,404 Gallons
2015 calendar year metered filtered is 246,979,900 Gallons
2017-2018 Fiscal year metered filtered is 246,742,000 Gallons
2018 calendar year metered filtered is 262,390,000 Gallons

#### User Interface (User\_Input Tab)

0.9 acre-feet

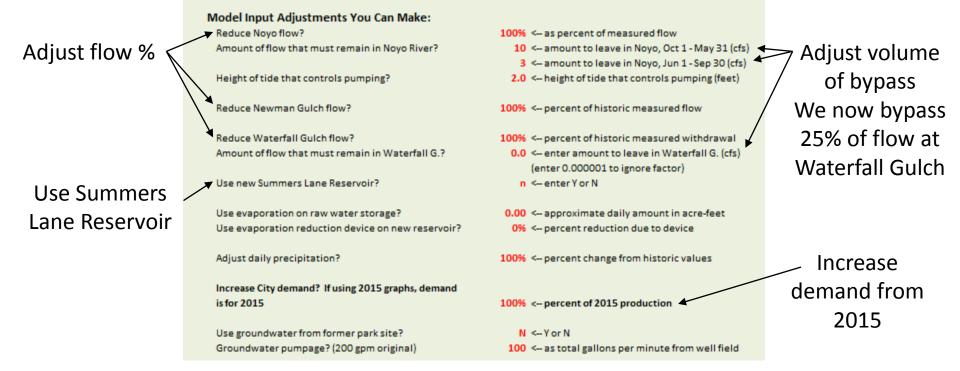
44.3 acre-feet
9.2 acre-feet

#### **Model Constants:**

Existing Newman Reservoir New Summers Lane Reservoir Raw Water Storage

Finished Water Storage 10.1 acre-feet
Groundwater availability (maximum, non-drought) 0.4 acre-feet per day

Water Alert Trigger Raw water source capacity at least 10% above demand



#### What is a Water Emergency?

Ordinance of 1/25/2016 reads that a Water Emergency is declared when "the City is unable to maintain a 10% buffer between its ability to replenish water in its storage tanks and the total daily demand for water".

Stage 1 is defined as 10% goal of reducing water usage

Stage 2 is defined as 20% goal of reducing water usage

Stage 3 is defined as 30% goal of reducing water usage

Stage 4 is defined as "all available water sources cannot provide sufficient flow for water users or cannot maintain adequate flows or pressures for fire-fighting; and the conservation measures required by a Stage 1, Stage 2, and Stage 3 water emergency are no longer adequate to address the water shortage".

The Model automatically calculates a **Water Alert**, when demand exceeds 90% of supply, and **Stage 4**, when supply is exhausted. **Stage 1** Water Emergency will be determined by evaluation of daily model results.

#### Determining Stage 1 Water Emergency Criteria for Fall of 2015

Summers Lane holds 44.3 AF. If it is 98% full, that equates to 43.4 AF. 11% drawdown leaves a volume of 38.6 AF. Added to the other storage (20.2) equals **58.8 AF**With the reservoir full, we don't reach Stage 1 until we increase demand by 6%.

Increase City demand? If using 2015 graphs, demand is for 2015

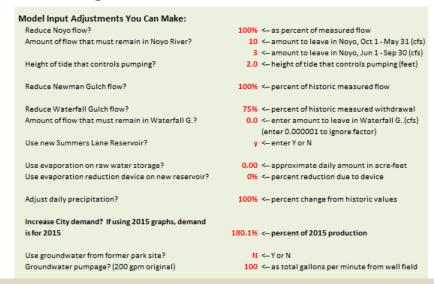
106% <-- percent of 2015 production

Day	Beginning Volume	Demand	Newman	REVISED NEWMAN	REVISED WATERFALL	REVISED NOYO	Summers Withdrawl (if used)	FINAL ENDING VOLUME	
	(AF)	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	AFIDAY	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	
	From end of previous day	From Data sheet - converted to af/day - multiplied by growth factor if used	From Data sheet, converted to af/day, reduced by User Input %	NOT TO EXCEED FLOW OF 0.99 AF/DAY	From Data sheet, converted to af/day - reduced by chosen %, less amount to remain	From Data sheet Diane Calc (Max 5.95 AF)	Amount to be drawn from reservoir if needed (when used)	Final Ending Volume	
8/5/2015	64.6	3.0	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.44	63.1	
8/6/2015	63.1	3.1	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.60	61.5	
8/7/2015	61.5	3.0	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.47	60.1	
8/8/2015	60.1	2.8	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.29	58.8	
8/9/2015	58.8	3.1	1.4	0.990	0.55	3.19	0.00	60.4	
8/10/2015	60.4	2.3	1.4	0.990	0.55	3.12	0.00	62.8	
8/11/2015	62.8	3.0	1.4	0.990	0.55	3.16	0.00	64.5	
8/12/2015	64.5			0.990	0.55	3.05	0.00	64.6	



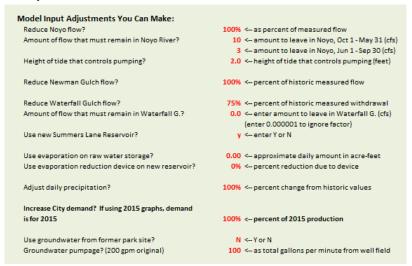
#### Stage 4 Criteria 2015

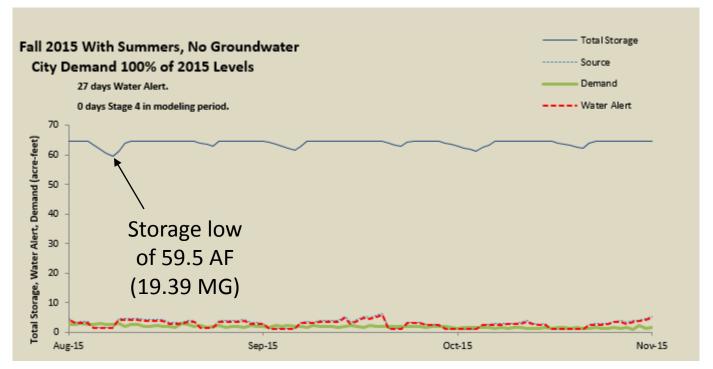
Day	Beginning Volume
	(AF)
	From end of previous day
10/21/2015	3.1
10/22/2015	1.3
10/23/2015	0.0
10/24/2015	0.3
10/25/2015	0.3





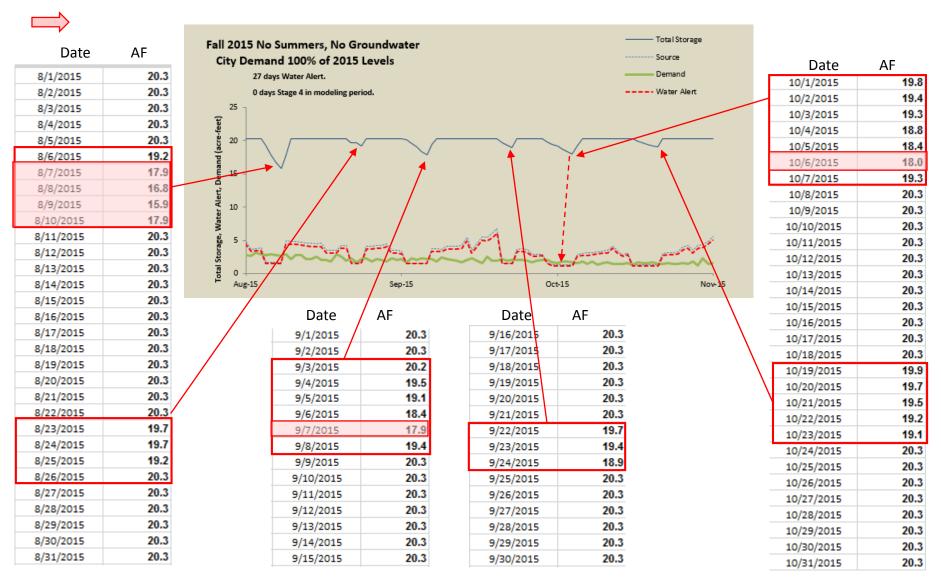
#### Example run with Summers Lane Reservoir







#### Ground truth - Fall of 2015 without Summers Lane, 100% of Waterfall Gulch

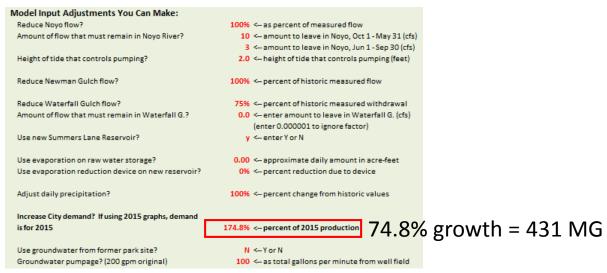


If the model was set up to determine the Stage 1 automatically, it would have counted 6 days. If the City declared Stage 1 on the first day we hit or fell below 18 AF (8/7), and continue until there were no more days below 18 AF for the fall (10/7), Stage 1 would have been declared for 61 days (from 8/7-10/6)

#### Maximum Drought Water Supply – Reserve 5 MG Storage

Day	Beginning Volume
	(AF)
	From end of previous day
40/20/2045	
10/20/2015	15.4
10/20/2015	15.4 13.9
10/21/2015	13.9
10/21/2015 10/22/2015	13.9 12.1
10/21/2015 10/22/2015 10/23/2015	13.9 12.1 10.8

10.8 AF = 3.5 MG New Tank = 1.5 MG





#### 60% Growth Analysis

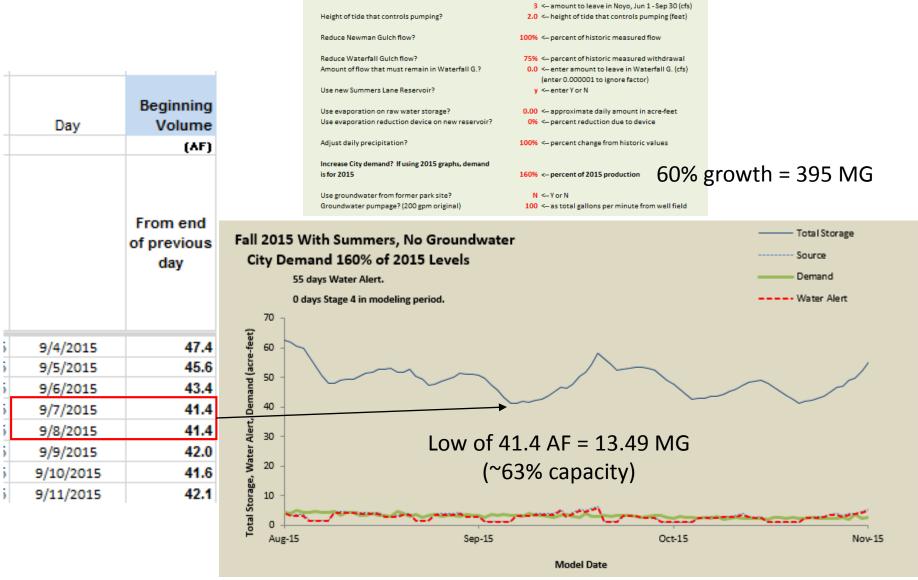
100% <-- as percent of measured flow

10 <-- amount to leave in Novo, Oct 1 - May 31 (cfs)

Model Input Adjustments You Can Make:

Amount of flow that must remain in Novo River?

Reduce Noyo flow?



#### **Live Demo**

What parameters would you like me to use?

#### **Back Up Slides**

#### Historic Noyo flow and daily intake calculations - Winter

	100%														
DAY	ord for model is er years 1974 3; this period compasses lost recent and form USGS 11468500 Noyo R. Nea Fort Bragg; flow reduced at choice of user (column G) Yellow is revised per USGS, the following BOLD data was added		AMOUNT TO LEAVE IN NOYO	TIDES (TIME >2')	TIDES (TIME >5')	TIDES (TIME >6.7')	CHECK IF NOYO PUMPING POSSIBLE BASED ON QUALITY								NOYO RESTRICTE BY TIDES
Period for model is water years 1974 2013; this period encompasses most recent drought periods				Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >2' estimated from tide data	Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >5' estimated from tide data	Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >6.7' estimated from tide data	If tide is >5' at any time during the day and flow is <1 OR if tide >6.7' and flow is < 2.5 cfs, then Noyo offline (0 = offline, 1 = ok to pump)	Manage flows in winter with bypass, Tide <2' 10 cfs bypass required		Manage flows in summer with bypass, Tide <2' - 3 cfs bypass required	Constrain to max 3 CFS	Flow rate when tide ≤2' (sum of previous 2 constrained)	Total available flow during tide ≤2'	Total available flow when tide >2'	Total Noyo flov for 24 hour period (sum o below and above 2' tide in AF) MAX 5.95
	CFS	CFS	CFS	HRS	HRS	HRS	0=King Tide	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CF	CF	AF
10/1/1973	7.6	7.6	10.0	18	6	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	194,400	4.46
10/2/1973	7.2	7.2	10.0	18	6	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	194,400	4.46
10/3/1973	7.2	7.2	10.0	18	0	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	194,400	4.46
10/4/1973	6.8	6.8	10.0	24	0	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	259,200	5.95
10/5/1973	6.8	6.8	10.0	18	0	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	194,400	4.46
10/6/1973	17.0	17.0	10.0	18	0	0	1	7.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	64,800	194,400	5.95
10/7/1973	60.0	60.0	10.0	18	0	0	1	50.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	64,800	194,400	5.95
10/8/1973	33.0	33.0	10.0	12	12	0	1	23.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	129,600	129,600	5.95
10/9/1973	21.0	21.0	10.0	12	12	0	1	11.0	3.0	0.0	0.0	3.0	129,600	129,600	5.95

10/1/73 – flow of 7.6 cfs – must bypass 10 cfs when tide =<2' so only pump when tide >2'. Tide >2' for 18 hours so 7.6 \* 3600 (seconds/hour) \* 18 = 194,400 CF or 4.46 AF

10/8/73 – flow of 33 cfs – must bypass 10 cfs when tide =<2' but still have 23 cfs available when tide >2'. Tide <2' for 12 hours. Can only pump 3 cfs max, so 3 \* 3600 (seconds/hour) \* 12 = 129,600 CF. Will also pump 3 cfs for 12 hours that tide is >=2' so another 129,600 CF. The sum is 259,200 CF, or 5.95 AF, which is our current daily maximum.



#### Historic Noyo flow and daily intake calculations - Summer

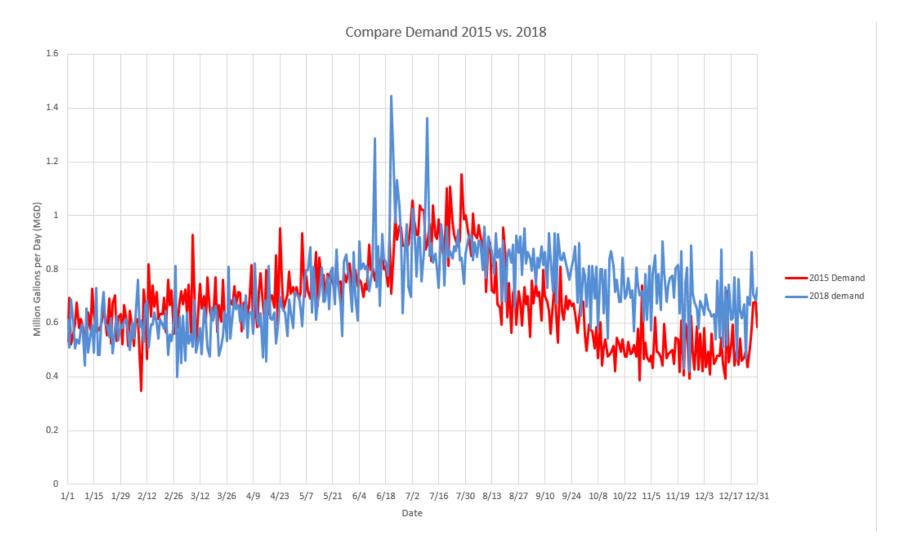
DAY	NOYO	FLOW	AMOUNT TO LEAVE IN NOYO	TIDES (TIME >2')	TIDES (TIME >5')	TIDES (TIME >6.7')	CHECK IF NOYO PUMPING POSSIBLE BASED ON QUALITY								NOYO RESTRICTED BY TIDES
Period for model is water years 1974 2013; this period encompasses most recent drought periods	From USGS 11468500 Noyo R. Nea			Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >2' estimated from tide data	Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >5' estimated from tide data	Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >6.7' estimated from tide data	If tide is >5' at any time during the day and flow is < 1 OR if tide >6.7' and flow is < 2.5 cfs, then Noyo offline (0 = offline, 1 = ok to pump)	Manage flows in winter with bypass, Tide <2' 10 cfs bypass required	Constrain to max 3 CFS	Manage flows in summer with bypass, Tide <2' - 3 cfs bypass required	Constrain to max 3 CFS	(sum of	Total available flow during tide ≤2'	Total available flow when tide >2'	Total Noyo flow for 24 hour period (sum of below and above 2' tide in AF) MAX 5.95
	CFS	CFS	CFS	HRS	HRS	HRS	0=King Tide	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CF	CF	AF
9/8/1977	0.8	0.8	3.0	18	6	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
9/9/1977	1.5	1.5	3.0	18	6	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	97,200	2.23
9/10/1977	0.8	0.8	3.0	18	6	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
9/11/1977	1.3	1.3	3.0	12	12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	56,160	1.29
9/12/1977	0.9	0.9	3.0	12	12	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
9/13/1977	1.0	1.0	3.0	8	8	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	28,800	0.66
9/14/1977	1.5	1.5	3.0	12	12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	64,800	1.49
9/15/1977	1.3	1.3	3.0	12	12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	56,160	1.29
9/16/1977	2.0	2.0	3.0	12	12	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	86,400	1.98
9/17/1977	2.8	2.8	3.0	12	6	0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	120,960	2.78
9/18/1977	4.5	4.5	3.0	18	6	0	1	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	32,400	194,400	5.21
9/19/1977	19.0	19.0	3.0	18	6	0	1	0.0	0.0	16.0	3.0	3.0	64,800	194,400	5.95
9/20/1977	17.0	17.0	3.0	24	8	0	1	0.0	0.0	14.0	3.0	3.0	0	259,200	5.95

9/8/77 – flow of 0.8 cfs – but have King Tide (Tide>6.7', flow<3cfs) so the model neglects the entire day.

19/11/77 – flow of 1.3 cfs – must bypass 3 cfs when tide =<2' so only pump when tide >2'. Tide >2' for 12 hours so 1.3 \* 3600 (seconds/hour) \* 12 = 56,160 CF or 1.29 AF

9/18/77 – flow of 4.5 cfs – must bypass 3 cfs when tide =<2' but still have 1.5 cfs available when tide <=2'. Tide <=2' for 6 hours so 1.5 \* 3600 (seconds/hour) \* 6 = 32,400 CF. Will also pump 3 cfs for 18 hours that tide is >=2' so another 194,400 CF. The sum is 226,800 CF, or 5.21 AF.







#### Example run with Summers Lane Reservoir Calcs Tab

Day	Beginning Volume	City Demand	Newman	REVISED NEWMAN	REVISED WATERFALL	REVISED NOYO	Summers Withdrawl (if used)	FINAL ENDING VOLUME	Daily Flow	Ending Volume	Ending Volume	Water Alert?	Sum of inflows	Water Alert criteria
	(AF)	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	AF/DAY	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	(AF/DAY)	AF/DAY		(AF)		(AF)	(AF)
	From end of previous day	From Data sheet - converted to af/day - multiplied by growth factor if used	From Data sheet, converted to af/day, reduced by User Input %	NOT TO EXCEED FLOW OF 0.99 AF/DAY	From Data sheet, converted to af/day - reduced by chosen %, less amount to remain	From Data sheet Diane Calc (Max 5.95 AF)	Amount to be drawn from reservoir if needed (when used)	Final Ending Volume	daily inflow less demand	Beginning volume - city + total inflow - NO RESERVOIR	Beginning volume - city + total inflow - WHEN USING RESERVOIR	Water Alert 1=yes , 0 if not	Sum of Waterfall+ Noyo+New man Max 8.265 AF	Water Alert Criteria (90% of inflow)
7/31/2015	64.6	3.0	1.8	0.990	0.56	3.21	0.00	64.6	1.80	0.0	64.6	0.0	4.75	4.3
8/1/2015	64.6	2.8	1.4	0.990	0.55	3.15	0.00	64.6	1.86	0.0	64.6	0.0	4.70	4.2
8/2/2015	64.6	2.6	1.4	0.990	0.55	1.91	0.00	64.6	0.84	0.0	64.6	0.0	3.45	3.1
8/3/2015	64.6	3.1	1.4	0.990	0.55	2.07	0.00	64.6	0.52	0.0	64.6	0.0	3.61	3.2
8/4/2015	64.6	2.9	1.4	0.990	0.55	2.13	0.00	64.6	0.82	0.0	64.6	0.0	3.67	3.3
8/5/2015	64.6	2.8	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.27	63.3	-1.27	0.0	63.3	1.0	1.54	1.4
8/6/2015	63.3	3.0	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.42	61.9	-1.42	0.0	61.9	1.0	1.54	1.4
8/7/2015	61.9	2.8	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.30	60.6	-1.30	0.0	60.6	1.0	1.54	1.4
8/8/2015	60.6	2.7	1.4	0.990	0.55	0.00	1.13	59.5	-1.13	0.0	59.5	1.0	1.54	1.4
8/9/2015	59.5	2.9	1.4	0.990	0.55	3.19	0.00	61.3	1.84	0.0	61.3	0.0	4.73	4.3
8/10/2015	61.3	2.2	1.4	0.990	0.55	3.12	0.00	63.8	2.47	0.0	63.8	0.0	4.66	4.2

						Dat	a Tab								
DAY	NO	YO FLOW	AMOUNT TO LEAVE IN NOYO	TIDES (TIME >2')	TIDES (TIME >5')	TIDES /TIME	CHECK IF NOYO PUMPING POSSIBLE BASED ON QUALITY								NOYO RESTRICTED BY TIDES
Period for mode water years 19: 2013; this perior encompasses most recent drought period	74 - From USGS 11- Fort Bragg; flo of user (coli revised per U	468500 Noyo R. Near w reduced at choice umn G) Yellow is ISGS, the following ta was added		Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >2' estimated from tide data	Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >5' estimated from tide data	Tide data from CeNCOOS, Fort Bragg Landing Station; hours/day tides >6.7' estimated from tide data	If tide is >5' at any time during the day and flow is < 1 OR if tide >6.7' and flow is < 2.5 cfs, then Noyo offline (0 = offline, 1 = ok to pump)	Manage flows in winter with bypass, Tide <2' 10 cfs bypass required		Manage flows in summer with bypass, Tide <2' - 3 cfs bypass required	Constrain to max 3 CFS	Flow rate when tide ≤2' (sum of previous 2 constrained)	Total available flow during tide ≤2'	Total available flow when tide >2'	Total Noyo flow for 24 hour period (sum of below and above 2' tide in AF) MAX 5.95
	CFS	CFS	CFS	HRS	HRS	HRS	0=King Tide	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CFS	CF	CF	AF
7/31/2015	2.14	2.1	3.0	18.1	12.5	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	139,699	3.21
8/1/2015	2.06	2.1	3.0	18.5	6.9	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	137,320	3.15
8/2/2015	1.99	2.0	3.0	11.6	11.6	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	82,983	1.91
8/3/2015	1.99	2.0	3.0	12.6	12.6	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	90,028	2.07
8/4/2015	2.05	2.1	3.0	12.5	12.5	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	92.619	2.13
8/5/2015	2.15	2.2	3.0	12.5	12.5	6.2	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
8/6/2015	2.15	2.2	3.0	12.5	12.5	6.1	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
8/7/2015	2.19	2.2	3.0	6.0	6.0	6.0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
8/8/2015	2.26	2.3	3.0	17.7	12.5	5.9	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	0	0.00
8/9/2015	2.19	2.2	3.0	17.6	12.5	0.0	1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0	138,890	3.19



#### Ground truth - Fall of 2015 without Summers Lane, 100% of Waterfall Gulch

Storage without Summers Lane is 20.25 AF. An 11% drawdown equates to a volume of 18.0 AF.

We hit the Stage 1 criteria on 8/7 with a low of 17.9 AF. Storage is full again from 8/11-8/22. We hit another low of 19.2 AF on 8/25. Storage is full again from 8/26-9/2. A low of 17.9 AF is encountered on 9/7. Storage is full again 9/9-9/21. A low of 18.9 is encountered on 9/24. Storage is full again 9/25-9/30. A low of 18.0 is encountered on 10/6. Storage is full again 10/8-10/18. A low of 19.1 is encountered on 10/23. Storage is full again on 10/24.

If the model was set up to determine the Stage 1 automatically, it would have counted 6 days at Stage 1. If the City declared Stage 1 on the first day we hit the 18 AF (8/7), and continue until there were no more days below 18 AF for the year (10/7), Stage 1 would have been declared for 61 days (from 8/7-10/6)

The City declared a Stage 1 water emergency at City Council on 8/10/2015. Stage 3 was declared at City Council on 9/30. On 10/26 Council issued the non-emergency water conservation ordinance. On 11/9 City Council resolution confirmed the continued existence of a local drought emergency. On 11/23 the Stage 3 was lowered to a Stage 1 or Stage 2. The Water Workshop was held on 1/5/2016. On 1/25 a new water conservation ordinance was passed, and we reconfirmed a drought emergency monthly throughout 2016.

