18.100.020 - Definitions of Specialized Terms and Phrases

As used in this Inland Land Use and Development Code, the following terms and phrases shall have the meaning ascribed to them in this Section, unless the context in which they are used clearly requires otherwise:

A. Definitions, "A."

Accessory Use. A use customarily incidental to, related and clearly subordinate to a primary use on the same parcel, which does not alter the primary use nor serve property other than the parcel where the primary use is located.

Agricultural Accessory Structure. A structure for sheltering animals, or agricultural equipment, hay, feed, etc. Examples of these structures include barns, noncommercial greenhouses, coops, corrals, and pens. May also include the storage of petroleum products for an on-site agricultural use allowed by the applicable zoning district. Does not include pasture fencing, which requires no City approval when in compliance with § 18.30.050 (Fences, Walls, and Screening). Agricultural Accessory Structures shall not be used for commercial cannabis cultivation.

Agricultural Product Processing. The processing of harvested crops to prepare them for on-site marketing or processing and packaging elsewhere. Examples of this land use include the following:

- custom milling of flour, feed and grain
- pre-cooling and packaging of fresh or farm-dried fruits and vegetables
- dairies (but not feedlots, see instead "Livestock Operations, Sales Yards, Feedlots, Stockyards")

- sorting, grading and packing of fruits and vegetables
- drying of corn, rice, hay, fruits and vegetables
- tree nut hulling and shelling
- grain cleaning and custom grinding
- wineries
- hay baling and cubing
- cannabis processing

Artisan Shop. A retail store selling art glass, ceramics, jewelry, paintings, sculpture, and other handcrafted items, where the store includes an area for the crafting of the items being sold.

- B. Definitions, "B." No changes to definitions in section B.
- C. Definitions, "C."

Cannabis. The following terms and phrases are defined for the purposes of Chapters 18.20 and Chapter 18.40

- 1. Cannabis. As defined in Municipal Code 9.30.
- 2. **Cannabis Cultivation.** The planting, growing, harvesting, drying, curing, grading, or trimming of cannabis.
 - a. **Indoor Cultivation.** The cultivation of cannabis within a fully enclosed and secure permanent structure using exclusively artificial light or within any type of structure using artificial light at a rate above twenty-five watts per square foot.
 - b. **Mixed Light Cultivation.** The cultivation of mature cannabis in a greenhouse, hoop-house, glasshouse, conservatory, hothouse, or other similar structure using a combination of (1) Natural light and light deprivation and artificial lighting
 - c. Nursery. All activities associated with producing clones, immature plants, seeds, and other agricultural products used specifically for the propagation and cultivation of cannabis. Nursery size is based on actual square footage, not on canopy size. A nursery shall not have mature plants. A nursery selling plants directly to consumers shall have a cultivation and retail license from the state.
 - d. **Outdoor Cultivation.** The cultivation of cannabis that is not within a fully enclosed and secure structure. Outdoor cultivation is unlawful in the city of Fort Bragg per Municipal Code 9.32.
- 3. Cannabis Manufacturing. The production, preparation, propagation, or compounding of cannabis or cannabis products either directly or indirectly or by extraction methods, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis at a fixed location that packages or repackages cannabis or cannabis products or labels or relabels its container.
- 4. Cannabis Retail. A cannabis business where cannabis or cannabis products are offered, either individually or in any combination, for retail sale directly to customers. The primary use of a cannabis retail business is to sell products directly to on-site customers. Sales may also be conducted by delivery. Also known as a cannabis "dispensary." See also Chapter 9.30.
- 5. **Cannabis Retail**. Delivery Only. A cannabis business that is closed to the public and conducts sales exclusively by delivery.
- 6. **Clone.** A portion of a stem that is cut from a parent plant and induced to form roots by chemical, mechanical, or environmental manipulations.
- 7. **Cultivation Site.** A location where commercial cannabis is planted, grown, harvested, dried, cured, graded, or trimmed, or a location where any combination of those activities occurs.
- 8. **Fully enclosed and secure structure.** A space within a building that complies with the California Building Code, that has a complete roof enclosure supported by connecting walls extending from the ground to the roof, a foundation, slab or equivalent base to which the floor is secured by bolts or similar attachments, is secure against unauthorized entry, and is accessible only through one or more

- lockable doors. Walls and roofs must be constructed of solid materials that cannot be easily broken through. If indoor grow lights or air filtration systems are used, they must comply with all applicable Building, Electrical, and Fire Codes.
- 9. Greenhouse. A completely enclosed structure whose structure members are made of pre-formed, rigid construction materials. The walls, roof, and ends are typically covered using a transparent material, often glass, that is fixed in place and which allows solar radiation to penetrate the surface and affect the growing environment of the plants inside.
- 10. Hoop House. A structure with structure members made of flexible and somewhat rigid construction materials, typically pvc pipe or similar material. The ends may be covered or left open and the material covering the structural members is readily removable and is typically removed and re-affixed frequently. Hoop houses are not permitted in the city of Fort Bragg.
- 11. **Immature plant or immature**. A cannabis plant that has a first true leaf measuring greater than one half inch long from base to tip (if started from seed) or a mass of roots measuring greater than one half inch wide at its widest point (if vegetatively propagated), but which is not flowering.
- 12. Mature Plant or Mature. A cannabis plant that is flowering.
- 13. **Noncommercial Cannabis Cultivation.** The cultivation of cannabis for recreational or medicinal use solely by the cultivator that meets the state guidelines for noncommercial cultivation.
- 14. **Non-Manufactured Cannabis Product.** Flower, shake, leaf, pre-rolls, and kief that is obtained from accumulation in containers or sifted from loose, dry cannabis flower or leaf with a mesh screen or sieve. Cannabis product derived from cannabis processing.
- 15. **Process or processing.** All post-harvest activities associated with the drying, curing, grading, rolling, storing, packaging, and labeling of cannabis or non-manufactured cannabis products.
- 16. **Volatile solvent.** Any solvent that is or produces a flammable gas or vapor that, when present in the air in sufficient quantities, will create explosive or ignitable mixtures. Examples of volatile solvents include, but are not limited to, butane, hexane, and propane.

Crop Production, Horticulture, Orchard, Vineyard. Commercial agricultural production field and orchard uses, including the production of the following, primarily in the soil on the site and not in containers, other than for initial propagation prior to planting in the soil on the site:

- field crops
- ornamental crops
- flowers and seeds
- tree nuts
- fruits

- trees and sod
- grains
- vegetables
- melons
- wine and table grapes

Also includes associated crop preparation services and harvesting activities, such as mechanical soil preparation, irrigation system construction, spraying, crop processing and retail sales in the field, not including sales sheds, which are instead defined under "Produce Stand." Does not include greenhouses which are instead defined under "Plant Nursery," and "Residential Accessory Use or Structure," or containerized crop production, which is instead defined under "Plant Nursery." Does not include noncommercial home gardening, which is allowed as an accessory use in all zoning districts without City approval. Does not include cannabis cultivation or processing which is covered under the definition for Cannabis and regulated under Municipal Code 9.30, 9.32, and for which specific land use regulations are provided in Chapter 18.42.

- D. Definitions, "D." No change
- E. Definitions, "E." No change.
- F. Definitions, "F." No change.
- G. Definitions, "G." No change.

General Retail. Stores and shops selling many lines of merchandise. Examples of these stores and lines of merchandise include:

- antique stores
- art galleries
- art supplies
- bicycles
- books, magazines, and newspapers
- clothing, shoes, and accessories
- collectibles (cards, coins, comics, stamps, etc.)
- consignment stores
- department stores
- dry goods
- fabrics and sewing supplies
- florists and houseplant stores (indoor sales only; outdoor sales are "Building and Landscape Materials Sales")

- hardware (not including building or landscape materials)
- health care supplies
- hobby materials
- jewelry
- luggage and leather goods
- musical instruments, parts and accessories
- religious goods
- small wares
- specialty shops
- sporting goods and equipment
- stationery
- toys and games
- variety stores

Does not include adult-oriented businesses, second hand stores, or cannabis retail which are separately defined.

Groceries, Specialty Foods. A retail business where the majority of the floor area, open to the public, is occupied by food products for preparation and consumption away from the store. Includes retail bakeries, where any on-site baking is only for on-site sales. As allowable by the State of California under BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE —

BPC DIVISION 10. Cannabis [26000 - 26260], grocery and specialty food stores may sell manufactured canabidol products without a state license or city permit as long as the manufactured products are purchased from a licensed manufactured or distributor and do not contain psychoactive components, kief, or trichomes (THC).

- H. Definitions, "H." No changes
- I. Definitions, "I."

Incidental Agriculture. Noncommercial crop production, horticulture, and orchard uses; and private, noncommercial stables and corrals. Does not include non-commercial cannabis cultivation which is regulated under Municipal Code 9.32.

L. Definitions, "L."

Laboratory - Analytical, Testing. A facility for testing and analysis, and/or research. Examples of this use include soils and materials testing labs, medical service labs and forensic labs, and cannabis testing labs. See also "Research and Development (R&D)."

M. Definitions, "M."

Manufacturing - Cannabis. A process where cannabis is transformed into a product (such as food, medicine, oil, clothing, textile, etc.), and the production, preparation, propagation, or compounding of cannabis or cannabis products, directly or indirectly. See above definition under Cannabis, Cannabis Manufacturing.

Manufacturing/Processing - Heavy. A facility accommodating manufacturing processes that involve and/or produce basic metals, building materials, chemicals, fabricated metals, paper products, machinery, textiles, and/or transportation equipment, where the intensity and/or scale of operations may cause significant impacts on surrounding land uses or the community. Also includes Level 2 Cannabis Manufacturing cannabis manufacturing and processing facilities with similar operational characteristics to the examples below. Examples of heavy manufacturing uses include the following:

1. Chemical Product Manufacturing. An establishment that produces or uses basic chemicals, and other establishments creating products predominantly by chemical processes. Examples of these products include: basic chemicals, including acids, alkalis, salts, and organic chemicals; chemical products to be used in further manufacture, including synthetic fibers, plastic materials, dry colors, and pigments; and finished chemical products to be used for ultimate consumption, including drugs/pharmaceuticals, cosmetics, and soaps; or to be used as materials or supplies in other industries including paints, fertilizers, and explosives. Also includes sales and transportation establishments handling the chemicals described above, except as part of retail trade.

- 2. Concrete, Gypsum, and Plaster Product Manufacturing. An establishment that produces bulk concrete, concrete building block, brick, and/or other types of precast and prefabricated concrete products. Also includes ready-mix concrete batch plants, lime manufacturing, and the manufacture of gypsum products, including plasterboard. A retail ready-mix concrete operation as an incidental use in conjunction with a building materials outlet is defined under "Building and Landscape Materials Sales."
- 3. Glass Product Manufacturing. An establishment that manufactures glass and/or glass products by melting silica sand or cullet, including the production of flat glass and other glass products that are pressed, blown, or shaped from glass produced in the same establishment. Artisan and craftsman type operations of a larger scale than home occupations are instead included under "Manufacturing/Processing Light Small-Scale Manufacturing."
- 4. Paving and Roofing Materials Manufacturing. The manufacture of various common paving and petroleum-based roofing materials, including bulk asphalt, paving blocks made of asphalt, creosote wood, and various compositions of asphalt and tar. Does not include the manufacture of wood roofing materials (shingles, shakes, etc.; see "Manufacturing/Processing Medium Intensity Lumber and Wood Product Manufacturing").
- 5. Petroleum Refining and Related Industries. Industrial plants for purifying petroleum, and the compounding of lubricating oils and greases from purchased materials. Also includes oil or gas processing facilities, liquefied natural gas (LNG) facilities, the manufacture of petroleum coke and fuel briquettes, tank farms, and terminal facilities for pipelines. Does not include petroleum pipeline surge tanks and pump stations ("Public Facility"), or petroleum product distributors ("Petroleum Product Storage and Distribution").
- 6. Plastics, Other Synthetics, and Rubber Product Manufacturing. The manufacture of rubber products including: tires, rubber footwear, mechanical rubber goods, heels and soles, flooring, and other rubber products from natural, synthetic, or reclaimed rubber. Also includes establishments engaged primarily in manufacturing tires; products from recycled or reclaimed plastics or Styrofoam; molding primary plastics for other manufacturers, manufacturing miscellaneous finished plastics products, fiberglass manufacturing, and fiberglass application services. Does not include establishments engaged primarily in recapping and retreading automobile tires ("Vehicle Services Major Repair/Body Work").
- 7. Primary Metal Industries. An establishment engaged in: the smelting and refining of ferrous and nonferrous metals from ore, pig, or scrap; the rolling, drawing, and alloying of metals; the manufacture of castings, forgings, stampings, extrusions, and other basic metal products; and the manufacturing of nails, spikes, and insulated wire and cable. Also includes merchant blast furnaces and by-product or beehive coke ovens.

- 8. Pulp and Pulp Product Manufacturing. An establishment that manufactures pulp, paper, or paperboard. Includes pulp, paper, and paperboard mills. Does not include establishments primarily engaged in converting paper or paperboard without manufacturing the paper or paperboard, including envelope manufacturing, converted paper products, paper coating and glazing, paper bags, assembly of paperboard boxes, wallpaper ("Manufacturing/Processing Light Paper Product Manufacturing").
- 9. Textile and Leather Product Manufacturing. An establishment that converts basic fibers (natural or synthetic) into a product, including yarn or fabric, that can be further manufactured into usable items ("Manufacturing/Processing Light Clothing and Fabric Product Manufacturing"), and industries that transform hides into leather by tanning or curing. Includes:
 - coating, waterproofing, or otherwise treating fabric
 - manufacturing of woven fabric, carpets, and rugs from yarn
 - dressed and dyed furs
 - preparation of fiber and subsequent manufacturing of yarn, threads, braids, twine cordage
 - dyeing and finishing fiber, yarn, fabric, and knit apparel

- leather tanned, curried, and finished
- scouring and combing plants
- manufacture of knit apparel and other finished products from yarn
- upholstery manufacturing
- manufacture of felt goods, lace goods, nonwoven fabrics and miscellaneous textiles
- varn and thread mills

Manufacturing/Processing - Light. A facility accommodating manufacturing processes involving and/or producing: apparel; food and beverage products; electronic, optical, and instrumentation products; ice; jewelry; and musical instruments. Light manufacturing also includes other establishments engaged in the assembly, fabrication, and conversion of already processed raw materials into products, where the operational characteristics of the manufacturing processes and the materials used are unlikely to cause significant impacts on surrounding land uses or the community. Also includes non-volatile cannabis manufacturing and processing. -and processing facilities with similar operational characteristics to the examples below. Examples of light manufacturing uses include the following:

1. Clothing and Fabric Product Manufacturing. An establishment that assembles clothing, draperies, and/or other products by cutting and sewing purchased textile fabrics, and related materials including leather, rubberized fabrics, plastics and furs. Does not include custom tailors and dressmakers not operating as a factory and not located on the site of a clothing store (see "Personal Services"). See also "Manufacturing/Processing - Heavy - Textile and Leather Product Manufacturing."

- 2. Electronics, Equipment, and Appliance Manufacturing. An establishment that manufactures equipment, apparatus, and/or supplies for the generation, storage, transmission, transformation and use of electrical energy, including:
 - appliances including stoves/ovens, refrigerators, freezers, laundry equipment, fans, vacuum cleaners, sewing machines
 - motors and generators
 - optical instruments and lenses
 - photographic equipment and supplies
 - aviation instruments
 - radio and television receiving equipment
 - computers, computer components, peripherals
 - surgical, medical and dental instruments, equipment, and supplies
 - electrical transmission and distribution equipment
 - storage media, blank and prerecorded, including magnetic, magneto-optical, and optical products such as compact disks (CDs), computer diskettes and hard drives, digital versatile disks (DVDs), magnetic tape products, phonograph records, etc.

- electronic components and accessories
- semiconductors, integrated circuits, related devices
- electrical welding apparatus
- lighting and wiring equipment such as lamps and fixtures, wiring devices, vehicle lighting
- surveying and drafting instruments
- telephone and telegraph apparatus
- transformers, switch gear and switchboards
- industrial controls
- instruments for measurement, testing, analysis and control, associated sensors and accessories
- watches and clocks
- miscellaneous electrical machinery, equipment and supplies such as batteries, X-ray apparatus and tubes, electromedical and electrotherapeutic apparatus, electrical equipment for internal combustion engines

Does not include testing laboratories (soils, materials testing, etc.) (see "Business Support Service"), or research and development facilities separate from manufacturing (see "Research and Development").

- 3. Food and Beverage Product Manufacturing. Manufacturing establishments producing or processing foods and beverages for human consumption, and certain related products. Examples of these uses include:
 - bottling plants

 fruit and vegetable canning, preserving, related processing

- breweries
- grain mill products and byproducts
- candy, sugar, confectionery products manufacturing
- meat, poultry, and seafood canning, curing, byproduct processing
- catering services separate from stores or restaurants

- soft drink production
- miscellaneous food item preparation from raw products
- coffee roasting
- dairy products manufacturing
- fat and oil product manufacturing
- wholesale edible Cannabis Products

Does not include: bakeries, which are separately defined.

- 4. Furniture and Fixtures Manufacturing. Manufacturers producing: wood and metal household furniture and appliances; bedsprings and mattresses; all types of office furniture and public building furniture and partitions, shelving, lockers and store furniture; and miscellaneous drapery hardware, window blinds and shades. Does not include wood workers and custom cabinet shops, which are separately regulated under "Artisan/Craft Product Manufacturing." Does not include sawmills or planing mills, which are instead included under "Manufacturing/Processing Heavy."
- 5. Small-Scale Manufacturing. Includes manufacturing establishments producing small products not classified in another major manufacturing group, including: brooms and brushes; buttons, costume novelties; pens, pencils, and other office and artists' materials; sporting and athletic goods; toys; etc.
- 6. Metal Products Fabrication, Machine and Welding Shops. An establishment engaged in the production and/or assembly of metal parts, including the production of metal cabinets and enclosures, cans and shipping containers, doors and gates, duct work, forgings and stampings, hardware and tools, plumbing fixtures and products, tanks, towers, and similar products. Examples of these uses include:
 - blacksmith and welding shops
 - plating, stripping, and coating shops
 - sheet metal shops
 - machine shops and boiler shops

7. Paper Product Manufacturing. An establishment that converts pre-manufactured paper or paperboard into boxes, envelopes, paper bags, wallpaper, etc., and/or that coats or glazes pre-manufactured paper. Does not include the manufacturing of pulp, paper, or paperboard (see "Manufacturing/Processing - Heavy - Pulp and Pulp Product Manufacturing").

Manufacturing/Processing - Medium Intensity. A facility accommodating manufacturing processes that involve and/or produce building materials, fabricated metal products, machinery, and/or transportation equipment, where the intensity and/or scale of operations is greater than those classified under "Manufacturing/Processing - Light," but where impacts on surrounding land uses or the community can typically be mitigated to acceptable levels. Also includes cannabis manufacturing and processing facilities with similar operational characteristics to the examples below. Examples of intensive manufacturing uses include the following:

- Lumber and Wood Product Manufacturing. Manufacturing, processing, and sales involving the milling of forest products to produce rough and finished lumber and other wood materials for use in other manufacturing, craft, or construction processes. Includes the following processes and products:
 - containers, pallets and skids
 - manufactured and modular homes
 - milling operations
 - trusses and structural beams
 - wholesaling of basic wood products
 - wood product assembly
- 2. Machinery Manufacturing. An establishment that makes or processes raw materials into finished machines or parts for machines. Does not include the manufacture of electronics, equipment, or appliances ("Electronics, Equipment, and Appliance Manufacturing").
- 3. Motor Vehicles and Transportation Equipment. Manufacturers of equipment for transporting passengers and cargo by land, air and water, including motor vehicles, aircraft, spacecraft, ships, boats, railroad and other vehicles such as motorcycles, bicycles and snowmobiles. Includes manufacture of motor vehicle parts and accessories; trailers and campers for attachment to other vehicles; self-contained motor homes; and van conversions. Does not include mobile home and modular home assembly (listed under "Lumber and Wood Product Manufacturing").
- 4. Stone and Cut Stone Product Manufacturing. An establishment that cuts, shapes, and/or finishes marble, granite, slate, and/or other stone for construction and miscellaneous uses. Does not include establishments engaged primarily in buying or selling partly finished monuments and tombstones ("Artisan/Craft Product Manufacturing").

- Structural Clay and Pottery Product Manufacturing. An establishment that
 produces brick and structural clay products, including pipe, china plumbing
 fixtures, vitreous china articles, and/or fine earthenware and porcelain products.
 Does not include artist/craftsman uses (see "Artisan/Craft Product
 Manufacturing," "Home Occupation").
- N. Definitions, "N." No changes recommended
- O. Definitions, "O." No changes recommended
- P. Definitions, "P."

Plant Nursery. A commercial agricultural establishment engaged in the production of ornamental plants and other nursery products, grown under cover either in containers or in the soil on the site, or outdoors in containers. The outdoor production of ornamental plants in the soil on the site is instead included under "Crop Production, Horticulture, Orchard, Vineyard." Also includes establishments engaged in the sale of these products (e.g., wholesale and retail nurseries) and commercial-scale greenhouses (home greenhouses are included under "Residential Accessory Use or Structure"). The sale of house plants or other nursery products entirely within a building is also included under "General Retail." Cannabis Nursery is defined separately under cannabis cultivation and is subject to Municipal Code 9.30 and 9.32.

Primary Use. The main purpose for which a site is developed and occupied, including the activities that are conducted on the site a majority of the hours during which activities occur.

- Q. Definitions, "Q." No changes recommended
- R. Definitions, "R." No changes recommended
- S. Definitions, "S." No changes recommended
- T. Definitions, "T." No changes recommended
- U. Definitions, "U." No changes recommended
- V. Definitions, "V." No changes recommended
- W. Definitions, "W."

Wholesaling and Distribution. An establishment engaged in selling merchandise to retailers; to contractors, industrial, commercial, institutional, farm, or professional business users; to other wholesalers; or acting as agents or brokers in buying merchandise for or selling merchandise, including cannabis products, to such persons or companies. Examples of these establishments include:

agents, merchandise or commodity brokers, and commission merchants

- assemblers, buyers and associations engaged in the cooperative marketing of farm products
- merchant wholesalers
- stores primarily selling electrical, plumbing, heating and air conditioning supplies and equipment

Also includes storage, processing, packaging, and shipping facilities for mail order and electronic-commerce retail establishments.

- X. Definitions, "X." No changes recommended
- Y. Definitions, "Y." No changes recommended
- Z. Definitions, "Z." No changes